

User's Guide

Quantum DXi4700 with DXi 3.4.0 Software



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This manual introduces the Quantum DXi4700 disk backup solution and discusses:

- System operations
- Configuration
- Web interface
- Basic troubleshooting
- Service menus and FRU replacement

Audience

This manual is written for Quantum DXi4700 operators, system administrators, and field service engineers

Note: It is useful for the audience to have a basic understanding of UNIX® and backup/recovery systems.

Notational Conventions

This manual uses the following conventions:

Convention	Example
User input is shown in bold monospace font.	./DARTinstall
Computer output and command line examples are shown in monospace font.	./DARTinstall
User input variables are enclosed in angle brackets.	http:// <ip_address>/cgi-bin/stats</ip_address>
For UNIX and Linux commands, the command prompt is implied.	./DARTinstall
	is the same as
	# ./DARTinstall
File and directory names, menu commands, button names, and window names are shown in bold font.	/data/upload
Menu names separated by arrows indicate a sequence of menus to be navigated.	Utilities > Firmware

The following formats indicate important information:

Note: Note emphasizes important information related to the main topic.

Caution: Caution indicates potential hazards to equipment or data.

WARNING: Warning indicates potential hazards to personal safety.

- Right side of the system Refers to the right side as you face the component being described.
- Left side of the system Refers to the left side as you face the component being described.
- Data sizes are reported in base 10 (decimal) rather than base 2 (binary). For example:

10,995, 116,277,769 Bytes are reported as 11.0 TB (decimal/1000). In binary, this value is 10 TiB (binary/1024).

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Chapter 1: System Description

This chapter describes the DXi4700 system and its components and includes the following sections:

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Overview

The DXi4700 is Quantum's entry level and midrange disk backup solution that integrates data deduplication and replication technology to connect backup and DR (disaster recovery) protection across distributed corporate environments. The DXi4700 disk-based backup appliance uses Quantum's patented data deduplication technology to increase disk capacities by 10 to 50 times, and make WAN replication a practical, cost-effective part of disaster recovery planning. With Capacity-on-Demand scalability from 5 TB up to 135 TB, the DXi4700 is designed for departmental and medium business customers.

Advanced Data Deduplication Increasing Disk Retention for Backup Data

The DXi4700 leverages Quantum's patented data deduplication technology to dramatically increase the role that disk can play in the protection of critical data. With theDXi4700 solution, users can retain 10 to 50 times more backup data on fast recovery disk than with conventional arrays.

Remote Replication of Backup Data Providing Automated Disaster Recovery Protection

With the DXi4700, users can transmit backup data from a remote site to a central, secure location to reduce or eliminate media handling. DXi[™]-Series replication is asynchronous, automated, and operates as a background process.

Enterprise Features Provide Secure Repository

The DXi4700 features Capacity-on-Demand scalability from 5 TB up to 135 TB. The DXi4700 offers three options for storage presentation:

- DXi4700 NAS Configuration Presents storage as NAS shares (CIFS/SMB, NFS, Application Specific) or OST storage servers.
- DXi4700 VTL Configuration Presents storage as VTL (virtual tape library) partitions.
- DXi4700 Multi-Protocol Configuration Ability to present storage as NAS shares (CIFS/SMB, NFS, Application Specific), OST storage servers, and VTL (virtual tape library) partitions.

DXi Accent distributes deduplication between the DXi4700 and the backup server to accelerate backups over bandwidth-constrained networks. Compatibility with Quantum's vmPRO software provides consolidated support for backup of physical and virtual servers.

In addition, DXi4700 systems optionally support Data-at-Rest Encryption to secure all data stored on the DXi4700. Data-at-Rest Encryption ensures that a hard drive that is physically removed from the DXi4700 cannot be read using another system or device.

DXi Usage Scenarios

DXi storage presentations are optimized for backup usage rather than file sharing. Backup application usage is typically characterized by:

- Aggregated name spaces and file contents.
- · Limited direct, active file access.
- Limited browsing, scanning, or stating.
- Limited metadata manipulation (including rename).

Note: Usage diverging from these characteristics must be qualified to ensure acceptable behavior with respect to functionality, performance, replication, and recovery.

Features and Benefits

The DXi4700 system provides the following features and benefits:

- New, inline data flow provides leading deduplication with an optimal combination of total system performance, manageability, and value.
- Choice of either VTL (virtual tape library), NAS (network attached storage), and OST (OpenStorage)
 presentation layers.
- 10 source to one target LAN/WAN replication compatible with DXi2500-D, DXi4000 family, DXi6000 family, DXi7500, and DXi8500 models.
- Common monitoring and management interface for multiple DXi[™] units and Quantum tape libraries through Quantum Vision[™].
- (NAS and Multi-Protocol configurations only) OST Optimized Duplication support with Veritas NetBackup 7.1.x or later or Backup Exec 2010 R3 or later.
- (Multi-Protocol configurations only) Path to tape (PTT) capability that writes data from virtual cartridges directly to a tape library to create removable media for long term retention. It is supported by:
 - Veritas[™] NetBackup[™] (under VTL and OST implementations)
 - Veritas Backup Exec
 - Oracle[®] Secure Backup
 - ASG-Time Navigator™
 - EMC[®] Networker[®] (versions prior to 8.1)



- (Multi-Protocol configurations only) OST direct path to tape support with Veritas NetBackup™ 7.1.x or later.
- (VTL and Multi-Protocol configurations only) Tape Drives Emulated:
 - Quantum DLT-S4, SDLT600, SDLT320, or DLT7000
 - Certance LTO-2 and LTO-3
 - IBM LTO-1, LTO-2, LTO-3, LTO-4, LTO-5, LTO-6, LTO-7, and LTO-8.
 - HP LTO-1, LTO-2, LTO-3, LTO-4, LTO-5, LTO-6, LTO-7, and LTO-8
- (VTL and Multi-Protocol configurations only) Libraries Emulated:
 - Quantum DXi7500
 - ADIC Scalar 100, ADIC Scalar i2000, or ADIC Scalar i500
 - ADIC Pathlight VX
 - Quantum Scalar i40/i80
 - Quantum Scalar i6000
 - Quantum Scalar i3
 - Quantum Scalar i6
 - Quantum DXi6700, Quantum DXi6800, Quantum DXi4700, or Quantum DXi8500
 - Quantum DX3000 or Quantum DX5000
 - Quantum PX500 or Quantum PX720
 - ATL M2500, ATL P1000, or ATL P7000
- Oracle RMAN[™] support for Oracle 11.
- LDAP/AD support.
- Dynamic Application Environment (DAE) support.
- Veeam integration support.
- Supported by every major backup software vendor.
- Rack space requirements: 2U for Node and 2U for each Expansion module (JBOD), up to a system maximum of 8U.
- Installs in a standard four-post EIA 19" server rack.

Note: Quantum recommends installing the DXi4700 system in a controlled or restricted area and using strong, private passwords to prevent access by untrained personnel. In addition, Quantum recommends that system installation be performed only by qualified IT personnel with strong networking experience.

Determining the DXi4700 Model

You will need to determine if the DXi system is a DXi4700 G1 or DXi4700 G2. Model information is located on the pull-out information tag on the front of the Node (see Figure 1 below).

- The DXi4700 G2 information tag includes "G2" in the part number (see Figure 2 below).
- The DXi4700 G1 information tag does not include "G1" in the part number (see Figure 3 on the next page).

Figure 1: DXi4700 Information Tag



1. Information Tag

Figure 2: DXi4700 G2 Information Tag



Figure 3: DXi4700 G1 Information Tag



Data Reduction

Data reduction is the process of reducing the amount of storage capacity required to store your data. The DXi4700 systems provide two techniques to optimize the storage space required on your system:

- Data Deduplication below
- Compression on the next page

Data Deduplication

The DXi-Series disk backup and replication systems use Quantum's patented data deduplication technology to dramatically increase the role that disk can play in data protection. With DXi-Series solutions, users can retain 10 to 50 times more backup data on fast recovery disk than with conventional arrays. This advantage allows IT departments to cost-effectively retain months of backup data on disk for faster, more reliable restores and more data recovery points. Quantum's innovative implementation of this core technology means that users do not have to compromise on performance to take advantage of extended retention capability. Inline data flow provides streamlined deduplication that offers a maximum combination of total system performance, manageability, and value.

Quantum's deduplication technology uses a sub-file, variable-length approach to identify redundant blocks in a data stream—blocks that have appeared before in the same dataset or in datasets processed at an earlier time. When a block appears that has already been stored, the DXi system inserts a reference pointer to the earlier instance of the data segment instead of storing another copy. The result is a dramatic reduction in the storage capacity needed to store the data set, and a similar reduction in the bandwidth needed to replicate deduplicated data sets over a network.

Compression

The DXi4700 systems use compression technology after duplicate blocks have been identified and replaced as part of the deduplication process. With compression, unique data that has been through the data deduplication process can be compressed at a typical ratio of approximately 2:1. This enables you to maximize the storage capacity of your system.

Space Reclamation

The space reclamation process performs multiple functions on the DXi4700.

When data is deduplicated it is stored in a block pool—a pool of all unique data blocks that were captured during the data deduplication cycle. When subsequent backup jobs occur, the data deduplication engine searches for new data entering the DXi and uses a variable length compression algorithm to compare new data to existing data in the block pool. Unique blocks are added to the block pool and known blocks are indexed.

The space reclamation function searches the blockpool for data blocks that are not referenced by any pointers (that is, the files associated with the block have been expired and removed). Once such a data block is identified, the block is removed to make the space reusable.

For correct system operation, space reclamation *must* be run at regular intervals (at least once a week). Quantum recommends creating a schedule to automatically run space reclamation (see).

It may be beneficial to schedule space reclamation for a time when other operations are not normally being carried out. Therefore it is important to know when to schedule the space reclamation process. As best practice it is recommended that this process commences at least two hours after your backup job has completed on a daily basis. It is far more efficient to process a day's worth of new data than a week's worth.

Remote Replication

Today most backup occurs on isolated devices, making it difficult to deploy disk backup when disaster recovery protection is required. DXi-Series solutions use data deduplication and replication to decrease by up to 50 times the bandwidth required to move backup data over networks and between sites. This dramatic gain makes it practical and cost-effective for users to replicate backup data over WANs for secure, network-based disaster recovery protection, and it lets users combine rapid, local restores with sound disaster recovery protection.

With DXi-Series replication, users can transmit data from a single site or multiple sites to a central location using any DXi model. DXi-Series replication is an asynchronous, automated background process that includes encryption of data in transit. This model for protecting the distributed enterprise allows users to combine disk, replication, and tape for an optimal combination of performance, simplicity, and security.

For more information on implementing a replication plan, see Remote Replication.

Note: A DXi4700 can only replicate data to a DXi that supports the same protocol as the DXi4700 (NAS or VTL). That is, a DXi4700 NAS system can only replicate data to a DXi that supports NAS. Similarly, a DXi4700 VTL system can only replicate data to a DXi that supports VTL.

DXi4700 System

The DXi4700 includes the following features:

Feature	Description
Node	1 Node (NAS, VTL, or Multi-Protocol configuration)
Expansion modules (JBODs)	0 to 3 Expansion modules (JBODs)
RAID Controller	H710 RAID controller (DXi4700 G1 configuration)
	H730 RAID controller (DXi4700 G2 configuration)
	 H810 RAID controller (DXi4700 G1 configurations with Expansion modules only)
	 H830 RAID controller (DXi4700 G2 configurations with Expansion modules only)
Network Connectivity	3 x 1 G bE Ethernet ports
	 (Optional) Additional network adapter providing 2 x 10GbE (SFP+) Ethernet ports or 2 x 10 GBase-T Ethernet ports.
Fibre Channel	• 2 x 8 Gb Fibre Channel ports for PTT (Multi-Protocol configurations only)
	 2 x 8 Gb Fibre Channel ports for VTL. (VTL and Multi-Protocol configurations only)
Usable Capacity	5–135 TB usable for data storage

Note: Usable storage capacity can be upgraded at any time after purchase by adding a storage capacity upgrade license to enable installed hardware capacity, or by adding additional hardware capacity to the system. For information about upgrade options, see the *DXi4700 Capacity Upgrade Guide* (6-68107), or contact your Quantum sales representative.

Figure 4: DXi4700 System

1. DXi4700 Node 2. Array Module (RBOD)/Expansion Module (EBOD)

Hard Drive Storage

The DXi4700 system is based upon high speed disk drives instead of tape drives (see <u>HDDs below</u>). The usable capacity is 5–135 TB.

- DXi4700 VTL configurations present the drive storage area as VTL partitions (see <u>Virtual Tape Storage</u> on page 25).
- DXi4700 NAS configurations present the drives storage area as NAS shares and/or OST LSUs (Logical Storage Units) (see <u>Network Attached Storage (NAS) on page 26</u> or <u>OpenStorage (OST) on page 27</u>).
- DXi4700 Multi-Protocol configurations present the drive storage area as VTL partitions (see <u>Virtual Tape</u> <u>Storage on page 25</u>), NAS shares, or OST LSUs (Logical Storage Units) (see <u>Network Attached</u> <u>Storage (NAS) on page 26</u> or <u>OpenStorage (OST) on page 27</u>).

By making use of high speed drives, the DXi4700 greatly reduces the time required for backup/restore functions and improves confidence in completing the backup in the time allowed.

DXi Usage Scenarios

DXi storage presentations are optimized for backup usage rather than file sharing. Backup application usage is typically characterized by:

- Aggregated name spaces and file contents.
- Limited direct, active file access.
- · Limited browsing, scanning, or stating.
- Limited metadata manipulation (including rename).

Usage diverging from these characteristics must be qualified to ensure acceptable behavior with respect to functionality, performance, replication, and recovery.

(i) Note: Using Backup Exec with GRT (Granular Recovery Technology) over CIFS is not recommended usage. GRT requires frequently overwriting portions of and appending data to existing files, which is inconsistent with the DXi usage scenarios. Instead, Quantum recommends using OST.

HDDs

Depending on the configuration, the DXi4700 Node supports 6 or 12 high capacity (4 TB) hard disk drives (HDDs) (see <u>Figure 5 on the next page</u>). The Node hard drives are used for the operating system, system software, and indexes needed for data deduplication, replication, space reclamation.

The DXi4700 Expansion modules (JBODs) each support 12 high capacity (4 TB) hard disk drives (see Figure 6 on the next page). The Expansion module hard drives are used for data storage.

All hard disk drives are mounted and pre-assembled in drive carriers (see <u>Figure 8 on page 25</u> and <u>Figure 7</u> on the next page). All drives are hot swappable.

Figure 5: DXi4700 Node Drive Slot Numbering



Figure 6: DXi4700 G1 Expansion Module Drive Slot Numbering



Figure 7: DXi4700 G2 Expansion Module Drive Slot Numbering



Chapter 1: System Description Hard Drive Storage

Item	Description
0	HDD Slot 0
1	HDD Slot 1
2	HDD Slot 2
3	HDD Slot 3
4	HDD Slot 4
5	HDD Slot 5
6	HDD Slot 6
7	HDD Slot 7
8	HDD Slot 8
9	HDD Slot 9
10	HDD Slot 10
11	HDD Slot 11

Figure 8: DXi4700 Drive Carrier



Virtual Tape Storage

A virtual tape storage or virtual tape library (VTL) presentation allows the storage space on these hard drives to appear to the backup application as tape cartridges (DLT or LTO). Data is stored on the hard drives through an interface that appears as a tape library, with virtual cartridges, virtual drives, and a virtual changer mechanism. A DXi4700 with a VTL or Multi-Protocol configuration can be configured to present multiple VTL interfaces of different sizes and types at once. This allows backup applications to recognize and integrate a DXi series system into a data center environment just like one or more physical tape libraries.

Chapter 1: System Description Hard Drive Storage

Figure 9: VTL Example

VTL (Virtual Tape Library)



Network Attached Storage (NAS)

The DXi4700 system has the ability to serve as a NAS backup system (see Figure 10 on the next page) where the following protocols are supported:

- <u>CIFS/SMB Protocol below</u>
- NFS Protocol on the next page
- Application Specific Protocol on the next page

CIFS/SMB Protocol

The CIFS (Common Internet File System) / SMB (Server Message Block) protocol defines a standard for remote file access from many computers at a time in Windows environments.

Active Directory Support

The DXi4700 supports ADS (Active Directory Services) as well as ACLs (Access Control Lists). This provides the following benefits:

- Compatibility with CIFS/SMB domains NAS shares are able to join CIFS/SMB domains and use domain authentication.
- **Precise control of file system permissions** Administrators can specify which users and groups can perform what actions.
- **Robust administrative support** Administrators have the same implicit permissions as they do in Windows operating systems.

Additional Information

- Windows 2003, Windows 2003 R2, Windows 2008, Windows 2008 R2, and Windows 2012 R2 are supported for Active Directory domain membership.
- When you create a CIFS/SMB share, the initial permissions are the same as the default permissions for a Windows 2003 share with the addition of an ACE (Access Control Entry) that permits full access to the share for all authenticated users. Administrators can choose to remove this full access ACE, set up custom permissions, or leave the ACL (Access Control List) as is if the server is set up in a fully trusted environment.

NFS Protocol

The NFS (Network File System) protocol allows network users to access shared files stored on computers of different types. NFS provides access to shared files through an interface called the Virtual File System (VFS) that runs on top of TCP/IP. With NFS, computers connected to a network operate as clients while accessing remote files, and as servers while providing remote users access to local shared files. This protocol is used with UNIX and Linux networks. It can also be used with Windows networks.

Figure 10: NAS Backup using CIFS/SMB and NFS



Application Specific Protocol

The Application Specific Protocol allows users to create Oracle Recovery Manager (RMAN) shares on a DXi4700 system. RMAN provides the foundation for efficiently backing up and recovering an Oracle 11 database.

OpenStorage (OST)

With the OST presentation, the DXi system presents storage servers to a Veritas NetBackup or Backup Exec media server through a specific Veritas protocol. A storage server consists of logical storage units

(LSUs), which are similar to directories in a NAS file system or tape cartridges in a VTL partition.

The OST presentation requires the Veritas NetBackup (7.1.x or later) or Backup Exec 2010 R3 or later host application and the OST Plug-in client installation on the media server.

1 Note: Windows 2012 64-bit requires Veritas NetBackup (7.6 or later) or Backup Exec 2014 or later.

Plug-in clients are host-OS dependent and are supplied by Quantum. To use the DXi in OST mode, you must configure an OST storage server and LSUs on the DXi. You must also map the LSUs on the NetBackup server so that NetBackup can perform backups and restore from them. Additionally, policies for optimized duplication (OST replication) and OST direct to tape may need to be set on the NetBackup server.

Figure 11: OpenStorage (OST) Example

OST (Open Storage)



Supported RAID Configurations

RAID is short for Redundant Array of Independent (or Inexpensive) Disks, which is a category of storage that employs two or more drives in combination for fault tolerance and performance. There are a number of RAID levels in use today such as 0, 1, 3, 5, 6 and 10. The DXi4700 uses RAID 6.

RAID 6 Configuration

RAID 6 uses block-level striping with two parity blocks distributed across all member disks. Dual parity provided by a RAID 6 configuration ensures that your data retains full integrity even in the event of two hard drive failures. Since single parity RAID levels are vulnerable to data loss until the failed drive is rebuilt: the larger the hard drive, the longer the rebuild will take and the longer the system is vulnerable to possible data loss.

The DXi4700 Node and Expansion modules (JBODs) use RAID 6 volumes for data storage (see Figure 12 below, Figure 13 below, and Figure 14 on the next page):

- DATA HDD slots 1–11 (data storage)
- Hot Spare HDD slot 0
- **Note:** The hot spare drive is initially located in slot 0. If a hard drive is replaced, the replacement drive becomes the new hot spare.

Figure 12: DXi4700 Node RAID Sets



1 - HDD Slot 0	4 - HDD Slot 3	7 - HDD Slot 6	10 - HDD Slot 9
2 - HDD Slot 1	5 - HDD Slot 4	8 - HDD Slot 7	11 - HDD Slot 10
3 - HDD Slot 2	6 - HDD Slot 5	9 - HDD Slot 8	12 - HDD Slot 11

Figure 13: DXi4700 G1 Expansion Module RAID Sets



Chapter 1: System Description DXi Advanced Reporting

1 - HDD Slot 0	4 - HDD Slot 3	7 - HDD Slot 6	10 - HDD Slot 9
2 - HDD Slot 1	5 - HDD Slot 4	8 - HDD Slot 7	11 - HDD Slot 10
3 - HDD Slot 2	6 - HDD Slot 5	9 - HDD Slot 8	12 - HDD Slot 11

Figure 14: DXi4700 G2 Expansion Module RAID Sets



DXi Advanced Reporting

Quantum DXi Advanced Reporting works with all DXi-Series disk backup systems. DXi Advanced Reporting combines comprehensive performance data logging with powerful visual reporting and analysis tools to help you identify potential problems and optimize system operation. For more information, refer to the DXi Advanced Reporting User's Guide (6-67353).

Network Configuration

During network configuration, each individual interface on the DXi4700 can be configured as a subnet with its own network settings. Each physical Ethernet port can be configured as an interface. In addition, you can also create bonded interfaces (logical ports) consisting of two or more physical ports.

Keep in mind that any traffic can pass through any of the configured Ethernet ports. This means that the routing of different traffic types, as well as firewall capability, must be controlled using the network infrastructure (routers and switches) connected to the DXi4700.

For more information about configuration network settings, see Network on page 302.

Note: Each configured network interface requires its own set of network settings (IP address, network mask, and gateway).

Caution: For effective bonded network use, a properly configured network switch is required. (A network switch is not supplied with the DXi4700.) The DXi4700 bonding settings must match the switch settings. If the switch settings and the DXi4700 settings do not match, your system may become inaccessible through the switch.

Best Practices

There are several items that should be considered when installing and configuring your DXi4700 system. By reviewing this information, you can help shorten the installation and configuration time for your system.

- Licensing below
- Virtual Media—How Many and What Size? on page 34

Licensing

The features of the DXi4700 are enabled through licensing options, which are available through the remote management console (see License Keys on page 375).

Licenses are either factory-installed on the DXi4700, or they are available through a license certificate, which is included with the system.

Factory-Installed Licenses

The following DXi4700 licenses are factory-installed:

- NAS below (NAS and Multi-Protocol configurations only)
- VTL below (VTL and Multi-Protocol configurations only)
- Backup Application Specific (Path to Tape) on the next page (Multi-Protocol configurations only)
- Data Deduplication on page 33
- Replication on page 34
- Storage Capacity on page 34
- OST on page 34 (NAS and Multi-Protocol configurations only)
- Data-in-Flight Encryption on page 34

NAS

The *Network Attached Storage (NAS)* license allows NAS shares to be exposed to backup hosts and applications. (License key is pre-installed on all DXi4700 NAS and Multi-Protocol systems.)

VTL

Chapter 1: System Description Best Practices

The Virtual Tape Library (VTL) license allows virtual devices such as the media changer and tape drive to be exposed to the attached Fibre Channel hosts. (License key for 32 VTDs is pre-installed on all DXi4700 VTL and Multi-Protocol systems.)

Backup Application Specific (Path to Tape)

The *Backup Application Specific* license allows you to export virtual media directly to a maximum of 3 concurrent path-to-tape physical tape drives using Backup Application Specific NDMP or OST Direct to Tape. (License key is pre-installed on all DXi4700 Multi-Protocol systems.)



The Backup Application Specific option works with the following backup applications:

- Veritas NetBackup 7.1.x and higher direct-to-tape feature
- Veritas Backup Exec 2010 R3 and higher
- EMC Networker

(i) Note: EMC NetWorker 8.1 and later do not support Backup Application Specific Path to Tape.

- Oracle Secure Backup 10.3
- ASG-Time Navigator

Note: For more information, see the DXi-Series Backup Application Specific Path to Tape Configuration Guide (6-67211).

When the Path to Tape feature is enabled and configured, backup data can be moved directly from the DXi4700 system to a tape library. For a list of supported tape libraries and tape drives for Backup Application Specific, see <u>Table 1 below</u> and <u>Table 2 below</u>.

Table 1: Supported Tape Libraries in Backup Application Specific

Vendor	Tape Library
Quantum	Scalar i40 and i80
	Scalar i500
	Scalar i2000 and i6000
	Scalar 24
	Scalar 50 (PX502)
	PX500
	PX720
Dell	PV132T
	PVT136T
	ML6000
HP	ESL E Series
	EML Series
IBM	TS3500
Oracle/STK	L180 (FC only)
	L700 (FC only)
	SL500 (FC only)
	SL3000 (FC only)

Table 2: Supported Tape Drives in Backup Application Specific

Vendor	Tape Drive
Quantum	SDLT320, SDLT600, DLT-S4, LTO-2, and LTO-3
HP	LTO-2, LTO-3, LTO-4, LTO-5, LTO-6, and LTO-7.
IBM	LTO-2, LTO-3, LTO-4, LTO-5, LTO-6, and LTO-7.

Data Deduplication

Chapter 1: System Description **Best Practices**

The Data Deduplication license allows the DXi4700 to reduce the size of data stored on the system through the deduplication process (see Data Reduction). (License key is pre-installed on all DXi4700 systems.)

Replication

The *Replication* license allows the DXi4700 to replicate data to up to two target systems and received replicated data from up to ten source systems. (License key is pre-installed on all DXi4700 systems.)

Storage Capacity

The Storage Capacity license is factory-installed for the installed capacity. Additional capacity requires a certificate license that comes with each Expansion module. This license allows the storage capacity of the DXi4700 to be increased. (License key is pre-installed on all DXi4700 systems.)

OST

The OST license, when enabled, allows a Open Storage Technology (OST) connection. For Veritas users with specific versions of the software, another replication option is available for DXi4700 models through the Veritas OpenStorage (OST) API. (License Certificate is included with all DXi4700 NAS and Multi-Protocol systems.)



1 Note: For more information, see the DXi-Series NetBackup and Backup Exec OST Configuration Guide (6-67079).

Data-in-Flight Encryption

The Data-in-Flight Encryption license enables use of AES encryption (128-bit, 256-bit, or TLS with AES 256) when replicating data to another system. (Not available in all regions.)

Virtual Media—How Many and What Size?

There is no correct answer to this question as it really depends on your backup regime and the backup application in use. A DXi system does not preallocate disk space when a virtual tape cartridge is created, there can be an inclination to create a lot of large virtual tape cartridges, greater than the amount that is actually required. While this has no initial bearing on the DXi's capacity utilization, it can cause issues down the track.

Regarding the quantity of virtual media you need to create, as long as there is sufficient media to hold the amount of backup data for the required retention period, the quantity does not really matter. However, it is extremely important, as mentioned earlier, that the aging and expiry rules of the media pool are defined early. If these rules are not defined, the virtual tape cartridges will never enter the scratch pool resulting in you running out of virtual media, and in turn space on the DXi system. As a rule of thumb, more is better than less; as long as expiry rules are defined.

Although there is no perfect size when it comes to creating virtual tape cartridges, there are a few factors to consider. If a virtual tape cartridge is created at 200 GB, then it will be presented as storing 200 GB of native data.

Creating smaller sized media is preferred, for example 50 GB or 100 GB, as it allows a virtual tape cartridge to be completely filled even when backing up smaller data sets. Smaller sized media also aids the transfer of data from virtual to physical tape platforms. Once again, virtual tape cartridge size will depend on the backup application in use.

It is important to note that the design of the DXi will not allow a virtual tape cartridge to be written to it if its size is larger than the amount of free space available on the DXi. For example, if you have a virtual tape cartridge size of 400 GB but only 300 GB of free space is available on the DXi, the backup will fail when attempting to write data to the virtual tape cartridge. As a result, smaller virtual tape cartridge sizes are better.

Remember, the DXi system is always cautious of being filled up so that the integrity of stored data is not compromised.



This chapter describes the hardware features and basic operation of DXi4700 systems and includes the following sections:

DXi4700 Node	36
DXi4700 Expansion Module	47
DXi4700 Hard Drive Carrier Indicators	53
Turning On and Shutting Down the DXi4700	55
Locating DXi4700 Serial Numbers	56

DXi4700 Node

All DXi4700 systems include one Node. DXi4700 Node is a computer server that provides control for the DXi software (host OS and software applications). The Node also stores support data for the DXi4700 system, such as metadata and indexes, and provides data storage. Depending on the configuration, the Node contains 6 or 12 hard drive carriers. In addition, all network connections are made on the Node.

(i) Note: Usable storage capacity can be upgraded at any time after purchase by adding a storage capacity upgrade license to enable installed hardware capacity, or by adding additional hardware capacity to the system. For information about upgrade options, see the DXi4700 Capacity Upgrade Guide (6-68107), or contact your Quantum sales representative.

The DXi4700 Node has a series of LED indicators and buttons located on the front and back of each component:
- DXi4700 Node Front Panel Features and Indicators below
- DXi4700 Node Rear Panel Features on page 40
- DXi4700 Node 1 GbE Ethernet on page 43
- DXi4700 Node 10 GbE Ethernet Port Indicators on page 44
- DXi4700 Node 10 GBase-T Ethernet Port Indicators on page 45
- DXi4700 Node Power Supply Indicators on page 45

DXi4700 Node Front Panel Features and Indicators

Figure 15 below shows the controls, indicators, and connectors located behind the optional rack bezel on the front panel of the DXi4700 G1 Node. Figure 16 on the next page shows the controls, indicators, and connectors located behind the optional rack bezel on the front panel of the DXi4700 G2 Node. Table 1 on the next page describes each item and Table 2 on page 39 describes each diagnostic indicator.



Figure 15: DXi4700 G1 Node - Front View



Figure 16: DXi4700 G2 Node - Front View



Table 1: DXi4700 Node - Front Panel LED Indicators, Buttons, and Connectors

Item	Indicator, Button, or Connector	lcon	Description
1	Diagnostic Indicators		 The diagnostic indicators light up to display error statuses. For a description of possible statuses, see <u>Table 2 on the next page</u>. Note: The diagnostic indicators display error statuses during system startup.
2	Power-on indicator, power button.	Ċ	 The power-on indicator lights when the system power is on. The power button controls the power supply output to the system. WARNING: Turning off the power removes the main power but keeps standby power supplied to the Node. Because of this, you must unplug the Node before servicing. Caution: Turning off the power without properly shutting down the system may result in loss of data (see <u>Turning On and Shutting Down the DXi4700 on page 55</u>). Note: To shut down the Node in the event of an emergency, press and hold the power button for 4 seconds. Warning: This may result in data loss and may cause a delay on next startup due to a blockpool verify operation.
3	NMI button	Θ	Not used.
4	Hard drives		Six or twelve 3.5 inch hot-swappable hard drives (4 TB each).

ltem	Indicator, Button, or Connector	lcon	Description	
5	VGA connector		Caution: Use of connected peripheral devices, such as a USB keyboard and mouse or a VGA display, is not supported and may cause incorrect system operation.	
6	USB 2.0 connector	•	Caution: Use of connected peripheral devices, such as a USB keyboard and mouse or a VGA display, is not supported and may cause incorrect system operation.	
7	Information tag		A slide-out label panel which displays the system serial number.	
8	System identification button	٢	Press to toggle the system ID on and off. The identification buttons on the front and rear panels can be used to locate a particular system within a rack. When one of these buttons is pressed, the system status indicator on the rear flashes until one of the buttons is pressed again. 则器	

Table 2: DXi4700 Node - Diagnostic Indicators

Indicator	lcon	Condition	Recommended Action
Health	_Ą	Solid blue - The system is on and in good health. Blinking amber - The system is on and an error exists.	See <u>General Troubleshooting on</u> page 405.
Hard drive	0	Blinking amber - A hard drive error has occurred	See <u>Hardware Problems on</u> page 406.
Electrical	¥	Blinking amber - An electrical error has occurred.	See Hardware Problems on page 406.
Temperature		Blinking amber - A thermal error has occurred.	See Temperature Problems on page 409.
Memory	#	Blinking amber - A memory error has occurred.	See General Troubleshooting on page 405.
PCIe		Blinking amber - A PCIe card error has occurred.	See General Troubleshooting on page 405.

DXi4700 Node Rear Panel Features

Figure 17 on the next page and shows the connectors located on the rear panel of the DXi4700 G1 Node. Figure 17 on the next page and shows the connectors located on the rear panel of the DXi4700 G2 Node. Table 1 on page 42 describes each item.

Note: Refer to the port numbering label on the rear of the system to help you determine the correct port connections.

Caution: Do not disconnect any SAS cables from the Node during normal system operation. Unplugging a SAS cable while the system is powered on may result in data loss.

10 GbE Cable Types

Depending on the configuration, Quantum DXi4700 systems support one of the following 10 GbE cable types:

- 10 GbE optical cable lengths of up to 300 meters with OM3 cables and up to 100 meters with OM2 cables Quantum recommends using the two 10 meter LC to LC type optical cables that are shipped with the DXi4700 system. Consult your 10 GbE optical switch/SFP documentation for additional information on optical cable requirements.
- **10 GbE Twinax cable** Quantum recommends using the approved 5 meter Twinax cable type that is shipped with the DXi4700 system. This cable is compatible with Cisco 5000 Series Data Center Class switches.

The 10 GbE Copper (Twinax) cable options that Quantum provides do not support all switches. Please note the supported switches during the purchase-configuration process, and if the Twinax cables supplied by Quantum are not compatible with your switch, then you will need to provide your own compatible Twinax cables from your switch vendor. Be sure to have these available before the system installation takes place.

Chapter 2: Basic Operations DXi4700 Node

Figure 17: DXi4700 G1 Node - Rear View



Figure 18: DXi4700 G2 Node - Rear View



Table 1: DXi4700 Node - Rear Panel Connectors

Item	Indicator, Button, or Connector	lcon	Description
1	System identification button	(i)	Press to toggle the system ID on and off.
		U	The identification buttons on the front and rear panels can be used to locate a particular system within a rack. When one of these buttons is pressed, the system status indicator on the rear flashes until one of the buttons is pressed again.
2	System identification connector		Not used.
3	iDRAC port	3°E	For Quantum service use only.
4	Serial connector	10101	For Quantum service use only.
5	VGA connector		Use of connected peripheral devices, such as a USB keyboard and mouse or a VGA display, is <i>not</i> supported and may cause incorrect system operation.
6	USB 2.0 connectors (2)	€	Use of connected peripheral devices, such as a USB keyboard and mouse or a VGA display, is <i>not</i> supported and may cause incorrect system operation.
7	Service port	ठप ित	For Quantum use only.
8	3 x 1 GbE Ethernet ports	5	For data ingest/read.
9	Power supply (PSU1)		750 watt hot-swappable power supply.
10	Power supply (PSU2)		750 watt hot-swappable power supply.
11	vFlash media card slot		Not used.

ltem	Indicator, Button, or Connector	lcon	Description
12	(Configurations with Expansion modules only) DXi4700 G1 - 2 x 6 Gb SAS ports DXi4700 G2 - 2 x 12 Gb SAS ports		For connection to Expansion modules (JBODs).
13	DXi4700 G1 and G2 - (Optional) 2 x 10 GBase-T Ethernet ports. DXi4700 G2 only -(Optional) 2 x 10 GbE Ethernet ports		For data ingest/read. Cannot be used with 2 x 10 GbE Ethernet ports . For data ingest/read. Cannot be used with 2 x 10 GBase- T Ethernet ports .
14	DXi4700 G1 only -(Optional) 2 x 10 GbE Ethernet ports		For data ingest/read. Cannot be used with 2 x 10 GBase- T Ethernet ports
15	(Multi-Protocol configurations only) 2 x 8 Gb Fibre Channel ports		For PTT ingest/read.
16	(VTL and Multi-Protocol configurations only) 2 x 8 Gb Fibre Channel ports		For VTL ingest/read.

DXi4700 Node 1 GbE Ethernet

Each 1 GbE Ethernet port on the DXi4700 Node rear panel has two LED indicators (see Figure 19 on the next page):

Link indicator	• Off - Indicates the port is not connected to the network.
	• Green - Indicates the port is connected to the network at maximum speed (1Gbps).
	 Amber - Indicates the port is connected to the network at less than its maximum port speed.
Activity Indicator	Blinking green - Indicates network data is being sent or received.

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Figure 19: DXi4700 Node - 1 GbE Ethernet Port LEDs



1 - Link Indicator 2 - Activity Indicator

DXi4700 Node 10 GbE Ethernet Port Indicators

Depending on the configuration, Quantum DXi4700 systems include a 10 GbE adapter card (dual optical or Twinax ports).

The 10 GbE adapter with dual optical or Twinax ports has two LED indicators for each 10 GbE port (see Figure 20 below):

Link indicator	• Off - Indicates the port is not connected to the network.
	• Green - Indicates the port is connected to the network at 10Gbps speed.
	• Yellow - Indicates the port is connected to the network at 1 Gbps speed.
Activity Indicator	Blinking - Indicates network data is being sent or received.

Figure 20: DXi4700 - Optional 10 GbE Port LEDs (Optical or Twinax)



Item	Description
1	Port 1

Item	Description
2	Port 2
3	Link indicators
4	Activity Indicators

DXi4700 Node 10 GBase-T Ethernet Port Indicators

Each 10 GBase-T port on the DXi4700 Node rear panel has two LED indicators (see Figure 21 below):

Activity Indicator	Blinking green - Indicates network data is being sent or received.
	 Amber - Indicates the port is connected to the network at less than its maximum port speed.
	 Green - Indicates the port is connected to the network at maximum speed (10 Gbps).
Link indicator	• Off - Indicates the port is not connected to the network.

Figure 21: DXi4700 - 10 GBase-T Ethernet Port LEDs



1 - Activity Indicator 2 - Link Indicator

DXi4700 Node Power Supply Indicators

Each DXi4700 Node power supply has an illuminated translucent handle that serves as an indicator to show whether power is present or whether a power fault has occurred (see Figure 22 on the next page):

Not lit	Indicates power is not connected.
Green	Indicates a valid power source is connected to the power supply and that the power supply is operational.
Flashing amber	Indicates a problem with the power supply.

Flashing greenWhen hot-adding a power supply, this indicates that the power supply is mismatched with
the other power supply. Replace the power supply that has the flashing indicator with a
power supply that matches the capacity of the other installed power supply.

All power supplies are hot swappable. When replacing power supplies, never remove more than one power supply at a time from the system. Also, before you remove one power supply, make sure the other power supply is operating correctly (indicator handle is green).

Figure 22: DXi4700 Node - Power Supply LED



1 - Power supply status indicator and handle

DXi4700 Expansion Module

The DXi4700 Expansion modules (JBODs) are used to provide additional capacity (backup data storage) for the DXi4700 system. Each Expansion module contains 12 hard drive carriers and provides 36 TB of licensable storage.



Note: Usable storage capacity can be upgraded at any time after purchase by adding a storage capacity upgrade license to enable installed hardware capacity, or by adding additional hardware capacity to the system. For information about upgrade options, see the *DXi4700 Capacity Upgrade Guide* (6-68107), or contact your Quantum sales representative.

The DXi4700 Expansion modules have a series of LED indicators and buttons located on the front and back of each component:

- DXi4700 Expansion Module Front Panel Features and Indicators
- DXi4700 Expansion Module Rear Panel Features
- DXi4700 Expansion Module EMM Features and Indicators
- DXi4700 Expansion Module Power Supply Indicators

DXi4700 Expansion Module Front Panel Features and Indicators

Figure 23 on the next page shows the controls, indicators, and connectors located behind the optional rack bezel on the front panel of the DXi4700 Expansion Module.

New DXi Bezel

A new DXi bezel is available. Please contact your account sales manager to purchase additional new bezels.



Figure 23: DXi4700 Expansion Module - Front View



ltem	Indicator, Button, or Connector	lcon	Description
1	Enclosure status LED	_⁄~•	The enclosure status LED lights when the enclosure power is on:
			Lights blue during normal operation and when the host server is identifying the enclosure.
			Blinks blue when a host server is identifying the enclosure or when the system identification button is pressed.
			Lights amber when the enclosure is turned on or is reset.
			Blinks amber when the enclosure is in the fault state (see <u>General Troubleshooting on page 405</u> .).
2	Power LED		The power LED lights when at least one power supply is supplying power to the enclosure.
3	DXi4700 G1 only - Split mode LED	99	Not used.
4	System identification button	•	Press to toggle the system ID on and off.
		0	The system identification button on the front control panel can be used to locate a particular enclosure within a rack. When the button is pushed, the system status indicators on the control panel and the EMM blinks blue until the button is pushed again.
5	DXi4700 G1 only -Enclosure mode switch	80	Not used.
6	Hard drives		Twelve 3.5 inch hot-swappable hard drives (4 TB each).

DXi4700 Expansion Module Rear Panel Features

above shows the connectors located on the rear panel of the DXi4700 G1 Expansion module.

Figure 24: DXi4700 G1 Expansion Module - Rear View



Item	Description
1	600 watt hot-swappable power supply (PSU 1)
2	Primary enclosure management module (EMM 0)
3	Secondary enclosure management module (EMM 1)
4	600 watt hot-swappable power supply (P
	SU 1)
5	Power switches (2)

Figure 25 below shows the connectors located on the rear panel of the DXi4700 G2 Expansion module.

Figure 25: DXi4700 G2 Expansion Module - Rear View



Item	Description
1	600 watt hot-swappable power supply (PSU 2)
2	Primary enclosure management module (EMM 0)
3	Secondary enclosure management module (EMM 1)

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Item	Description
4	600 watt hot-swappable power supply (PSU 2)
5	Power switches (2)

DXi4700 Expansion Module EMM Features and Indicators

Each DXi4700 G1 Expansion module contains two enclosure management modules (EMMs). Figure 26 below shows the connectors located on the rear panel of the EMM.

Figure 26: DXi4700 G1 Expansion Module EMM - Rear View



Item	Indicator, Button, or Connector	lcon	Description
1	System status indicator	Ø	Blinks blue when the system identification button is pushed. You can identify a particular enclosure in a rack using the system identification indicator.
2	Debug port	чr	Not used.
3	SAS port (In)		Provides connection from the Node or another Expansion module.

ltem	Indicator, Button, or Connector	lcon	Description
4	SAS port (In) link status	_⁄~•	Indicates SAS port status: Lights green when all the links to the port are connected. Lights amber when one or more links to the port are not connected. The LED remains off if enclosure is not connected.
5	SAS port (Out)		Provides connection from the Expansion module to another Expansion module.
6	SAS port (Out) link status	_\/~•	Indicates SAS port status: Lights green when all the links to the port are connected. Lights amber when one or more links to the port are not connected. The LED remains off if enclosure is not connected.
7	EMM status LED	_//~•	 The EMM status LED lights when the EMM power is on: Lights green when the EMM is functioning properly. Lights amber when the enclosure does not boot or is not properly configured. Blinks green quickly when a firmware download is in progress. Blinks green slowly when a peer auto-update is in progress. Blinks amber two times when the enclosure is unable to communicate with enclosure devices. Blinks amber four times when a firmware update fails. Blinks amber five times when the firmware versions are different between two EMMs in an enclosure.

Each DXi4700 G2 Expansion module contains two enclosure management modules (EMMs). Figure 27 on the next page shows the connectors located on the rear panel of the EMM.

Figure 27: DXi4700 G2 Expansion Module EMM - Rear View



ltem	Indicator, Button, or Connector	Icon	Description
1,2,3,4	SAS port (Input or Output)		Provides connection from the Node or another Expansion module.
5	Debut port	d'r	Not used.
6	7-Segment Display		Display the enclosure location in SAS Chain.

DXi4700 Expansion Module Power Supply Indicators

Each DXi4700 Expansion module power supply has LED indicators to show whether power is present or whether a power fault has occurred (see Figure 28 on the next page):

- DC Power Lights green when the DC output voltage is within the limit.
- Power supply/cooling fan fault Lights amber when a fault with the power supply or fan is detected.
- AC Power Lights green when the AC output voltage is within the limit.
- **Caution:** All power supplies are hot swappable. When replacing power supplies, never remove more than one power supply at a time from the system. Also, before you remove one power supply, make sure the other power supply is operating correctly (power indicator is green).

Figure 28: DXi4700 Expansion Module - Power Supply LED Indicators



1 - DC Power 2 - Power Supply Fault 3 - AC Power

DXi4700 Hard Drive Carrier Indicators

Each DXi4700 drive carrier in the Node module has two LED indicators (see Figure 29 on the next page):

LED Indicator	Activity
Drive activity indicator (green)	• Flashing - Indicates hard disk drive activity.

LED Indicator	Activity
Drive status indicator (green and amber)	 Off - Drive ready for insertion or removal Note: The drive status indicator remains off until all drives are initialized after system power is applied. Drives are not ready for insertion or removal during this time.
	 Blinks green two times per second - Identify drive/preparing for removal
	Blinks green, amber, and off - Drive predicted failure
	Blinks amber four times per second - Drive failed
	Blinks green slowly - Drive rebuilding
	Steady green - Drive online
	Blinks green three seconds, amber three seconds, and off six seconds - Rebuild aborted

Note: If a drive fails, you will be notified by a service ticket in the remote management console (see <u>Service Tickets on page 192</u>).

Caution: Do *not* remove a drive that has *not* failed. Instead, only remove a drive that has failed. If you accidentally remove a good drive, wait 30 seconds before reinserting the drive.

Figure 29: DXi4700 Drive Carrier LEDs



1 - Drive activity indicator (green) 2 - Drive status indicator (green and amber)

Turning On and Shutting Down the DXi4700

To turn on or shut down the DXi4700, refer to the following sections:

- Turning On the DXi4700 below
- Turning Off the DXi4700 on the next page

Turning On the DXi4700

To turn on the system, power on the DXi4700 system components in the following order:

1. Turn on both power switches on the back of each Expansion module (JBOD) (see Figure 30 below). Wait 30 seconds for the Expansion modules to initialize.

Figure 30: DXi4700 Expansion Module Power Switches



1 - Power Switches

2. Press the power button on the front of the Node (see <u>Figure 31 below</u>). Wait for the system to boot before attempting to log on. (This can take up to 30 minutes.)

Figure 31: DXi4700 Node Power Button



1 - Power Button

The system is now ready for operation.

Turning Off the DXi4700

To turn off the system:



Caution: Before shutting down the DXi4700, make sure that all backup and replication jobs are finished, and that space reclamation activity is complete.

1. Shut down the system from the remote management console using the **Shutdown** option on the **Utilities > Reboot & Shutdown** page.

Note: Shutting down the system can take up to 15 minutes. Only the Node will completely shut down.

2. Turn off both power switches on the back of each Expansion module (JBOD).

Locating DXi4700 Serial Numbers

You will need the system serial number, the Node serial number, and the Expansion module serial number at various times:

System Serial Number	You need this number to contact Quantum Support or to add a licensed feature.
Node Serial Number	You need this number for a Node replacement component.
Expansion Module (JBOD) Serial Number	You need this number for an Expansion module replacement component.

You can locate the system serial number on the Home page of the remote management console.

You can also locate the system serial number, the Node serial number, and the Expansion module serial numbers by looking at the physical components.

- The system serial number is located on the pull-out information tag on the front of the Node (see Figure <u>32 on the next page</u>). The text **Service Call System Serial Number** appears on the label. The system serial number includes the letters **BVV**.
- The Node serial number is located to the left of the SAS ports on the rear of the Node. It is the same as the Node service tag.
- The Expansion module (JBOD) serial number is located on rear right flange, next to the right power supply.

Note: The system serial number also appears on the location ID label that is affixed to the lip on the rear of the Node and each Expansion module.

Figure 32: DXi4700 Node Information Tag



1 - Information Tag Pullout with System Serial Number



This chapter contains the following topics:

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DXi4700 Remote Management Overview

The Quantum DXi4700 provides a powerful Web-based user interface that allows you to configure and manage the system from a remote workstation on the same network as the DXi4700.

 Note: Management pages and information related to VTL (virtual tape library) and Fibre Channel status and configuration display only for DXi4700 VTL and Multi-Protocol configurations. Similarly, management pages and information related to NAS (network attached storage) and OST (OpenStorage technology) display only for DXi4700 NAS and Multi-Protocol configurations.

Use the DXi4700 remote management console to perform the following tasks:

- Set up the DXi4700 using guided procedures (see Configuration Wizards).
- View important system information at a glance (see Home).
- Manage data replication activities (see <u>Replication</u>).
- Monitor hardware status and system performance (see <u>Status</u>).
- View administration alerts and resolve service tickets (see Alerts).

- Configure storage presentation, data replication, and system settings (see Configuration).
- Run diagnostic tools and maintain the system (see Utilities).

Accessing Remote Management

Access the remote management console using a Web browser on a workstation that is on the same network as the DXi4700.

Supported Browsers

Web browser software is not included with the DXi4700. You must obtain and install it separately. The DXi4700 remote management console supports the following Web browsers:

- Mozilla Firefox 36 or later
- Google Chrome 40 or later
- Microsoft Internet Explorer 11.

Web Browser Tips:

- If you are experiencing browser issues, please update to the latest browser version.
- To view the remote management console in Internet Explorer 11, you may need to add the website to the Trusted Sites list. Navigate to Tools > Internet Options > Security > Trusted sites. Click on the Sites button and add the website to the list.
- For correct operation of the remote management console, including the display of the online help, disable any pop-up blockers and enable JavaScript in your Web browser. In the Google Chrome browser, the DXi help may not appear when Help is selected. If this occurs, select Settings > Show Advanced Setting > Privacy > Pop-ups > Manage Exceptions. Add the DXi IP address to the exceptions box, select Allow, and click Done.

Logging On to the DXi4700

- 1. Launch a supported Web browser on a workstation that has network access to the DXi4700.
- 2. In the browser address box, type the IP address of the DXi4700, and then press < Enter>.

The Login window displays (see Figure 33 on the next page).

Figure 33: Login Window

Login	
Login Type	Monitor (view-only access)
	Administrator
	Service
	IDAP/AD (primary server: ldap7.quantum-sqa.com)
Username	
Password	
	Login
	U.S. Pat. No.: 5,990,810

If the **Login** window does not display, verify that the IP address is correct and that the network path to the DXi4700 is valid. Also verify that you are using a supported Web browser. Then try again. If you are still unable to access the **Login** window, contact your administrator.

i Note: The default IP address is **10.1.1.1**. The IP address can be changed during installation using the **Getting Started Wizard** or at a later time on the **Network** page (see <u>Network on page 302</u>).

- 3. Select the login type and enter the corresponding password.
 - Monitor Allowed to view information on the DXi4700 remote management console but cannot make changes.
 - Administrator Allowed to view and change information on the DXi4700 remote management console.
 - **Service** Allowed to view and change information on the DXi4700 remote management console. Password changes are not allowed.
 - LDAP/AD Allows users assigned system access through a Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) or Active Directory (AD) server to log into the DXi4700 remote management console.
 LDAP/AD must be enabled on the LDAP/AD page for this login type to appear (see LDAP/AD on page 328).
 - Note: Passwords are limited to 32 characters. Alphanumeric characters and special characters are allowed. Passwords can be changed on the Access Control page (see Security on page 315).
- 4. Click Login.
- If you log in as a user assigned to the Admin role (local or LDAP) and there were previous unsuccessful DXi4700 logins, a dialog box appears indicating the previous number of unsuccessful login attempts for both the current account and all accounts on the DXi4700(see Figure 34 on the next page).

- Click OK to continue.
- Click View Admin Log to access the Administrative Activity Log page (see <u>Activity Log on page 187</u>).

Note: Accessing the **Administrative Activity Log** page will cause the security message banner and service ticket banner (if applicable) to not display.

Click Reset Counts to reset the unsuccessful login count to zero.

Figure 34: Unsuccessful Login Attempts (Admin)

Unsucce	ssful Logins		
1	Since the last successful login, the number of unsuccessful login attempts for this account: 1 and the number of unsuccessful login attempts for all accounts: 4		
	Information about unsuccessful login attempts can be viewed in the Administrative Activity Log. Click the 'View Admin Log' button to open it.		
	If desired, click the 'Reset Counts' button to clear the unsuccessful login counter for all accounts.		
	OK View Admin Log Reset Counts		

If you log in as a user assigned to the Service (local) or Monitor role (local or LDAP) and there were previous unsuccessful DXi4700 logins, a dialog box appears indicating the previous number of unsuccessful login attempts (see Figure 35 below). Click **OK** to continue.

Figure 35: Unsuccessful Login Attempts (Service/Monitor)

Unsuccessful Logins		
♪	Since the last successful login, the number of unsuccessful login attempts for this account: 2	
	ОК	

6. If a security banner message has been specified for the DXi4700, click Accept.

For information about specifying a security banner message, see Security Notice on page 339.

7. A service ticket banner will appear if there are service tickets for the DXi4700. Click **OK** to access the **Service Tickets** page (see <u>Service Tickets on page 192</u>).

The Home page displays (see Figure 36 on the next page).

Figure 36: DXi4700 Home Page

Quantum.	DX <i>i</i> 4700	Normal Fri Aug 26 2016 - 7:0	03:31 PM UTC Admin Ticket	Low Capacity		Help
	lome					
ome	System Overview					
eplication tatus lerts onfiguration tilities	DXIO Hostname IP Address Version Serial Number Software Upgrade	DXi000C295BD73D 3.2 5 (13435-58562 ENG_Build0)	Replication Send Settings & Cumulative Statistic Target DXIs ?? 10.40.166.123 Original Data Size Actual Data Sent Average Send Rate	Ready Pause) 0.00 MB 0.00 MB 0.00 MB/s		
izards ap Advanced Reporting	Disk Usage Disk Capacity Available Disk Space (?) Show More	85.89 GB % of Capacity 75.17 GB 87.53%	Receive Settings & Cumulative Stati Source DXis Actual Data Received Average Receive Rate	1 configured ? 0.00 MB 0.00 MB/s	ļ	
	Data Reduction Statistics Data Size Before Reductio Data Size After Reduction Total Reduction Ratio Show More	n ? 0.00 MB 0.00 MB 0.00 : 1	Previous Minute Inline ? Replication Throttle Ethernet In i Out Accent ? Inline	0.00 MB/s None 0.00 MB/s 10.00 MB/s 0.00 MB/s		
			Ethernet In Bandwidth Reduction OST Service ? Concurrent Optimized Duplication			
			Inline Ethernet In Bandwidth Reduction Space Reclamation Compaction	0.00 MB/s 0.00 MB/s 0.00% Not running Not running		
			Healthchecks Scheduled Activities Current Schedules	Not running		

If you are unable to log on, verify that the password is correct, then try again. If you are still unable to log on, contact your DXi4700 administrator.

Caution: More than one Administrator can log on to the DXi at a time. If two Administrators attempt to make configuration changes on the same page at the same time, it is possible that one Administrator's changes will overwrite the other's. Always coordinate configuration changes with other Administrator users.

Logging Off of the DXi4700

When you are done working in the DXi4700 remote management console, click **Logout** on the upper right of the remote management console to end your session.

Additional Information

- If the DXi4700 remote management console is idle for more than 30 minutes (default setting), the system logs off the user. The inactivity timeout can be changed on the **Login Session** page.
- There is no inactivity timeout for CLI logins over Secure Shell (SSH).

The Remote Management Console

After you log on to the DXi4700, the remote management console displays. The remote management console includes the following features:

System Banner

The system banner displays at the top of the remote management console (see <u>Figure 37 below</u>). Use the system banner to see overall system status and alert information at a glance, and to quickly access additional information. The system banner also displays the time and date as well as the login type (administrator or monitor).

Figure 37: System Banner

Quantum. | DXi 4700 Normal Wed Nov 2 2016 - 12:09:57 PM PDT Admin Ticket Low Capacity Logout Role: admin Help-

The following items display on the system banner.

ltem	Description
Model Number	The model number of the DXi4700 (see Model Number on the next page).
Status	Displays the operating state of the DXi4700:
	Normal - (Green) The system is operating correctly.
	• Attention - (Yellow) There is a problem with the system.
	Note: The state displays Attention during a blockpool verify operation (see <u>Blockpool</u> <u>Verify Behavior on page 66</u>).
	• Verify Failure - (Red) The blockpool verify process has failed.
	Low Space - (Yellow) Available disk space is low. Ingest and replication continue, and space reclamation starts.
	 Critical Reserve Space - (Red) Available disk space is critically low. Ingest and replication are stopped, and space reclamation continues.
	 No Space - (Red) There is no available disk space. Ingest and replication are stopped, and space reclamation continues.
	Click the Status button to display detailed status information about the system (see <u>Hardware on page 170</u>).
Admin	The Admin button turns yellow when an administration alert occurs. Click the Admin button to manage administration alerts (see <u>Admin Alerts on page 191</u>).

ltem	Description
Ticket	The Ticket button turns yellow when open service tickets are present. Click the Ticket button to manage service tickets (see <u>Service Tickets on page 192</u>).
Low Capacity	The Low Capacity button turns yellow when available disk space falls to a low level and the DXi enters Low Space state (see <u>Low Space Management on the next page</u>). Click the Low Capacity button to view the administration alerts related to low disk space (see <u>Admin Alerts on page 191</u>).
	Note: When disk space is low, target replication to the system is paused (see <u>Replication Service on page 166</u>). In addition, space reclamation and compaction are automatically started to free up disk space (see <u>Space Reclamation on page 372</u>).
Logout	Click to end your remote management session.
User	Username assigned to the user (local or LDAP)
Role	Role assigned to the local user (Admin, Monitor, or Service) or LDAP user (Admin or Monitor)
Help Menu	Select from the following help options:
	Help Contents - Open the DXi4700 online help.
	Online Documentation - Access documentation resources on the Quantum Web site.
	About - Display DXi software version information.

Model Number

The Model Number displays in the DXi4700 **System Overview** section on the **Home** page. The model number indicates the specific hardware configuration of the DXi4700.

The table below describes the DXi4700 hardware configuration that is indicated by each model number.

Table 1: DXi4700 Model Number

DXi4700 Model Number	DXi4700 Configuration
DXi4700 - NAS	5–135 TB usable for data storage
	3 x 1 GbE Ethernet ports
	(Optional) 2 x 10 GbE Ethernet ports or 2 x 10 GBase-T Ethernet ports.

DXi4700 Model Number	DXi4700 Configuration
DXi4700 - VTL	5–135 TB usable for data storage
	3 x 1 GbE Ethernet ports
	(Optional) 2×10 GbE Ethernet ports or 2×10 GBase-T Ethernet ports.
	2 x 8 Gb Fibre Channel ports (for host or SAN connection)
DXi4700 - Multi-Protocol	5–135 TB usable for data storage
	3 x 1 GbE Ethernet ports
	(Optional) 2×10 GbE Ethernet ports or 2×10 GBase-T Ethernet ports.
	2 x 8 Gb Fibre Channel ports (for host or SAN connection)
	2 x 8 Gb Fibre Channel ports (for PTT)

Low Space Management

As disk capacity is used and free disk space approaches low levels, the DXi4700 automatically responds as detailed in the table below.

When the DXi4700 enters the **Low Space** state, space reclamation and compaction are automatically started to free up disk space (see <u>Space Reclamation on page 372</u>). Space reclamation and compaction end when the DXi4700 exits the **Low Space** state.

When the DXi4700 enters the **Critical Reserve Space** state, backup ingest is stopped, and target replication to the system is paused. Backup ingest and target replication resume when the DXi4700 exits the **Critical Reserve Space** state.

Note: The system generates a service ticket and an admin alert when it enters the Low Space, Critical Reserve Space, and No Space states. In addition, a service ticket and an admin alert are generated when Used Disk Space reaches 85% and 95% of total disk capacity.

DXi4700 State	Disk Space Level	System Actions
Normal (Green)	Normal disk space	Low Capacity button is dark.
		Backup ingest and replication occur as normal.
		Space reclamation occurs at normally scheduled times.
Low Space	Free Space is less than:	Low Capacity button is lit.
(Yellow)	850 GB + 100 GB x (total usable capacity in TB / 10 TB)	Backup ingest and replication occur as normal.
		Space reclamation is automatically started.

DXi4700 State	Disk Space Level	System Actions
Critical Reserve Space (Red)	Free Space is less than: 250 GB	 Low Capacity button is lit. Backup ingest and replication are stopped. Space reclamation is automatically started. Note: VTL cartridge metadata files may still be updated.
No Space (Red)	 Free Space is less than: 10 GB Note: No Space also occurs if the Used Metadata percentage is 85% or greater. 	 Low Capacity button is lit. Backup ingest and replication are stopped. Space reclamation is automatically started. Note: VTL cartridge metadata files <i>may not</i> be updated.

Blockpool Verify Behavior

A blockpool verify operation occurs if data on the system requires repair, for example, after an unexpected shutdown due to a power loss. During a blockpool verify operation, the banner displays the **Attention** state. Clicking **Attention** displays the message: A previous unclean shutdown of the DXi has required a data verification to commence. While in this condition the DXi is operational, but performance may be severely degraded.

While a blockpool verify operation is in progress, some system operations are affected.

- Mounting VTL cartridges created prior to the blockpool verify may fail.
- Retrieving data created prior to the blockpool verify may fail.
- Creating and mounting new VTL cartridges should succeed.
- Ingesting new data to new VTL cartridges or using NAS/OST should succeed.
- Sending data that existed prior to the blockpool verify to a replication target may fail.
- Sending new data to a replication target, or receiving replicated data, should succeed.
- Space reclamation and healthchecks will fail.

When the blockpool verify is complete, the banner displays Normal, and the system resumes normal operation

Main Menu

The main menu displays on the left side of the DXi4700 remote management console (see <u>Figure 38 on the</u> <u>next page</u>). Click a menu item to display the corresponding management page.

To access **DXi Advanced Reporting**, click the link below the main menu. Quantum DXi Advanced Reporting provides performance data logging and visual reporting and graphing features for Quantum DXi-Series systems. For more information, see the *Quantum DXi Advanced Reporting User's Guide* (6-67353).

Note: Clicking Wizards on the main menu replaces the main menu with the wizards menu. Click a menu item to begin a wizard, or click Exit to return to the main menu (see <u>Configuration Wizards on page 69</u>).

Figure 38: Main Menu

Quantum.	DX <i>i</i> 4700 Norm	1al Fri Aug 26 2016 - 7:03:31 PM UTC Admin	Ticket Low Capacity	Logout Administrator (Help -
Home	tem Overview			Help
Replication DXI Status Ho Alerts IP Configuration Se Utilities So Wizards Dis Map Dis Advanced Avanced	0 Stname DX10000 Address 32.5 (13) rial Number thvare Uparade k Usage k Capacity 85.4 vailable Disk Space ? 75:	2295BD73D 4435-58562 ENG_Build0 89 GB % of Capacity 17 GB 87.53% Replication Send Settings & Cumulative Target DXis ? 10.40.166.123 Original Data Size Actual Data Size Actual Data Sent Average Send Rate Receive Settings & Cumulative Target DXis Actual Data Received Average Receive Rate	Ready Pause 0.00 MB 0.00 MB 0.00 MB/s	rop -
Reporting Dat Dat Da Tot	ta Size After Reduction 0.0	Current Activity Previous Minute Inline ? Replication Throttle Ethernet In Accent ?? Inline Ethernet In Bandwidth Reduction OST Service ?? Concurrent Optimized E Inline Ethernet In Bandwidth Reduction Space Reclamation Compaction Healthchecks Scheduled Activities	0.00 MB/s None Out 0.00 MB/s 0.00 MB/s 0.00 MB/s 0.00% Ready Duplication 0.00 MB/s 0.00 MB/s	

Management Pages

Use the DXi4700 management pages to view information as well as configure and manage the system. To navigate to a page, first click a menu item, then click a tab to display the corresponding page. Some pages include sub-tabs that display pages with additional information and options.

To view a graphical map of all remote management pages, click **Map** on the main menu (see). On the map, click the name of a page to quickly navigate to that page (see <u>Figure 39 on the next page</u>).

If you need help as you work, click **Help** in the page's title bar to see online help for that page. In addition, Quick Tips are available on many pages. Click the **Quick Tip** icon [?] next to a section or field to learn more about that item.

Note: Management pages related to VTL (virtual tape library) and Fibre Channel status and configuration do not display for DXi4700 NAS configurations. Similarly, management pages related to NAS (network attached storage) and OST (OpenStorage technology) do not display for DXi4700 VTL configurations.

Caution: Unless directed to do so by the documentation, do not use your Web browser's Back, Forward, or Refresh buttons when navigating in the remote management console. Doing so may have unintended effects. Instead, always use the main menu and tabs to navigate in the remote management console.

Figure 39: Remote Management Pages Map





This chapter contains the following topics:

Configuration Wizards	69
NAS Wizard	71
VTL Wizard	77
OST Wizard	87
Replication Wizard	92
Users Wizard	99
Email Alerts Wizard	107
Support Wizard	111

Configuration Wizards

The **Configuration Wizards** provide guided assistance for setting up the DXi4700. Use the wizards to quickly configure the most important features of the system, including storage presentation and data replication. Each wizard leads you step-by-step through the configuration process.

The **Configuration Wizards** page displays the first time you log on to the remote management console after completing the **Getting Started** wizard. After that, to access the **Configuration Wizards**, click **Wizards** on the main menu. This replaces the main menu with the **Wizards** menu (see Figure 40 on page 71).

The Wizards menu includes the following wizards:

Wizard	Description
NAS (NAS and Multi-Protocol configurations only)	Helps you configure the DXi4700 as a NAS (Network Attached Storage) appliance. NAS shares can be added using the CIFS/SMB, NFS, or Application Specific protocols (see <u>NAS Wizard on the next page</u>).
VTL (VTL and Multi-Protocol configurations only)	Helps you configure the DXi4700 to present its storage as one or more VTL (Virtual Tape Library) partitions for use with a backup application (see <u>VTL Wizard on</u> <u>page 77</u>).
OST (NAS and Multi-Protocol configurations only)	Helps you configure the DXi4700 to present its storage as one or more OST (OpenStorage) storage servers for use with a backup application (see <u>OST Wizard on</u> <u>page 87</u>).
Replication	Helps you configure the DXi4700 to send replicated data to or receive replicated data from another DXisystem (see <u>Replication Wizard on page 92</u>).
Users	Helps you configure the DXi4700 to manage users for Application Specific shares, OST storage servers, PTT Backups, Share Administrators, and Workgroup Users for CIFS/SMB shares (see <u>Users Wizard on</u> page 99).
Email Alerts	 Helps you configure the DXi4700 to automatically send notifications and reports to selected recipients (see Email Alerts Wizard on page 107). Note: Before exiting the Wizards menu, Quantum recommends configuring an e-mail server and enabling automatic e-mails. To help maintain system integrity, Quantum regularly collects system information through automatic e-mails. These e-mails contain configuration and status information only, and do not contain any customer data stored on the system
Support	Helps you enable licensed features on the DXi, register your system with DXi, and perform other tasks that will aid Quantum customer support in assisting you (see <u>Support Wizard on page 111</u>).

Click an item on the **Wizards** menu to begin a wizard. After you complete a wizard, a green check mark displays next to its name on the **Wizards** menu. To display the main menu again, click **Exit**.

Figure 40: Wizards Menu



NAS Wizard

The **NAS** wizard provides guided assistance for configuring the DXi4700 as a NAS (Network Attached Storage) appliance. The wizard guides you through the process of adding one or more NAS shares to receive backup data and configuring these shares with the CIFS/SMB, NFS, or Application Specific protocols. The wizard also provides a link for downloading and installing an Application Specific Plug-in on your backup host.

Additional Information

- The NAS Wizard is available in DXi4700 NAS and Multi-Protocol configurations only.
- You cannot use the NAS wizard to edit existing shares. For more information about working with NAS shares, see <u>NAS Configuration on page 200</u>.

To begin the NAS wizard, on the Wizards menu, click NAS.

Step 1: About

- 1. Read the information about the wizard (see Figure 41 on the next page).
- 2. Click Next to continue.

(i) Note: At any time while using the wizard, you can click **Previous** to return to the previous step.

Figure 41: NAS Wizard: About

Wizards	1 About 2 Windows 3 Add Share 4 Confirm 5 Download Client Plug-In	
Welcome	NAS	elp
NAS		_
VTL	Network Attached Storage (NAS)	
OST	A NAS unit is a self-contained computer connected to an Ethernet network which supplies data storage services to other devices.	
Replication	One or more NAS Shares must be configured on this DXi before it can be used as a NAS appliance.	
Users	Steps to add NAS Shares:	
Email Alerts	Configure Windows Domain settings if connected to a Windows host. Add one or more shares with CIFS/SMB, NFS, or Application Specific protocol.	
Support	Download and install the Quantum client plug-in on your backup host for shares using Application Specific protocol.	
Exit		
	Next >	

Step 2: Windows

- 1. Select an option for joining the DXi4700 to the Windows network (see Figure 42 on the next page):
 - Active Directory Add the DXi4700 to a Windows network using Active Directory
 - Workgroup Add the DXi4700 to a workgroup on a Windows network

1 Note: To disjoin a domain, see Windows Domain on page 208.

- 2. In the **Domain/Workgroup Name** box, enter the name of the domain or workgroup the DXi4700 is joining.
- 3. (Active Directory only) Enter information about the primary domain controller:

PDC Information	Description
Primary Domain Controller	 Select an option for the Primary Domain Controller (PDC): Use DNS Discovery - Discover the PDC automatically. Specify Address - Enter the fully qualified name or the IP address of the PDC.
Organization Unit	(Optional) Enter the name of the organizational unit in the domain. The DXi4700 will become a member of this organization
PDC Information	Description
------------------------	---
Administrator Name	Enter Administrator or any user that has the right to join the domain.
	By default, any user belonging to the Administrators group or the Domain Admins group has the right to join the domain. In addition, any user can join the domain if they are specifically delegated this right by a member of the Administrators group.
Administrator Password	Enter the password for the user entered above.

1 Note: To configure users, see <u>Share Access on page 210</u>.

4. Click **Next** to continue.

Figure 42: NAS Wizard: Windows

Wizards	1 About 2 Windows 3 Add Share 4 Confirm 5 Download Client Plug-In	
Welcome	Windows Domain Settings	Help
NAS VTL OST Replication Users Email Alerts Support Exit	Windows Domain Configure a Windows domain or Windows workgroup If your DXI will be used as a NAS appliance with a Windows host Click Apply to save settings. Domain Type ?) • Active Directory • Workgroup * Domain Workgroup Name • Domain Workgroup Name Primary Domain Controller • Domain Controller • Use DNS Discovery • Specify Address Organization Unit • Administrator Name • Required Field Apply Reset	

Step 3: Add Share

1. Under Add Share, enter information about the NAS share (see Figure 43 on the next page):

Name	Enter the name of the NAS share.
	 Additional Information NAS share names are not case-sensitive. For example, if you create a share named nas1, you cannot create another share named NAS1 because the system considers the names to be the same.
	 Virtual Machine (VM) NAS shares must be named "VM" (upper case).
Description	(Optional) Enter a brief description of the share.
Protocol	Select the export protocol for the share:
	 CIFS/SMB - Select the CIFS/SMB option to use the share on a Windows network.
	 NFS - Select the NFS option to use the share on a UNIX or Linux network.
	Application Specific - Select the Application Specific option to create an Oracle RMAN share.
Enable deduplication	(CIFS/SMB/NFS shares only) Select the check box to enable data deduplication. Quantum recommends that you enable data deduplication to optimize disk usage.
	Additional Information
	 Data deduplication is enabled by default. You cannot enable or disable data deduplication after the share is added.
	Deduplication of Application Specific shares is enabled by default.
	VM NAS shares must have deduplication disabled.
Hide from network browsing	(CIFS/SMB shares only) Select the check box to hide the share from network browsing. If selected, you cannot see the share when browsing the network.

2. Click Add.

3. (Optional) To add additional shares, repeat Steps 1–2.

Chapter 4: Configuration Wizards NAS Wizard

4. Click **Next** to continue.

Figure 43: NAS Wizard: Add Share

Wizards	1 About 2 Windows 3 Add Share 4 Confirm 5 Download Client Plug-In
Welcome	Add Shares Help
NAS	
VTL	Add Share For each share you wish to add fill in the appropriate information and click the Add button.
OST	For each share you wish to add in in the appropriate mormation and click the kod buildn. Shares: 0 Maximum: 128
Replication	
Users	* Name
	Description
Email Alerts	Protocol
Support	GIFS/SMB
Exit	© NFS
	O Application Specific
	Hide from network browsing
	I Enable deduplication ? Deduplication setting cannot be changed after share is created.
	* Required Field
	Add Reset
	<pre></pre>

Step 4: Confirm

- 1. Review the settings you selected to make sure they are correct (see Figure 44 on the next page). If necessary, click **Previous** to return to a previous step to make changes.
- 2. To make changes to a NAS share you added, first select the share and click **Delete** to delete the share. Then click **Previous** to return to the previous step and add a new share.
- 3. After you have confirmed all settings, click **Finish**. The wizard configures the DXi4700 with the settings you selected.

Figure 44: NAS Wizard: Confirm

Wizards	1 About 2 Windows	3 Add Share	Confirm 5 De	wnload Clien	nt Plug-In		
Welcome	Confirm NAS Settings						Help
NAS VTL OST Replication Users Email Alerts Support Exit	share(s) with the p Use the Previous b 	referred settings. utton to make changes t nly be saved after Finish Active Directory ne quantum-sqa.com		the Previous but	ton to add new		
	Share Name	Description	Deduplication	Protocol	Hidden Not Hidden		
	Share-1	Sample Share 1 Sample Share 2	Enabled Enabled	CIFS/SMB CIFS/SMB	Not Hidden		
	Delete						
	< Previous Fir	l ish	ire screenshot.				

Step 5: Download Client Plug-in

To download the Application Specific (RMAN) Plug-in, click **Client Plug-in Download**(see <u>Figure 45 on</u> <u>the next page</u>). On the download page, download the correct RMAN Plug-in for your backup application and operating system.

Also on the download page, click **Installation Instructions** to download the *RMAN Plug-in Installation Instructions*. Follow the instructions to install the RMAN Plug-in on your Oracle server. Figure 45: NAS Wizard: Download Client Plug-in



VTL Wizard

The **VTL** wizard provides guided assistance for configuring the DXi4700 to present its storage as one or more VTL (Virtual Tape Library) partitions for use with a backup application. The wizard guides you through the process of adding one or more VTL partitions, adding virtual media, discovering hosts, and mapping partitions to hosts.

Additional Information

- The VTL Wizard is available in DXi4700 VTL and Multi-Protocol configurations only.
- You cannot use the VTL wizard to edit or add media to existing partitions, or to edit existing host access groups. For more information about working with VTL partitions, see <u>VTL Configuration on</u> page 216.

To begin the VTL wizard, on the Wizards menu, click VTL.

Step 1: About

- 1. Read the information about the wizard (see Figure 46 on the next page).
- 2. Click Next to continue.

(i) Note: At any time while using the wizard, you can click **Previous** to return to the previous step.

Figure 46: VTL Wizard: About



Chapter 4: Configuration Wizards VTL Wizard

Step 2: Add Partition

1. Under **Partition Settings**, enter information about the partition (see Figure 47 on page 82):

Partition Setting	Description
Name	Enter the name of the VTL partition.
Library Model	Select the library model emulated by the partition. The library model determines the inquiry string returned to the host by the DXi4700.
	The following library models are available:
	Quantum DXi7500
	 ADIC Scalar 100, ADIC Scalar i2000, or ADIC Scalar i500
	ADIC Pathlight VX
	Quantum Scalar i40/i80 or Quantum Scalar i6000
	 Quantum DXi6700, Quantum DXi6900, Quantum DXi6800, Quantum DXi4700, Quantum DXi4601, QuantumDXi4500, or Quantum DXi8500
	Quantum DX3000 or Quantum DX5000
	Quantum PX500 or Quantum PX720
	 ATL M2500, ATL P1000, or ATL P7000
	If you select a library such as the ATL P1000 or ATL P7000, the DXi4700 appears as the selected library to the host and backup application. If you select Quantum DXi4700, the host and backup application recognize the device as a Quantum DXi4700.
	Note: Quantum recommends that you set the library model to Quantum DXi4700 for best compatibility. If your backup application does not support the Quantum Quantum DXi4700 inquiry string, select a different library model. Check your software compatibility guide to verify what library models are supported.
Number of Storage Slots	Accept the default number of storage slots (based on model), or enter the number of storage slots in the partition (up to 61,000).
	One I/E slot is created for each storage slot up to a maximum of 240 I/E slots.

Partition Setting	Description
Virtual Tape Drive Model	Select the tape drive model emulated by the virtual drives in the partition. All virtual tape drives in a partition must be the same model.
	The following tape drive models are available:
	 Quantum DLT-S4, SDLT600, SDLT320, or DLT7000
	Certance LTO-2 and LTO-3
	 IBM LTO-1, LTO-2, LTO-3, LTO-4, and LTO-5.
	HP LTO-1, LTO-2, LTO-3, LTO-4, and LTO-5.
Number of Virtual Tape Drives	Accept the default number of tape drives (based on model), or enter the number of virtual tape drives in the partition.
	Note: If all tape drives are currently assigned to other partitions, you must remove one or more tape drives from an existing partition to make them available for use in a new partition.
Enable deduplication	Select the check box to enable data deduplication. Quantum recommends that you enable data deduplication to optimize disk usage.
	Note: Data deduplication is enabled by default. You cannot enable or disable data deduplication after the partition is added.
Enable Auto Export	Select the check box to enable auto export. When a tape is exported by the backup application, it is placed in a virtual I/E slot. After this, one of the following actions occurs:
	 (Default) If Auto Export is enabled, the media is removed from the virtual I/E slot.
	• If Auto Export is disabled, the media remains in the virtual I/E slot.

- 2. Click Add.
- 3. (Optional) To add additional partitions, repeat Steps 1–2.
- 4. Click **Next** to continue.

Figure 47: VTL Wizard: Add Partition

Wizards	1 About 2 Add Partition 3 A	dd Media 4 Discover Remote Hosts 5 Map Remote Hosts 6 Confirm	
Welcome	Add VTL Help		
NAS VTL	For each partition you wish to add, fill in the	appropriate information and click the Add button.	
OST	New Partitions: 0	Existing Partitions: 4 Available Partitions: 60	
Replication	Available Virtual Tape Drives: 128 of 160	Maximum Slots per Partition: 9000 Maximum Virtual Tape Drives per Partition: 160	
Email Alerts	* Name		
Support	Library Model	Quantum DXi6900 -	
Exit	* Number of Storage Slots	1000 ?	
	Virtual Tape Drive Model	Quantum DLT-S4 • ?	
	* Number of Virtual Tape Drives	8	
	Enable deduplication ? Deduplication	on setting cannot be changed after partition is created.	
	Enable Auto Export ?		
	* Required Field		
	Add Reset		
	<previous next=""></previous>		

Step 3: Add Media

- 1. In the **Partition** drop-down box, select the partition where the media will be created (see Figure 48 on the next page).
- 2. Under Add Contiguous Media, enter information about the media:

Media Setting	Description
Initial Location	The initial location for cartridges after they are created (Storage Slot or I/E Slot).
	Note: You cannot create more cartridges than the number of available slots in the initial location. For example, if 50 I/E slots are available, you cannot create more than 50 cartridges if the initial location is set to I/E Slot .
Number of Media	The number of cartridges to create in the partition.
Starting Barcode	The first barcode number in the cartridge sequence. You can enter any alpha-numeric string for the starting barcode. Subsequent barcodes are incremented accordingly. For example, if you enter AA, the cartridges are numbered AA0000, AA0001, AA0002, and so on. If you enter a starting barcode with less than 6 characters, zeroes are appended to the barcode to make it 6 characters long.

Media Setting	Description
Media Type	 The media type of the cartridges. Note: The available media type options are determined by the type of tape drive selected when the partition was created (see <u>Adding a VTL Partition or page 219</u>).
Media Capacity	 The capacity of the cartridges. Select an option: Native Size - The capacity is determined by the selected media type.
	• Custom Size - The capacity is a custom value. Enter the custom cartridge capacity in the box. Make sure the value is within the acceptable range displayed next to the box.

- 3. Click Add.
- 4. (Optional) To add additional media, repeat Steps 1–3.
- 5. Click **Next** to continue.

Figure 48: VTL Wizard: Add Media

Quantum.	DXi 4700	Normal Thu Apr 23 2015 - 9:27:23 PDT Admin Ticket Low Capacity Logout Administrator	Help -
Wizards	1 About 2 Add Partitio	n 3 Add Media 4 Discover Remote Hosts 5 Map Remote Hosts 6 Confirm	
Welcome	Add Media		Help
NAS			
VTL	Partition Name Test	•	
OST	Virtual Library Model Quan	tum DXi4700 Virtual Tape Drive Model Quantum DLT-S4	
Replication	Empty Storage Slots	500 Empty I/E Slots 240	
Email Alerts	Existing Media	0	
Support	Add Contiguous Media		
Exit	Initial Location	Storage Slot	
	* Number of Media	(1 to 500)	
	* Starting Barcode	(A-Z, 0-9)	
	Media Type	DLT S4 -	
	Media Capacity		
	Native Size	DLT S4, 800 GB	
	Custom Size	(5 to 800 GB)	
	* Required Field		
	Add	eset	
	< Previous Next		

Step 4: Discover Remote Hosts

1. Click **Discover Remote Hosts** to list all hosts that are known to the DXi4700 (see Figure 49 on the next page).

A host is made known to the DXi4700 if you enter the host ID on this page, or if the host logs on to one or more Fibre Channel target ports.

If you do not see the world wide name (WWN) of the host, make sure the host is connected to a Fibre Channel port on the DXi4700 and click **Discover Remote Hosts** again.

The **Backpanel Locations** section displays a graphical representation of the Fibre Channel and Ethernet ports as they appear on the rear of the system.

Note: An **Active** status indicates the host is currently logged on to one or more Fibre Channel target ports.

2. Enter information about the host:

Host Information	Description	
Remote Host WWPN	Enter the World Wide Port Name (WWPN) of the host.	
Alias	Enter a descriptive alias for the host	

- 3. Click Apply.
- 4. (Optional) To discover additional hosts, repeat Steps 1–3.
- 5. Click Next to continue.

Figure 49: VTL Wizard: Discover Remote Hosts

Wizards	1 About 2 Add Partition 3 Add Media 4 Discover Remote Hosts 5 Map Remote Hos	ts 6 Confirm
Welcome	Discover Remote Hosts	
NAS VTL OST Replication Email Alerts Support Exit	Remote Host Port Name - WWPN Alias Target Ports Connection Status	nel Port Backpanel Locations
	2100001b3281fa99 FC1(Active, Direct) Active Apply Reset < Previous Next >	ped Target 🛛 Unmapped Target

Step 5: Map Remote Hosts

1. Enter information about the host access group (see Figure 50 on the next page):

Host Access Information	Description
Group Name	Enter a name for the group.
Partition	Select the partition to associate with the group.
Remote Host	Select the host (initiator) to associate with the group.
Target	Select the target (port) to associate with the group.
	Note: The Backpanel Locations section displays a graphical representation of the Fibre Channel and Ethernet ports as they appear on the rear of the system. A dark border displays around the currently selected target.

To change the LUN numbers assigned to a device, or to map virtual devices to a host, use the **Configuration > VTL > Host Access > Host Mapping** page (see <u>Remote Host Mapping on</u> page 235).

2. (Optional) Select the Use CCL check box to use the Command and Control LUN.

Note: The CCL (Command and Control LUN) is not used in most environments. This option is recommended for host access groups that contain an HP-UX host. It can also be used if hosts that are not assigned to any host access group exist in the SAN. The CCL is accessible to hosts only through LUN 0.

Caution: If you are not sure if you should use CCL, contact Quantum Customer Support before you enable this option.

- 3. Click Add.
- 4. (Optional) To map additional hosts, repeat Steps 1-3.
- 5. Click **Next** to continue.

Figure 50: VTL Wizard: Map Remote Hosts

Wizards	1 About 2 Add Partition 3 Add Media 4 Discover Remote Hosts 5 Map Remote Hosts 6 Confirm
Welcome	Map Remote Hosts
NAS VTL OST Replication Email Alerts	Mapping allows remote hosts (backup servers) to access virtual devices in the partition. A host access group includes a remote host (a Fibre Channel initiator on your SAN), a target port (a Fibre Channel target on the DXI), and a partition . To allow multiple remote hosts to access devices that belong to the same partition, you must create separate host access groups for each remote host. Please use the Configuration VTL Remote Host Access Groups page for any of the following conditions: • To change the LUNs assigned to a device. • To map some, but not all, virtual devices from a partition to a remote host.
Exit	Group Name Partition Test Remote Host WWPN-2100001b3281fa99 Target System: FC1 (direct) Use CCL (not common)? Add Reset Selected Mapped Target Unmapped Target Active Initiator

Step 6: Confirm

- 1. Review the settings you selected to make sure they are correct (see Figure 51 below). If necessary, click **Previous** to return to a previous step to make changes.
- 2. To make changes to a VTL partition, media, or host access group you added, first select the item and click **Delete** to delete it. Then click **Previous** to return to the appropriate step and add a new item.
- 3. After you have confirmed all settings, click **Finish**. The wizard configures the DXi4700 with the settings you selected.

Figure 51: VTL Wizard: Confirm

Wizards	1 About 2 Add Parition 3 Add Media 4 Discover Remote Hosts 5 Map Remote Hosts 6 Confirm
Welcome	Confirm VTL Settings Help
NAS VTL OST Replication Email Alerts Support Exit	Commit Vice Octanged Mage Confirm Settings Please confirm the settings below are correct. Use the appropriate Delete button to delete partitions, media or host access groups. Use the Previous button to add a partition, add media, or to make changes to remote host mapping. VTL settings will only be saved after Finish is selected. Partition Settings Partition Settings Partition Name Library Model Drive Model Drives Stots Deduptication Test Quantum DX4700 Quantum DLT-S4 4 500 Enabled Delete Media Settings No media have been configured in the session. Host Access Group Settings No host access groups have been configured in the session. < Previous Finish

OST Wizard

The **OST** wizard provides guided assistance for configuring the DXi4700 to present its storage as one or more OST (OpenStorage) storage servers for use with a backup application. The wizard guides you through the process of adding one or more OST storage servers and configuring LSUs (logical storage units). The wizard also provides a link for downloading and installing the OST Plug-in on your backup host.

Additional Information

- The OST Wizard is available in DXi4700 NAS and Multi-Protocol configurations only.
- If you plan to use **Concurrent Optimized Duplication**, you should complete the Replication wizard before beginning the OST wizard (see <u>Replication Wizard on page 92</u>).
- You cannot use the OST wizard to edit existing storage servers or LSUs. For more information about working with OST, see <u>OST Configuration on page 242</u>.

To begin the OST wizard, on the Wizards menu, click OST.

Step 1: About

1. Read the information about the wizard (see Figure 52 below).

The **About** page displays the status of the OST service. OST settings can be configured in **Ready**, **Stopped**, or **Verifying** state. The OST server is available for backup only in **Ready** state.

- 2. Click Next to continue.
- **1** Note: At any time while using the wizard, you can click **Previous** to return to the previous step.

Figure 52: OST Wizard: About

Wizards	1 About 2 Add Storage Servers 3 Add LSU's 4 Confirm 5 Download OST Client Plug-In
Welcome	OST Wizard Help
NAS 🥑	
VTL	OpenStorage Technology (OST)
OST	OST Service Ready 9
Replication	Your DXi can be set up to contain one or more OST storage servers.
Users	At least one is needed to use the DXI OST feature.
Email Alerts	Steps to set up your DXI OST environment: Add storage servers.
Support	Add LSU's to each storage server. Confirm your OST configuration.
Exit	Download and install the Quantum OST client plug-in on your backup host.
	Next >

Step 2: Add Storage Servers

1. Under Add Storage Server, enter information about the storage server (see Figure 53 on the next page):

Storage Server Information	Description
Name	Enter the name of the storage server. Caution: Do not use an underscore (_) in the name of the storage server.
Description	(Optional) Enter a brief description of the storage server.
Max Connections	Enter the maximum number of connections allowed to the storage server. To disable OST, enter 0 connections. To enable OST, enter 3 to 65536 connections
	Note: Quantum recommends setting Max Connections to 300.
Enable Concurrent Optimized Duplication	Select the check box to enable optimized duplication during OST ingest.
	Concurrent Optimized Duplication is disabled by default. If enabled, as data is written to the storage server, it is simultaneously replicated to the target DXi. When optimized duplication or Automatic Image Replication subsequently occurs, the operation is more efficient because a portion of the required data has already been replicated to the target storage server.
	Note: To configure the target DXi, see <u>Replication Wizard on</u> page 92.
	Note: When Concurrent Optimized Duplication is enabled, all data on the storage server is duplicated, not just the specified images.

- 2. Select the check box for each optimized duplication target you want to duplicate the storage server to. When the storage server is duplicated, its data will be sent to all selected targets.
- 3. Click Add.

The storage server displays in the Storage Servers Added table.

4. (Optional) To add additional storage servers, repeat Steps 1-2.

To remove a storage server, select it in the Storage Servers Added table and click Delete.

5. Click **Next** to continue.

Figure 53: OST Wizard: Add Storage Servers

Wizards	1 About 2 Add Storage Servers 3 Add LSU's 4 Confirm 5 Download OST Client Plug-In
Welcome	OST Storage Servers Help
NAS 🥑	Existing Storage Servers 0 🕴 Added 0 🎍 Total 0 🗍 Maximum 100
VTL OST Replication Users Email Alerts Support	Add Storage Server * Name Description * Max Connections 300 (0 to 65536) Enable Concurrent Optimized Duplication Concurrent Optimized Duplication Target DXis Status Encryption
Exit	No target DXIs have been configured. * Required Field Add < Previous Next >

Step 3: Add LSUs

1. Enter information about the LSU (see Figure 54 on the next page).

LSU Information	Description
Storage Server	Select the storage server that will contain the new LSU.
Use Available Capacity	Select this option to add an LSU that uses the available capacity on the system.
	You cannot add an available capacity LSU to a storage server that already contains an LSU. Also, if you add an available capacity LSU to a storage server, you cannot add additional LSUs to that same storage server.
	() Note: After you add an LSU that uses the Available Capacity option, you cannot change the LSU to use the Specific Capacity option. Instead, you must delete the LSU, then add a new LSU and choose the Specific Capacity option (see <u>Deleting an LSU on</u> page 257).
Specify Capacity	Select this option to specify the physical capacity of the LSU, and then enter the following information.
	LSU Name - Enter the name of the LSU.
	 Physical Capacity - Enter the physical capacity of the LSU (1 to 1048576 GB).

2. Click Add.

The LSU displays in the LSUs Added table.

3. (Optional) To add additional LSUs, repeat Steps 1–2.

To remove an LSU, select it in the LSUs Added table and click Delete.

4. Click **Next** to continue.

Additional Information

- The LSU limit is 1000.
- To configure the LSU for Automatic Image Replication, use the Configuration > OST > LSU page (see <u>LSU on page 252</u>).

Figure 54: OST Wizard: Add LSUs

Wizards	1 About 2 Add Storage Servers 3 Add LSU's 4 Confirm 5 Download OST Client Plug-In
Welcome	OST LSU'S Help
NAS 🥑	
VTL	Add LSU * Storage Server
OST	
Replication	Use Available Capacity Specify Capacity ?
Users	* LSU Name * Physical Capacity (1 to 1048576 GB)
Email Alerts	
Support	* Required Field
Exit	Add
	< Previous Next>

Step 4: Confirm

- Review the settings you selected to make sure they are correct (see <u>Figure 55 on the next page</u>). The items to be added display in the **Storage Servers Added**, LSUs Added, and Users Added tables. If necessary, click **Previous** to return to a previous step to make changes.
- 2. To make changes to storage servers or LSUs you added, click **Previous** to return to the appropriate step. Select the incorrect item and click **Delete** to remove it, and then add a new item.
- 3. After you have confirmed all settings, click **Finish**. The wizard configures the DXi4700 with the settings you selected.

Figure 55: OST Wizard: Confirm

Wizards	1 About 2 Add Storage Servers 3 Add LSU's 4 Confirm 5 Download OST Client Plug-In
Welcome	OST Confirmation Help
NAS VTL OST Replication Users Email Alerts Support Exit	Confirmation To make any changes, go back to the corresponding step, delete and recreate the entry to change. • The current OST wizard entries will only be saved after Finish is selected. Storage Servers Added Name Max Connections Concurrent Optimized Duplication Description SampleServer 300 Enabled, No Targets
	< Previous Finish

Step 5: Download OST Client Plug-in

To download the OST Plug-in, click **Client Plug-in Download** (see <u>Figure 56 below</u>). On the download page, download the correct OST Plug-in for your backup application and operating system.

Also on the download page, click **Installation Instructions**, to download the OST *Plug-in Installation Instructions*. Follow the instructions to install the OST Plug-in on your media server.

Figure 56: OST Wizard: Download OST Client Plug-in



Replication Wizard

The **Replication** wizard provides guided assistance for configuring the DXi4700 to send replicated data to another DXi system as part of disaster recovery plan. The wizard can also help you configure the DXi4700 to receive replicated data from another DXi system.

Sources *send* replicated data, and targets *receive* replicated data. A target system can receive data from up to 10 sources. However, a source system can replicate data up to two targets. Finally, one system can act as both a source and a target.

Additional Information

- For more information about working with data replication, see <u>Replication on page 129</u>.
- Use the **Replication** wizard (or the **Configuration** > **Replication** page) to configure other DXi systems that this DXi4700 is configured to send replicated data to or receive replicated data from. You should configure a target system before configuring source systems.

To begin the Replication wizard, on the Wizards menu, click Replication.

Step 1: About

- 1. Read the information about the wizard.
- 2. Click Next to continue.
- **Note:** At any time while using the wizard, you can click **Previous** to return to the previous step (see Figure 57 on the next page).

Figure 57: Replication Wizard: About

Wizards	1 About 2 System 3 NAS Shares 4 VTL Partition 5 Confirm
Welcome	Replication Holp
NAS VTL OST Replication Email Alerts Support	About Replication The Replication Witzard helps to configure replication settings so that deduplicated data can be replicated from the source DXI to the target DXI. Your DXI can send replicated data, receive replicated data, or both. Configuring a Replication Target for this DXI. • Before specifying a replication target for this DXI, you must add this DXI's hostname or IP address to the target DXI's "Replication Sources" list.
Exit	Next>

Step 2: System

1. If data on this DXi4700 will be replicated to another system, enter target information under **Target DXi** (see Figure 58 on page 95).

If two targets are already specified, you must delete a target before adding another. First click **Pause** to pause replication to the target, and then click **Delete** to remove the target.

Before specifying a target, make sure you have completed the **Replication** wizard on the target DXi. The target DXi must be configured to allow the source DXi hostname or IP address.

You can specify up to two targets:

a. In the **Target Hostname or IP Address** box, enter the hostname or IP address of the system that will receive the replicated data.

When entering IP addresses, never use an address that is in a reserved IP address range. To see a list of reserved IP address ranges, click the quick tip icon [?] located near the IP address field.

To use hostname format, you must specify at least one DNS IP address on the **Network** page (see <u>Network on page 302</u>).

b. (Optional) Select an encryption option:

Encryption Option	Description
NONE	Data is not encrypted when sending replication data to the target system.
AES 128-BIT	Data is encrypted using AES 128-bit encryption when sending replication data to the target system.

Encryption Option	Description
AES 256 BIT	Data is encrypted using AES 256-bit encryption when sending replication data to the target system.
TLS-256	Data is encrypted using TLS with AES 256-bit encryption when sending replication data to the target system.
	Note: If TLS encryption is selected, the factory intstalled certificates should be considered public domain and are not secure. New certificate and key files must be installed (see <u>Data Encryption on page 336</u>).

Caution: Select 128-bit encryption if you are sending data to a DXi running a system software version prior to DXi 2.1 Software.

- **Note:** AES encryption options are available only if the Data-in-Flight license is installed (see License Keys on page 375).
- c. In the **Source IP Address** field, enter the IP address that is used to uniquely identify the source DXi to the target. This may be different than the actual network IP address of the source DXi.

If the target system is at DXi 2.1 Software or higher, this field is not required. If the target system is at DXi 2.0.1.x Software or below, then you must enter the IP address by which the target system recognizes the source system. The default value is **0.0.0.0**.

- 2. If data on other DXi systems will be replicated to this DXi4700, enter the following information under Source **DXis**:
 - a. In the **Source Hostnames or IP Addresses** box, enter the hostname or IP address of the system that will send the replicated data to the DXi4700.

You can specify up to 10 replication sources. To enter multiple sources, press **<Enter>** after each entry.

b. In the **Maximum Snapshots Per Share or Partition** drop-down box, select the number of snapshots to retain for each replicated DXi (up to 32).

During scheduled or manual data replication, the DXi receives a snapshot from the source system. A snapshot contains all of the data necessary to fully recover or failback a DXi to the point in time when the snapshot was saved.

3. Click **Next** to continue.

Figure 58: Replication Wizard: System

	1 About 2 System 3 NAS Shares 4 VTL Partition 5 Confirm	
Welcome	System	Help
NAS	Replication Settings	
VTL	Your DXi can send replicated data, receive replicated data, or both.	
OST	Existing Target DXis	
Replication	10.40.165.80 Ready Pause Delete A	
Users		
Email Alerts	Target DXis 2	
Support	All replications initiated from this DXi will be stored on the target DXis specified.	
	Target Hostname or IP Address 10.40.165.80	
Exit	Encryption of transfered data ? ONONE AES 128-BIT AES 256-BIT TLS-256	
	Source IP Address 10.40.166.251	
	Target Hostname or IP Address	
	Encryption of transfered data O NONE AES 128-BIT AES 256-BIT TLS-256	
	Source IP Address	
	Source DXis ?	
	Enter source DXis which are allowed to replicate to this DXi. 10.40.165.80	
	Source Hostnames or IP Addresses	
	Maximum Snapshots Per Share or Partition 10 • ?	
	Reset	
	< Previous Next >	

Step 3: NAS Share (DXi4700 NAS and Multi-Protocol Configurations Only)

1. Select a NAS share in the **Replication Settings for NAS Shares** section to manage its replication settings (see Figure 59 on page 97).

Note: For help adding NAS shares to the system, use the NAS Configuration Wizard (see NAS Wizard).

- 2. To configure the share to replicate its data to another DXi system, enter the following information under **Send**:
 - a. Select the **Enable replication for selected share** check box to enable replication for the share.
 - b. (Optional on CIFS/SMB and NFS shares only) Select the Enable Directory/File based replication to target check box to enable Directory/File Based Replication for the share, and then enter a Sync ID in the box.

With Directory/File Based Replication, a file is automatically replicated when it is closed or a period of time after it is modified. After replication, the replicated files are immediately available on the target system.

Note: Application Specific (RMAN) shares have Directory/File Based Replication enabled by default. When an RMAN share is selected, this check box does not appear.

The Sync ID is used to identify the target share that will receive replicated data from the source share. The Sync ID *must* be identical to the Sync ID of the target share on the target system.

- c. Select the check box for each replication target you want to replicate the share to. When the share is replicated, its data will be sent to all selected targets.
- 3. To configure the share to receive replicated data from another DXi system, enter the following information under **Receive**:
 - a. (Optional) Select the **Enable Directory/File based replication to this DXi** check box to enable Directory/File Based Replication for the share, and then enter a **Sync ID** in the box.

The Sync ID is used to identify the source share that will send replicated data to the target share. The Sync ID *must* be identical to the Sync ID of the source share on the source system.

b. If you enabled Directory/File Based Replication, select an Access option:

Access Option	Description
Locked	The share is not allowed to receive new Directory/File Based Replication data.
Unlocked	The share is allowed to receive new Directory/File Based Replication data.

- Note: You cannot configure a share to both send and receive Directory/File Based Replication data.
- 4. Click Apply.
- 5. (Optional) To configure additional shares for replication, repeat Steps 1-4.
- 6. Click Next to continue.

Figure 59: Replication Wizard: NAS Shares

/elcome	NAS S	hares						
AS	Dealla	ation Settings for N						
ST	Replic	ation Settings for N	IAS Shares					
51		Share Name	Protocol	Replication	Dir/File Based (SyncID)	Replication Settings		
eplication	۲	blue1-rec4	CIFS	Disabled				
	O	1 blue1-rec	CIFS	Disabled		Send		
mail Alerts	0	🚺 blue1	CIFS	Enabled	Receive (blue1)	Enable replication for selected	d share	
	0	1 blue3	CIFS	Enabled	Receive (blue3)	_		
upport	0	Crystal-CIFS1	CIFS	Enabled	(Crystal-CIFS1)	Enable Directory/File bas	ed replic	ation to target
	0	Crystal-CIFS2	CIFS	Enabled	(Crystal-CIFS2)	Sync ID blue1-rec4		2
xit	0	Crystal-CIFS3	CIFS	Enabled	Receive (Crystal-CIFS3)			
	O	Crystal-CIFS4	CIFS	Enabled	Receive (Crystal-CIFS4)	Replication Target DXis	Status	Encryption
	0	Crystal-NFS3	NFS	Enabled	Receive (Crystal-NFS3)	10.	Ready	AES 256-bit
	O	Crystal-NFS4	NFS	Enabled	Receive (Crystal-NFS4)	10.	Ready	AES 256-bit
	0	CrystalCIFS1	CIFS	Enabled	Receive (CrystalCIFS1)	10.	riteauy	ALO 200-01
	O	CrystalCIFS2	CIFS	Enabled	Receive (CrystalCIFS2)			
	0	Crystal_CIFS1	CIFS	Enabled	Receive (Crystal_CIFS1)	Receive		
	O	CrystCIFS1	CIFS	Disabled	Receive (CrystCIFS1)	Enable Directory/File based r	eplication	to this DXi
	0	Indio1-CIFS1	CIFS	Disabled	Receive (Indio1-CIFS1)			
	O	1 v4000-CIFS1	CIFS	Disabled	Receive (v4000-CIFS1)	Sync ID blue1-rec4	?	
	O	Viper-CIFS1	CIFS	Disabled	Receive (Viper-CIFS1)	Access 💿 Locked 🔘 U	Inlocked	
	0	Viper-CIFS2	CIFS	Disabled	Receive (Viper-CIFS2)			
						Apply Reset	:	

Step 3: VTL Partition (DXi4700 VTL and Multi-Protocol Configurations Only)

- 1. Select a VTL partition in the **Replication Settings for VTL Partitions** section to manage its replication settings (see Figure 60 on the next page).
 - **Note:** For help adding VTL partitions to the system, use the VTL Configuration Wizard (see <u>VTL</u> <u>Wizard on page 77</u>).
- 2. To configure the partition to replicate its data to another DXi system, enter the following information under **Send**:
 - a. Select the **Enable replication for selected partition** check box to enable replication for the partition.
 - b. (Optional) Select the **Enable Cartridge based replication to target** check box to enable Cartridge Based Replication for the partition, and then enter a **Sync ID** in the box.

With Cartridge Based Replication, a cartridge is automatically replicated when it is unmounted. After replication, the replicated cartridges are immediately available on the target system.

The Sync ID is used to identify the target partition that will receive replicated data from the source partition. The Sync ID *must* be identical to the Sync ID of the target partition on the target system.

- c. Select the check box for each replication target you want to replicate the partition to. When the partition is replicated, its data will be sent to all selected targets.
- 3. To configure the partition to receive replicated data from another DXi system, enter the following information under **Receive**:

a. (Optional) Select the **Enable Cartridge based replication to this DXi** check box to enable Cartridge Based Replication for the partition, and then enter a **Sync ID** in the box.

The Sync ID is used to identify the source partition that will send replicated data to the target partition. The Sync ID *must* be identical to the Sync ID of the source partition on the source system.

b. If you enabled Cartridge Based Replication, select an Access option:

Access Option	Description
Locked	The partition is not allowed to receive new Cartridge Based Replication data.
Unlocked	The partition is allowed to receive new Cartridge Based Replication data.
Oniockeu	The partition is allowed to receive new Caltinge Dased Replication data.

Note: You cannot configure a partition to both send and receive Cartridge Based Replication data.

- 4. Click Apply.
- 5. (Optional) To configure additional partitions for replication, repeat Steps 1-4.
- 6. Click Next to continue.

Figure 60: Replication Wizard: VTL Partitions

Welcome	VTL F	Partitions					
VTL Replication	Replic	cation Settings for VTI	L Partitions				
Replication		Partition Name	Library Model	Drive Model	Replication	Cartridge Based (SyncID)	Replication Settings
Email Alerts	۲	1 Big1	Quantum DXi4700	Quantum DLT-S4	Enabled	Send (Big1)	
	0	1 Darkdays2	Quantum DXi4700	Quantum DLT-S4	Enabled	Send (Darkdays2)	Send
Support	0	Jeff_VTL	Quantum DXi4700	Quantum DLT-S4	Disabled		Enable replication to the replication target
	0	1 Test004	Quantum DXi4700	Quantum DLT-S4	Enabled		
Exit	0	 VTLtest7 	Quantum Scalar i6000	IBM LTO-4	Enabled		Enable Cartridge based replication
							Sync ID Big1 Replication Target DXis Statu 10.20.174.5 System P Receive Enable Cartridge based replication to i Sync ID Big1 ? Access Locked @ Unlocked
	< Pro	evious Ne	xt>				Apply Reset

Step 4: Confirm

- 1. Review the settings you selected to make sure they are correct. If necessary, click **Previous** to return to a previous step to make changes (see Figure 61 on the next page).
- 2. After you have confirmed all settings, click **Finish**. The wizard configures the DXi4700 with the settings you selected.

Figure 61: Replication Wizard: Confirm

lizards	1 About 2 System 3 VT						
elcome	Confirm				_		Help
FL eplication mail Alerts	Confirm Replication Settings Verify the replication settings below Cancel to revert all settings.	and click Finish. Use the Pre	vious button to return	to the section needi	ng changes or		
nun / dorts		Replication Target DXis	Encryption Enabled	Encryption Type	Source IP		
pport	Replication Target DXi	10.	Enabled	AES_256	0.0.0.0		
it		10	Disabled	None 0	0.0.0.0		
	Allowed Replication Source DXis 10. 10. Maximum Snapshots Per Partition 32						
	VTL Partitions - Replication Setting	igs					
	Partition Name Library Mo		-	Cartridge Based (S)			
	oc_Ca_vtl05 Quantum Scalar	i40/i80 Unknown Enable	d 10.40.164.235	Receive (oc_Ca_vtl	05) Unlocked		
	Cancel						
	<pre>< Previous Finish</pre>						

Users Wizard

The **Users** wizard provides guided assistance for configuring the DXi4700 to create and manage the following types of Authorized Backup Users:

- OpenStorage (OST) users.
- Application Specific (Oracle RMAN) users.
- Path to Tape (PTT) users (DXi4700 Muliti-Protocol configuration only).

The wizard can also create and configure Share Administrators for use with Active Directory (AD).

To begin the Users wizard, on the Wizards menu, click Users.

Step 1: About

- 1. Read the information about the wizard (see <u>Figure 62 on the next page</u> and <u>Figure 63 on the next page</u>).
- 2. Click **Next** to continue.

(i) Note: At any time while using the wizard, you can click **Previous** to return to the previous step.

Figure 62: Users Wizard: About

Wizards	1 About 2 Add Authorized Backup Users 3 Add Share Administrators 4 Confirm	
Welcome	Users Wizard	Help
NAS VTL OST Replication Users Email Alerts Support Exit	Authorized Users for Backup Applications The Users Wizard helps to configure the following types of Authorized Backup Users: • Manage users for Application Specific shares. • OpenStorage (OST) Manage and Remote users. • Path to Tape (PTT) Backup users: • Share Administrators for use with Active Directory (AD). Next >	

Figure 63: Users Wizard: About (Active Directory Windows Domain)

Wizards	1 About 2 Add Authorized Backup Users 3 Add Share Administrators 4 Confirm
Welcome	Users Wizard Halp
NAS 🥑	
VTL	Authorized Users for Backup Applications
OST 🥑	Authorized Users and Share Administrators may need access to NAS Shares, OST Storage Servers, and PTT Backup Applications.
Replication	 Configure authorized Manage Users for Application Specific, OST Storage Servers, and PTT Backup Applications.
Users	Configure Share Administrators for use with Active Directory.
Email Alert	Next>
Support	
Exit	

Chapter 4: Configuration Wizards Users Wizard

Step 2: Add Authorized Backup Users

1. Enter information about the authorized user (see Figure 64 on page 104):

User Information	Description
Username	Enter the name of the authorized user.
Password	Enter the password for the authorized user.
Confirm Password	Enter the password again to confirm it.
Description	(Optional) Enter a brief description of the authorized user.

Description										
Select the check box if the authorized user will be able to access Application Specific (RMAN) shares, OST Storage servers, or PTT (DXi4700 Multi- Protocol only).										
OpenStorage (OST) and Oracle Recovery Manager (RMAN)										
After you create OST or RMAN user credentials, enter them in the backup application to authenticate on the media (OST) or Oracle (RMAN) server.										
Note: When using OST Automatic Image Replication (AIR), the remote user credentials specified on the source DXi must match the local user credentials on the target (remote) DXi.										
Path to Tape (PTT)										
 The following applications are supported for backup application specific path to tape: Veritas NetBackup Veritas Backup Exec EMC Networker 										
						Note: EMC NetWorker 8.1 and later do not support Backup Application Specific Path to Tape.				
						Oracle Secure Backup				
						ASG-Time Navigator				
Note: You must dedicate a partition within the DXi for use with NetBackup Direct to Tape (Path to Tape). The partition cannot be shared with another backup application.										
Caution: The virtual media changer and tape drives <i>must</i> be assigned to the backup server (on the SAN) being used for Backup Application Specific path to tape functionality.										
Select the check box if the authorized user will be for OST Automatic Image Replication.										

User Information	Description
Workgroup User	Note: The Workgroup User option only appears if you joined a Windows Workgroup in the NAS wizard (see <u>NAS Wizard on page 71</u>).
	Select the check box if the authorized user will be for CIFS/SMB share access.
	Select the Grant Administrators Privileges check box to add the workgroup user to the Window Administrators group. This allows the workgroup user to override certain permissions settings and prevents the workgroup user from being locked out of shares or directories.

2. Click Apply.

The user displays in the Authorized Backup Users Summary table.

3. (Optional) To add additional users, click Add and then repeat Steps 1–2.

To remove a user, select it in the Authorized Backup Users Summary table and click Delete.

- 4. Click **Next** to continue.
 - If an Active Directory Windows Domain was joined in the NAS wizard, go to <u>Step 3: Add Share</u> Administrators (Active Directory Only) on the next page.
 - If no Active Directory Windows Domain was joined in the NAS wizard, go to <u>Step 3: Confirm on the</u> <u>next page</u>.

Figure 64: Users Wizard: Add Authorized Backup Users

Wizards	1 About 2 Add Authorized Backup Users 3 Confirm	
Welcome	Add Users	Help
NAS O VTL OST O Replication Users Email Alert Support Exit	Add Authorized Backup Users Add Workgroup Users for CIFS/SMB Shares (Windows Workgroup), or Manage Users for Application Specific Shares, OST Storage Servers and Path To Tape (PTT) Backup Applications. * Username * Password * Confirm Password Description @ Manage User (Application Specific Shares, OST Storage Servers, and PTT Backup Applications) @ Remote User (OST Automatic Image Replication) @ Workgroup User (CIFS/ISMB Shares) @ Grant Administrator Privileges * Required Field Apply < Previous	

Step 3: Add Share Administrators (Active Directory Only)

1. Enter information about the CIFS/SMB Share Administrator to be used with Active Directory.

Fully Qualified User or Group Name Enter the administrator's user or group name.

2. Click Apply.

The user displays in the Share Access Summary table.

3. (Optional) To add additional Share Administrators, click Add and then repeat Steps 1–2.

To remove a Share Administrator, select it in the Share Access Summary table and click Delete.

4. Click **Next** to continue.

Figure 65: Users Wizard: Add Share Administrators

Wizards	1 About 2 Add Authorized Backup Users 3 Add Share Administrators 4 Confirm	
Welcome	Add Share Administrators	Help
NAS 🥑		
VTL	Add Share Administrators Add CIFS/ISMB Share Administrators for use with Windows Active Directory.	
OST 🥑	* Fully Qualified User or Group Name	
Replication	* Required Field	
Users	Annhu	
Email Alerte	Apply	
Support	< Previous Next >	
Exit		

Step 3: Confirm

- 1. Review the users you created to make sure they are correct (see <u>Figure 66 on the next page</u>). The users to be added display in the **Authorized Backup Users Added**. If necessary, click **Previous** to return to a previous step to make changes.
- 2. To make changes to the users you added, click **Previous** to return to the appropriate step. Select the incorrect user and click **Delete** to remove the user, and then add a new user.
- 3. After you have confirmed all users, click **Finish**. The wizard configures the DXi4700 with the settings you selected.

Figure 66: Users Wizard: Confirm

Wizards	1 About 2 Add Authorized Backup	Jsers 3 Confirm
Welcome	Users Confirmation	
NAS ⊘ VTL OST ⊘ Replication⊘ Users Email Alert Support Exit	Confirmation To make any changes, go back to the correct the entry to change. The current Users wizard entries will only the current Users wizard entries will only the current Users Added User Name Description SampleUser Previous Finish	be saved after Finish is selected.

Step 4: Confirm (Active Directory Only)

- 1. Review the users you created to make sure they are correct (see <u>Figure 66 above</u>). The users to be added display in the **Authorized Backup Users Added** and **Share Administrators Added** tables. If necessary, click **Previous** to return to a previous step to make changes.
- 2. To make changes to the users you added, click **Previous** to return to the appropriate step. Select the incorrect user and click **Delete** to remove the user, and then add a new user.
- 3. After you have confirmed all users, click **Finish**. The wizard configures the DXi4700 with the settings you selected.

Wizards	1 About 2 Add Au	thorized Backup Users	3 Add Share Administ	rators 4 Confirm	
Welcome	Users Confirmation				Help
NAS VTL OST Replication Users Email Alerts Support Exit	Confirmation To make any change the entry to change. The current Users w Authorized Backup Use User Name sampleuser Share Administrators A	Description	d after Finish is selected. Applications Manage User		

Figure 67: Users Wizard: Confirm

Email Alerts Wizard

The **Email Alerts** wizard provides guided assistance for configuring the DXi4700 to automatically send notifications and reports to selected recipients. The wizard helps you configure an outgoing e-mail server. Then the wizard guides you through the process of specifying e-mail recipients and selecting the notifications and reports to send to the recipients.

1 Note: For more information about sending e-mail alerts, see Email on page 284.

To begin the Email Alerts wizard, on the Wizards menu, click Email Alerts.

Step 1: About

- 1. Read the information about the wizard (see Figure 68 below).
- 2. Click **Next** to continue.

(i) Note: At any time while using the wizard, you can click **Previous** to return to the previous step.

Figure 68: Email Alerts Wizard: About

Wizards	1 About 2 Server 3 Recipients 4 Confirm
Welcome	Email Alerts Help
NAS	
OST	About Email Alerts
Replication	Your DXI can send email alerts when it needs help or a significant event has occurred.
Email Alerts	The Email Alerts Wizard allows you to:
Support Exit	Configure an Email Server. Specify recipients to be contacted for selected levels of notification. Configure Email Home to automatically send System Status & Configuration reports to recipients.
	Completing the Email Alerts Wizard is strongly recommended.
	Next>

Step 2: Server

- 1. In the **Hostname or IP Address** box, enter the hostname or IP address of the outgoing e-mail server (see Figure 69 on the next page).
 - Note: When entering IP addresses, never use an address that is in a reserved IP address range. To see a list of reserved IP address ranges, click the quick tip icon [?] located near the IP address field.

- **Note:** To use hostname format, you must specify at least one DNS IP address on the **Network** page (see <u>Network on page 302</u>).
- 2. In the **From Email Address** box, enter the return e-mail address displayed in e-mails sent by the DXi4700.
- 3. Specify a return address that lets you easily identify the system that generated the e-mail (for example, systemname@any-domain.com). The return address must contain an @ symbol and a valid domain name, including a period.
- 4. (Optional) Select the **Enable Admin Alerts about Email Server not configured** check box to have system generate administration alerts to notify you if an e-mail server is not configured.
- 5. (Recommended) Select the **Enable automatic emails to Quantum** check box to periodically send system configuration and status information to Quantum, including any software upgrades you have installed using the **Software Upgrade Utility**. Quantum Support can use this information to provide a better support experience in the future.

Note: Automatic e-mails contain configuration and status information only, and do not contain any customer data stored on the system.

6. Click **Next** to continue.

Figure 69: Email Alerts Wizard: Server

Wizards	1 About 2 Server 3 Recipients 4 Confirm
Welcome	Email Server Help
NAS OST Replication Email Alerts Support Exit	Outgoing Email Server Hostname or IP Address From Email Address Image: Server not configured. Note: To help maintain system integrity, Quantum regularly collects system information through automatic emails. These emails contain configuration and status information only, and do not contain any customer data stored on the system. Image: Server Emails to Quantum.
	< Previous Next >

Step 3: Recipients

- 1. Click Add to add an e-mail recipient.
- 2. Under Add Email Recipient, enter information about the recipient (see Figure 70 on page 110):
| Recipient Information | Description |
|-----------------------|--|
| Name | The name of the recipient. |
| Email Address | The e-mail address of the recipient. |
| Notification Type | Select the types of notifications to send to the recipient: |
| | High - Send e-mail notifications for High service tickets. |
| | High service tickets indicate that a critical problem has occurred and needs to be resolved immediately. The operation and performance of the DXi4700 are degraded, and there is a risk of system failure or data loss. |
| | High and Medium - Send e-mail notifications for High and Medium service tickets. |
| | Medium service tickets indicate that a serious problem occurred and
needs to be resolved, but it does not necessarily need to be fixed
immediately. The operation and performance of the DXi4700 may be
degraded. |
| | All - Send e-mail notifications for High, Middle, and Low service tickets,
as well as any administration alerts. |
| | Low service tickets indicate that a minor problem occurred and needs to be resolved, but the operation and performance of the DXi4700 are not significantly affected. |

- 3. Select the Notification Enabled check box to enable sending of notifications to the recipient.
- 4. Click Add.

The recipient displays in the Email Recipient list.

5. (Optional) To add additional recipients, click Add and then repeat Steps 1-4.

To change a recipient, select it in the **Email Recipient** list and click **Edit**. To remove a recipient, select it in the **Email Recipient** list and click **Delete**.

6. Click **Next** to continue.

Figure 70: Email Alerts Wizard: Recipients

Wizards	1 About 2 Server 3 Recipients 4 Confirm
Welcome	Email Recipient List
NAS OST Replication Email Alerts Support Exit	Name Email Address Notification Type Notification Status DXI4700 techsup@quantum.com All Enabled
	Add Edit Delete

Step 4: Confirm

- 1. Review the settings you selected to make sure they are correct. If necessary, click **Previous** to return to a previous step to make changes (see Figure 71 on the next page).
- 2. After you have confirmed all settings, click **Finish**. The wizard configures the DXi4700 with the settings you selected.

Figure 71: Email Alerts: Confirm

Wizards	1 About 2 Server	3 Recipients 4 C	onfirm		
Welcome	Confirm				Help
NAS OST Replication Email Alerts Support Exit	If you would like Recipients step Email Alerts see Host From Email Address Enable Admin Alerts Enable automatic em	is. ttings will only be saved after about Email Server not con halls to Quantum	figured	wigate back to Server or information not available information not available Yes Yes	
		recipients will look like after			
	Name DXi4700 techs	Email Address up@quantum.com	Notification Type	Notification Status Enabled	
		Finish		·	

Support Wizard

The **Support** wizard provides guided assistance to help you enable licensed features on the DXi4700 and register your system with DXi. The wizard also guides you through other tasks that will aid DXi customer support in assisting you, such as downloading StorageCare Guardian and creating a system log.

To begin the Support wizard, on the Wizards menu, click Support.

Step 1: About

- 1. Read the information about the wizard (see Figure 72 on the next page).
- 2. Click **Next** to continue.

1 Note: At any time while using the wizard, you can click **Previous** to return to the previous step.

Figure 72: Support Wizard: About

Wizards	1 About 2 Registration 3 Guardian 4 System Log 5 Licensed Features
Welcome	About System Support Help
NAS	
OST	About
Replication	The Support Wizard includes independent tasks which can be skipped by clicking the Next button on corresponding pages.
Email Alerts	The Support Wizard allows you to:
Support	Register your DXi with Quantum.
Exit	Download StorageCare Guardian. Create a System Log.
	Enable Licensed Features.
	Completing the Support Wizard is strongly recommended.
	Next>

Step 2: Registration

You must register your DXi4700 to receive service and support from DXi.

- 1. Click the link for Quantum's Product Registration site (see Figure 73 below).
- 2. Follow the onscreen instructions to register your system.
- 3. When you are finished, switch back to the Support wizard.
- 4. Click **Next** to continue.

Figure 73: Support Wizard: Registration



Step 3: Guardian

StorageCare Guardian delivers more reliable operation and faster resolution time for customers at no additional cost for supported products under warranty or service contract.

- 1. Click the link to <u>learn more</u> about the features and benefits of StorageCare Guardian (see <u>Figure 74</u> <u>below</u>).
- 2. Click the link to <u>download StorageCare Guardian</u>, and then install it on a workstation with outgoing Internet access.

For more information, see the *StorageCare Guardian Installation Guide*. You can download a copy of the *Installation Guide* by clicking the link under **Documentation** on the StorageCare Guardian download page.

- 3. When you are finished, switch back to the Support wizard.
- 4. Click Next to continue.

Figure 74: Support Wizard: Guardian



Step 4: System Log

This system diagnostics file contains the diagnostic logs for all of the system components. The diagnostic files are helpful when troubleshooting problems on the DXi4700. You should generate a system diagnostic file after setting up your DXi4700 and save it for future reference.

1. Click Generate New to generate a new system diagnostics file (see Figure 75 on the next page).

The system generates a new diagnostics file. This can take several minutes.

- 2. After the file finishes generating, click the link to enable the Download Current button.
- 3. To download the generated diagnostics file, click Download Current.

A dialog box displays asking if you want to open or save the file.

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- 4. Click Save or OK to download the file.
- 5. Click **Next** to continue.

Figure 75: Support Wizard: System Log

Wizards	1 About 2 Registration 3 Guardian 4 System Log 5 Licensed Features
Welcome	System Log Help
NAS OST Replication Email Alerts Support Exit	Generate/Download System Diagnostics File Note: After a System Diagnostics File has been generated, you may download the current file to your desktop and send to Quantum as an email attachment. The last file was generated on Fri Apr 10 08:14:22 2015 Generate New Download Current
	< Previous Next >

Step 5: Licensed Features

Add a license key to enable new functionality on the DXi4700. To install a license key, you must first obtain a License Certificate containing an authorization code.

Contact your Quantum sales representative to purchase a license. After you purchase the license, you will receive a License Certificate containing an authorization code.

- **Note:** Some licenses are pre-installed on the DXi4700. In addition, License Certificates for some licenses may be included with the DXi4700. For more information about licensed features, see <u>License</u> Keys on page 375.
- 1. Select the DXi system serial number (displayed under **Enable Licensed Features**) and press **<Ctrl+C>** to copy it (see Figure 76 on the next page).
- 2. Click the link for Quantum's License Key Management site.

The License Key Management page displays.

- Click to place the cursor in the Serial Number box and press <Ctrl+V> to paste the DXi system serial number.
- 4. Click Submit.

The Licensed Feature page displays.

5. Enter the authorization code (printed on the License Certificate) and click Get License Key.

The **Licensed Feature** page returns a license key. Select the license key and press **<Ctrl+C>** to copy it. You should also print out or write down the license key, or save it to a text file, for future use.

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- 6. Switch back to the **Support** wizard.
- 7. Enter the license key in the New Key box, and then click Add.

The license key is added to the system, and the new feature is enabled.

- 8. (Optional) To add additional license keys, repeat Steps 1–7.
- 9. Click Finish to complete the Support wizard.

Figure 76: Support Wizard: Licensed Features

Wizards	1 About 2 Registration 3 Guardian 4 System Log 5 Licensed Features
Welcome	Enable Licensed Features (if necessary) Help
	Enable Licensed Features (if necessary) Help Enable Licensed Features Using the license certificates provided with your DXI, follow these steps to activate your licensed features. Repeat as needed for each licensed feature. Get the License Keys Get the License Keys Go to Quantum's License Key Management site Enter SV15/55V/105000 for the DXYs Serial Number and click submit. Enter suthorization code (from License Certificate) Click 'Cet License Key Save key returned from 'Licensed Feature' page in a safe place for future use Add the License Keys to this DXI Enter key below Click 'Add' License Key
	New Key Add C Previous Finish



Chapter 5: Home Page

This chapter contains the following topics:

Home Page	116
System Overview	117
Disk Usage	118
Data Reduction Statistics	121
Replication	122
Current Activity	125

Home Page

The first page that displays after you log on to the DXi4700 remote management console is the **Home** page (see <u>Figure 77 on the next page</u>). Use the **Home** page to see important performance information at a glance, including disk usage, data reduction statistics, and replication activity.

To return to the **Home** page at any time, click **Home** on the main menu.

The Home page contains the following overviews:

- System Overview on the next page
- Disk Usage on page 118
- Data Reduction Statistics on page 121

- Replication on page 122
- Current Activity on page 125

Note: Disk usage statistics, data reduction statistics, replication statistics, and current activity are updated every 30 seconds.

Figure 77: DXi Home Page

Quantum.	DX; 4700 Normal Fri Aug 26 2016 - 7:	03:31 PM UTC Admin Ticket Low Capacity	Logout Administrator Help
Homo	System Overview		Help
Replication Status Alerts Configuration Utilities Wizards Map	DXi0 Hostname DXi000C295BD73D IP Address Version 3.2.5 (13435-58502 ENG_Build0) Serial Number Software Upgrade Disk Usage Disk Capacity 85.89 GB % of Capacity Available Disk Space ? 75.17 GB 87.53%	Replication Send Settings & Cumulative Statistics (?) Target DXis (?) 10.40.166.123 Original Data Size 0.00 M Average Send Rate 0.00 MB/ Receive Settings & Cumulative Statistics (?) Source DXis 1 configured (?) Actual Data Received 0.00 MB/ Average Receive Rate 0.00 MB/	2 3 5 9 9
Advanced Reporting	Show More Data Reduction Statistics Data Size Before Reduction ① 0.00 MB Data Size After Reduction 0.00 MB Total Reduction Ratio 0.00 : 1 Show More	Current Adivity Previous Minute Inine (?) 0.00 MEV Replication Throttle Non Ethernet In () 0.00 MEV Inline 0.00 MEV Ethernet In 0.00 MEV	e S S
		Bandwidth Reduction 0.003 OST Service ? Ready Concurrent Optimized Duplication 0.00 ME// Inline 0.00 ME// Ethernet In 0.00 ME// Bandwidth Reduction 0.003 Space Reclamation Not running Compaction Not running Healthchecks Not running	S S 6 0
		Scheduled Activities Current Schedules	

System Overview

The **DXi System Overview** on the **Home** page (see <u>Figure 78 on the next page</u>) displays the following information about the system:

Figure 78: DXi4700 System Overview

DXi4700	
Hostname	Sample
IP Address	10.10.10
Version	0.0.0 (12426-55802 Build37)
Serial Number	SV1234567890
Data-at-Rest Encryption	Disabled
Software Upgrade	

System Information	Description
Hostname	The hostname of the DXi4700. Click to change the hostname (see <u>Network</u> on page 302).
IP Address	The IP address of the DXi4700. Click to change the IP address (see <u>Network on page 302</u>).
Version	The software version installed on the DXi4700. A Quick Tip icon indicates if a software upgrade is available for the DXi4700. Click to upgrade the software (see <u>Checking For Software Upgrades on page 382</u>).
Serial Number	The serial number of the DXi4700. (You need to know the serial number to add a licensed feature. For more information, see <u>License Keys on page 375</u> .)
Data-at-Rest Encryption	The status of Data-at-Rest encryption (Enabled or Disabled). (To enable Data-at-Rest encryption, see <u>Data-at-Rest Encryption on page 340</u>).
Software Upgrade	Click to displays the Software Upgrade Utility (see <u>Software Upgrades on</u> page <u>381</u>).

Disk Usage

The **Disk Usage** overview on the **Home** page (see <u>Figure 79 on the next page</u>) displays the following information about disk usage as an amount and as a percentage of the total capacity in the system:

Figure 79: Disk Usage Overview

Disk Usage		
Disk Capacity	99.31 TB	% of Capacity
Available Disk Space ?	70.70 TB	71.19%
Free Space	70.66 TB	71.15%
Reclaimable Space	35.76 GB	0.04%
Used Disk Space	28.61 TB	28.81%
Deduplicated Data	7.72 TB	7.77%
Data Not Intended For Deduplication	18.16 TB	18.28%
System Metadata	2.74 TB	2.76%
Show Less		

Disk Usage	Description
Disk Capacity	 The total usable disk capacity of the DXi4700. Note: Click the Quick Tip icon [?] to see information about on demand storage capacity upgrades. For more information about upgrading storage capacity of the DXi4700, see License Keys on page 375.

Disk Usage	Description	
Available Disk Space	The disk space available for data storage (free space).	
	On the disk space meter, blue (left side of meter) indicates used disk space and gray (right side of meter) indicates available disk space. The left side of the meter changes color based on the amount of remaining free disk space and the state of the DXi4700. For more information, see <u>Low Space Management on</u> <u>page 65</u> .	
	Additional Information	
	 When disk space is low, click the Quick Warning icon [!] next to the space meter to see more information. 	
	When disk space is low, target replication to the system is paused (see <u>Replication Service on page 166</u>).	
	Space reclamation is automatically started to free up disk space (see Space Reclamation on page 372).	
	• For optimal system performance, Quantum recommends keeping the amount of Available Disk Space (free space) at 20% or more.	

Click **Show More** to display additional information:

Show More Information	Description
Free Space	The disk space that can be used for new deduplicated or non- deduplicated data.
Reclaimable Space	The disk space that is occupied by outdated deduplicated data and which will be automatically reused if additional space for new deduplicated data is needed.
Used Disk Space	The disk space that already holds data, including deduplicated data, system metadata, and data not intended for deduplication.
Deduplicated Data	The amount of data that has been deduplicated.
Data Not Intended for Deduplication	The amount of data on DXi that do not have deduplication enabled.
System Metadata	The amount of disk space used for internal operations of the DXi, including system configuration files as well as temporary files created during replication, space reclamation, and healthchecks.

Click an item to view detailed statistics for disk usage (see Disk Usage on page 177).

Data Reduction Statistics

The **Data Reduction Statistics** overview on the **Home** page (see <u>Figure 80 below</u>) displays the following information about the results of data reduction:

Figure 80: Data Reduction Statistics Overview

Data Reduction Statistics		
Data Size Before Reduction ?	53.21 TB	
Data Size After Reduction	7.72 TB	
Total Reduction Ratio	6.89 : 1	
Show More		

Data Reduction Information	Description	
Data Size Before Reduction	The original, native size of all data that has been processed by the data deduplication and compression engines.	
Data Size After Reduction	The final, reduced size of all data that has been processed by the data deduplication and compression engines.	
Total Reduction Ratio	The total reduction ratio of all data that has been processed by the data deduplication and compression engines (Data Size Before Reduction divided by Data Size After Reduction).	

Click **Show More** to display additional information:

Show More Information	Description	
Incoming Replication	The amount of data stored on the DXi via replication from another DXi. This does <i>not</i> include incoming data from Directory/File or Cartridge Based Replication, or incoming data from Failback replication.	
Shares & Partitions	The amount of data stored on the DXi via local I/O. This includes incoming data from Directory/File or Cartridge Based Replication, and incoming data from Failback replication.	
OST Storage Servers	The amount of data stored in deduplicated OpenStorage (OST) storage servers. This includes incoming data for OST and DXi Accent.	
Deduplication Ratio	The deduplication ratio of all data that has been processed by the data deduplication engine.	
Compression Ratio	The compression ratio of all data that has been processed by the compression engine.	

Chapter 5: Home Page Replication

Click an item to view detailed statistics for disk usage (see Disk Usage on page 177).

Replication

The **Replication** overview on the **Home** page (see <u>Figure 81 below</u>) displays the following information about target and source replication activity:

Figure 81: Replication Overview

Replication Send Settings & Cumulative Statistics ?		
Target DXis 🕐	Ready Pause	
Original Data Size	38.87 TB	
Actual Data Sent	5.68 GB	
Average Send Rate	0.01 MB/s	
Receive Settings & Cumulative Statistics ?		
Source DXis	None 🕐	
Actual Data Received	0.00 MB	
Average Receive Rate	0.00 MB/s	

Send Settings & Cumulative Statistics

The **Send Settings & Cumulative Statistics** section displays statistics for all data sent from the system since system installation or since Send cumulative replication statistics were last cleared by clicking **Clear Send** on the **Replication Actions** page (see Replication Performance on page 167).

Send Settings Information	Description
Target DXis	The IP address and replication status for each configured replication target (up to two). Click to specify a replication target (see <u>Replication</u> <u>Configuration on page 264</u>).
	Status
	• Ready - (Green)The system is ready to perform replication.
	• In Progress - (Blue) A replication job is currently in progress.
	 Queued - (Blue) A replication job is queued and will continue when the system is ready.
	 Partial - (Yellow) A replication job was partially completed. Generate a replication report to see the files that were not replicated (see <u>Reports</u> on page 168).
	 Manually Paused - (Yellow) Replication was manually paused. To resume replication, click Resume.
	 System Paused - (Yellow) The system has automatically paused replication due to a problem, for example, low disk space or a problem on the target system.
	To see more information about the problem that occurred, click Admin at the top of the remote management console to view administration alerts (see <u>Admin Alerts on page 191</u>). You may also need to view alerts on the target DXi. In addition, make sure that the DXi is an allowed replication source on the target DXi (see <u>Replication</u> <u>Configuration on page 264</u>).
	• Failed - (Red) A replication job was not completed.
	• Internal Error - (Red) An error occurred during replication.
Pause/Resume	The source DXi controls the replication pause behavior. To manually pause replication between the source and target, click Pause on the source DXi. To manually restart replication, click Resume on the source DXi.
	Note: When the target DXi enters low disk space condition, replication on the source DXi is automatically paused. Replication will resume when the target leaves low disk space condition.

Send Settings Information	Description
Original Data Size	The original, native size of data sent during replication or failback. This value does not represent the amount of data actually sent over the network during replication or failback because data is deduplicated and compressed before being sent.
Actual Data Sent	The amount of data actually sent over the network during replication or failback. This value is usually much less than the Original Data Size due to the benefits of data deduplication and compression.
Average Send Rate	The average send rate (in MB/s) of data sent over the network during replication or failback (actual size of data sent over the network divided by the amount of time required to complete replication or failback)

Additional Information

- Average Data Sent is based on actual bytes sent over network, the average send rate could be low if differential between the replications is low
- The **Average Send Rate** can be low if a replication target is un-configured and configured again. The replication send statistics for a particular target are reset when it is un-configured. Only new replications to the target will be considered when calculating average replication rate.
- OST network traffic may or may not be considered when calculating actual data statistics. It is considered only if the storage server has the following configuration:
 - Concurrent optimized duplication enabled.
 - Unique data gets replicated through concurrent optimized replication and not through an actual optimized duplication operation.
- The replication metadata transferred over network is not considered in calculating **Average Send Rate** statistics.

Receive Settings & Cumulative Statistics

The **Receive Settings & Cumulative Statistics** section displays statistics for all data received by the system from all sources since system installation or since **Receive** cumulative replication statistics were last cleared by clicking **Clear Receive** on the **Replication Actions** page (see <u>Replication Performance on page 167</u>).

Receive Settings Information	Description
Source DXis	The number of source systems configured to replicate data to the DXi4700. Click to specify replication sources (see <u>Replication</u> <u>Configuration on page 264</u>).

Receive Settings Information	Description
Actual Data Received	The amount of data actually received over the network during replication or failback.
Average Receive Rate	The average receive rate (in MB/s) of data received over the network during replication or failback (actual size of data sent over the network divided by the amount of time required to complete replication or failback).

Current Activity

The **Current Activity** overview on the **Home** page (see <u>above</u>) displays the following information about system activity that occurred in the previous minute:

Figure 82: Current Activity Overview

Current Activity		
Previous Minute		
Inline ?		0.00 MB/s
Replication Throttle		None
Ethernet	In Out	0.00 MB/s 0.00 MB/s
Fibre Channel	In Out	0.00 MB/s 0.00 MB/s
Accent ?		
Inline		0.00 MB/s
Ethernet In		0.00 MB/s
Bandwidth Reducti	on	0.00%
OST Service ?		Ready
Concurrent Optimized Duplication		l i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
Inline		0.00 MB/s
Ethernet In		0.00 MB/s
Bandwidth Reduction		0.00%
Space Reclamation		Not running
Compaction		Not running
Healthchecks		Not running
Scheduled Activities		
Current Schedules		

Current Activity Information	Description
Inline	The inline data flow throughput (in MB/s). Inline data flow includes deduplicated and non-deduplicated backup data as well as received OST data. Click to view detailed statistics for inline performance in Advanced Reporting.
Replication Throttle	The system replication throttle currently in effect (in KB/s or MB/s). When a constant throttle is enabled, the DXi limits the amount of data it sends during source replication so that it does not exceed the specified bandwidth. Click to enable or disable system throttling (see <u>Replication Configuration on page 264</u>).
Ethernet	The amount of data received (In) and sent (Out) by all Ethernet ports (in MB/s). Click to view details statistics for Ethernet performance in Advanced Reporting.
Fibre Channel (VTL and Multi-Protocol configuration only)	The amount of data received (In) and sent (Out) by all Fibre Channel ports (in MB/s). Click to view details statistics for Fibre Channel performance in Advanced Reporting.
Accent	Accent statistics include NAS Application Specific (RMAN) and OST Accent throughput activity for the previous minute.
	OST activity is included only if Accent is selected for OST.
	Inline - The inline data flow throughput (in MB/s). Inline data flow represents the original, native size of the data protected by the DXi.
	Ethernet In - The amount of data received by all Ethernet ports (in MB/s). This amount represents the reduced size of the data protected by the DXi (after deduplication and compression on the media servers).
	Bandwidth Reduction - The percentage by which network bandwidth utilization was reduced by Accent and/or RMAN.
OST Service (NAS and Multi-Protocol configuration only)	The status of the OST service. OST settings can be configured in Ready , Stopped , or Verifying state. The OST server is available for backup only in Ready state.

Current Activity Information	Description
Concurrent Optimized Duplication	Inline - The inline data flow throughput (in MB/s). Inline data flow represents the original, native size of the data protected by the DXi.
	Ethernet In - The amount of data received by all Ethernet ports (in MB/s). This amount represents the reduced size of the data protected by the DXi (after deduplication and compression on the media servers).
	Bandwidth Reduction - The percentage by which network bandwidth utilization was reduced by using Optimized Duplication.
Space Reclamation	The status of space reclamation (Not running or Percent complete). Click to start or stop space reclamation (see <u>Space Reclamation on page 372</u>).
Compaction	The status of space compaction (Not running or Running).
Healthchecks	The status of healthchecks (Not running or Percent complete). Click to start or stop space healthchecks (see <u>Healthchecks on page 367</u>).

To view or modify scheduled system activity, click Current Schedules (see Scheduler on page 276).

Additional Information

- For more detailed information about all system activity, see Status on page 169.
- DXi Accent activity displays only if DXi Accent is currently enabled or was previously enabled (see <u>Accent on page 263</u>).



Chapter 6: Replication

This chapter contains the following topics:

Replication	.129
Replication Send	136
Receive NAS	.145
Receive VTL	155
Actions	165
Reports	.168

Replication

The DXi4700 provides data replication capabilities that you can use as an integral part of a disaster recovery plan. Replication allows you to configure the DXi4700 to create a copy of your data on another DXi system at scheduled intervals (or manually as needed).

In the event of a disaster in which the original data is lost, you can quickly recover the replicated data on the remote system, allowing your business to resume normal operations. Once the original system is available again, you can restore all data back to its original location.

Additional Information

- Quantum recommends that you configure and start replication before storing large amounts of data on the DXi.
- To schedule replication for a share or partition, use the Configuration > Scheduler page (see Scheduling a Share or Partition for Replication on page 280). To limit the amount of network bandwidth used for replication, enable a constant throttle (see Enabling System Throttling on page 270), or schedule replication throttling (see Scheduling Replication Throttling on page 281).
- A DXi4700 can only replicate data to a DXi that supports the same protocol as the DXi4700 (NAS or VTL). That is, a DXi4700 NAS system can only replicate data to a DXi that supports NAS. Similarly, a DXi4700 VTL system can only replicate data to a DXi that supports VTL.
- Space consumption and the deduplication ratio can differ between a source and a target DXi unit. The DXi4700 deduplication engine is independent between source and target and this variance is expected.

Best Practices Guides

The following DXi Best Practices Guides are available at www.quantum.com/DXi4700BPG:

- Backup Exec from Veritas
- Data Protector from HP
- Data Protection Manager from Microsoft
- NetBackup from Veritas
- NetWorker from EMC
- Simpana from CommVault
- Tivoli Storage Manager from IBM
- Veeam Backup and Replication

Understanding Data Replication

During data replication, data is sent from one system (the source) to another system, usually in another location (the target). For example, you might replicate data from a branch office (the source) to a central office (the target).

Sources *send* replicated data, and targets *receive* replicated data. A target system can receive data from up to ten sources. A source system can send data to up to two targets. Finally, one system can act as both a source and a target.

Replication works only with deduplicated data, and data is compressed before it is replicated. Because of this, the amount of data transmitted between systems during replication is greatly reduced compared to the original amount of data stored. In addition, a data block is transmitted only if the target does not already have a copy of the block. Finally, data can optionally be encrypted before it is transmitted.

Chapter 6: Replication Replication

The DXi can perform the following types of replication:

Replication

Replication occurs when replication is enabled for a deduplicated NAS share or VTL partition and a replication schedule is configured (or manual replication is performed on a regular basis). For replication to occur, the source system must be configured to point to the target system. Similarly, the target system must be configured to accept data from the source system.

To optimize the replication process, deduplicated data is continuously sent in the background from the source system to the target system. However, a snapshot that preserves the file structure of your data is sent to the target system only when a scheduled or manual replication job occurs. A snapshot contains all of the information that is necessary to recreate a share or partition just as it was at the point in time when the snapshot was created.



🛕 Caution: A saved snapshot is necessary to recover your data at a later time. For this reason, it is not enough to simply enable replication for a share or partition. You must also configure a replication schedule (recommended) or perform manual replication on a regular basis to send snapshots of the share or partition to the target system.

If the source system ever becomes unavailable, you can recover the share or partition on the target system using a saved snapshot. After you recover a share or partition, it is recreated on the target system and is available for use. Once the source system becomes available again, you can perform a failback operation to restore the share or partition to its original location.

Directory/File or Cartridge Based Replication

Like replication, Directory/File or Cartridge Based Replication sends data from a NAS share or VTL partition to another system where it can be accessed. However, Directory/File or Cartridge Based Replication differs in a number of important ways:

- Both replication and Directory/File or Cartridge Based Replication must be enabled for the share or partition.
- A unique Sync ID is used to associate the replicated share or partition on the source system with the share or partition that will receive the replicated data on the target system.
- You do not need to schedule or manually perform share or partition through the remote management console. Instead, replication is triggered when a file is closed or a period of time after it is modified (NAS shares), or when a tape cartridge is unmounted (VTL partitions).

Additional Information

- For CIFS/SMB shares, a file is replicated immediately after it is closed. For NFS shares, a file is replicated after it has been idle (not accessed) for several minutes.
- To optimize the replication process, deduplicated data is continuously sent in the background from the source system to the target system. Any remaining data is sent (along with metadata) at the time a file is closed or a tape cartridge is unmounted.

- After files or cartridges are replicated using Directory/File or Cartridge Based Replication, they are
 automatically recovered on the target system and are immediately available for use. There is no need to
 first recover the share or partition to access its data.
- Deletions are automatically propagated from the source system to the target system in order to free up space on the target. In addition, you can manually initiate a synchronization from the source system at any time. Synchronizing ensures that the contents of the source share or partition are exactly the same as the target share or partition.
- **Caution:** Cartridge barcodes for all source systems that are replicating to the same target must be unique.
- **Note:** If you delete a share configured for Directory/File Based Replication on the source DXi, the share is *not* automatically deleted on the target DXi. If you do not want to retain the share on the target DXi, you can manually delete it.

OST Optimized Duplication

The DXi4700 can duplicate the data on an LSU (logical storage unit) to another location using the OST optimized duplication (OST replication) feature supported by Veritas NetBackup and Backup Exec. If you are using Veritas NetBackup 7.1 or higher, you can configure an LSU for Automatic Image Replication.

For information about configuring and using OST optimized duplication and Automatic Image Replication, see <u>Replicating OST Data on page 243</u>.

Multiple Target Replication

The DXi4700 can send replicated data to multiple target systems. First, configure up to two replication targets (see <u>Adding a Replication Target on page 266</u>). Then, for each share or partition, select which targets to replicate data to—one, both, or neither (see <u>Enabling Replication For a Share or Partition on page 139</u>).

Below are three possible scenarios in which multiple replication targets are configured.

All Shares or Partitions Replicate to Multiple Targets

For enhanced disaster recovery, all share or partition on the DXi4700 are configured to replicate to multiple targets. In this scenario, even if one target system is lost, the other target system still retains a full copy of all data on the source DXi4700.

Some Shares or Partitions Replicate to Multiple Targets

For increased flexibility, each share or partition on the DXi4700 is configured to replicate only to the targets where needed. In this scenario, share or partition fall into three categories:

- Some share or partition replicate to Target 1. (They may also replicate to Target 2.)
- Some share or partition replicate to Target 2. (They may also replicate to Target 1.)
- · Some share or partition are not replicated.

Performing Data Replication

The **Replication** page allows you to set up replication for NAS shares or VTL partitions and to replicate and recover data.

To access the **Replication** page, click the **Replication** menu.

The Replication page contains the following tabs:

- Replication Send on page 136
- Receive NAS on page 145
- Receive VTL on page 155
- Actions on page 165
- Reports on page 168

Task Overview

Use the DXi4700 data replication features to perform the following tasks:

- Replicate all data on a share or partition to another system where it can be recovered at a later time (see Task Overview: Setting Up and Performing Replication below).
- Automatically replicate files or cartridges to another system where they are immediately available (see <u>Task Overview</u>: Setting Up and Performing Directory/File or Cartridge Based Replication on the <u>next page</u>).
- Restore a lost or damaged share or partition back to its original location (see <u>Task Overview</u>: <u>Performing a share or partition Failback on page 136</u>).
- Recover data from a lost or damaged share or partition (see <u>Task Overview: Recovering a Replicated</u> Share or Partition on page 135).

Note: The Replication wizard provides guided assistance for configuring data replication (see <u>Configuration Wizards on page 69</u>).

Task Overview: Setting Up and Performing Replication

To replicate all data on a NAS share or VTL partition from a source system to a target system:

- 1. On the target system, add the source system to the list of allowed replication sources (see <u>Adding a</u> <u>Replication Source on page 272</u>).
- 2. On the source system, specify the target system that will receive replicated data (see <u>Adding a</u> <u>Replication Target on page 266</u>).
- 3. On the source system, create a new share or partition with deduplication enabled (see <u>Adding a NAS</u> <u>Share on page 203</u> or <u>Adding a VTL Partition on page 219</u>).

- 4. Enable replication for the new share or partition (see <u>Enabling Replication For a Share or Partition on page 139</u>).
- 5. Before writing any data to the new share or partition, replicate the new share or partition (see Replicating a Share or Partition on page 142).

Quantum recommends that you always replicate a new share or partition immediately after creating it. This establishes the initial data structure on the target system and greatly increases the speed of the first replication.

- 6. Choose one of the following methods to regularly replicate the new share or partition:
 - (Recommended) Use the Scheduler page to set up a schedule for performing replication automatically after backups complete (see <u>Scheduling a Share or Partition for Replication on</u> page 280).
 - Manually perform replication at frequent intervals (see Replicating a Share or Partition on page 142).

After replication, a snapshot is sent to the target system. You can use the snapshot to recover the replicated share or partition on the target system (see <u>Task Overview: Recovering a Replicated Share or Partition on the next page</u>) or restore the share or partition to its original location on the source system (see <u>Task</u> <u>Overview: Performing a share or partition Failback on page 136</u>).

Important Information: Setting up and Performing Replication

- If you do not configure a replication schedule or manually replicate the share or partition on a regular basis, your data is *not* protected. While the DXi4700 continually sends data to the target system in the background to optimize the replication process, a snapshot that preserves the complete structure of your data is sent to the target system *only* when a scheduled or manual replication job occurs. If you do not regularly and frequently replicate your data as described in Step 6 above, it cannot be restored at a later time.
- If a replication is not scheduled or run manually, data is still continuously sent to the target once replication is configured on the source DXi4700. This can potentially fill up the target DXi4700.

Note: To limit the amount of network bandwidth used for replication, enable a constant throttle (see <u>Enabling System Throttling on page 270</u>), or schedule replication throttling (see <u>Scheduling</u> <u>Replication Throttling on page 281</u>).

Task Overview: Setting Up and Performing Directory/File or Cartridge Based Replication

To automatically replicate files or cartridges from a source system and immediately recover them for use on a target system:

- 1. Perform the following steps on the target system:
 - a. Add the source system to the list of allowed replication sources (see <u>Adding a Replication Source</u> <u>on page 272</u>).

- b. Create a new share or partition with deduplication enabled (see <u>Adding a NAS Share on page 203</u> or <u>Adding a VTL Partition on page 219</u>).
- c. Enable Directory/File or Cartridge Based Replication for the new share or partition and specify the Sync ID (see or Configuring Directory/File or Cartridge Based Replication on page 141).
- 2. Perform the following steps on the source system:
 - a. Specify the target system that will receive replicated data (see <u>Adding a Replication Target on page 266</u>).
 - b. Create a new share or partition with deduplication enabled (see <u>Adding a NAS Share on page 203</u> or <u>Adding a VTL Partition on page 219</u>).
 - c. Enable Directory/File or Cartridge Based Replication for the new share or partition and specify the Sync ID (see <u>Configuring Directory/File or Cartridge Based Replication on page 141</u>).

A file is automatically replicated when it is closed or a period of time after it is modified. A cartridge is automatically replicated after it is unmounted. After replication, the replicated files or cartridges are immediately available on the target system. There is no need to recover the share or partition to make the files or cartridges available.

Caution: Cartridge barcodes for all source systems that are replicating to the same target must be unique.

Note: To limit the amount of network bandwidth used for replication, enable a constant throttle (see <u>Enabling System Throttling on page 270</u>), or schedule replication throttling (see <u>Scheduling</u> <u>Replication Throttling on page 281</u>).

Task Overview: Recovering a Replicated Share or Partition

If a NAS share or VTL partition is lost or damaged on the source system, you can recover it on the target system using a received snapshot. When you recover a share or partition, it is recreated on the target system just as it was at the point in time when the snapshot was saved.

To recover a replicated share or partition:

1. On the target system, select a received snapshot and perform a recover operation (see <u>Recovering a</u> <u>Share on page 147</u> or <u>Recovering a Partition on page 157</u>).

The share or partition is now available on the target system.

- 2. (Optional) Map your backup application to the recovered share or partition on the target system to continue making backups.
- 3. When the source system is operating correctly again, choose one of the following actions:
 - Failback the share or partition to restore it on the original source system (see <u>Task Overview</u>: <u>Performing a share or partition Failback on the next page</u>). Then, if necessary, map your backup application to the restored share or partition on the original source system.
 - Continue to make backups to the recovered share or partition on the original target system. In addition, set up replication to replicate the share or partition back to the original source system (see

<u>Task Overview: Setting Up and Performing Replication on page 133</u>). In this scenario, the original source system is now the target, and the original target system is now the source.

Task Overview: Performing a share or partition Failback

If a NAS share or VTL partition is lost or damaged on the source system, you can failback the share or partition to the source system using a received snapshot on the target system. When you failback a share or partition, it is restored on the source system just as it was at the point in time when the snapshot was saved.

To perform a share or partition failback:

- 1. On the original source system, add the original target system to the list of allowed replication sources (see Adding a Replication Source on page 272).
 - **Note:** For the purposes of failback, the original source system is now acting as a target because it will receive the snapshot from the original target system.
- 2. On the original target system, select a received snapshot and perform a failback operation pointing to the original source system, and then recover the share or partition on the original source system (see <u>Performing a Failback For a Share on page 148</u> or <u>Performing a Failback For a Partition on page 158</u>).

The share or partition is now available on the original source system.

3. (Optional) If necessary, map your backup application to the restored share or partition on the original source system.

Replication Send

The **Replication Send** page allows you to manage outgoing replication activity for NAS shares or VTL partitions. You can replicate shares or partitions on the DXi4700 (the source) to other DXi systems (the targets). You can also schedule replication, and view the status of current and recent replication jobs.

Note: Before you can replicate shares or partitions, you must specify a replication target (see <u>Adding a</u> <u>Replication Target on page 266</u>).

To access the **Replication Send** page, click the **Replication** menu, and then click the **Send** tab (see Figure 83 on the next page).

Figure 83: Replication Send Page

ingerbrite bro	s allowed to i	receive replication from	uns DAI					≥ 1
eplication Jobs	•							
) 🕀 Configu	re Replic	cate Now Synchron	ize Now At	ort Queue S	Scheduler			
AS/VTL -	Replicat	Target	Sync ID	Last Job Typ	Job Status	Started	Finished	Schedule
Shares	💽 on							
nfs1tbher	💽 on	10.						
nfs1tball	💽 on	10.	nfs1tball					
cvmk	OFF 💽							
cifs1tbher	💽 on	10.						
cifs1tball	on)	10.	cifs1tball	Replication	Success	Mon Oct 14 16:13	Mon Oct 14 16:13	

Tasks

Use the Replication Send page to perform the following tasks:

- View replication information for shares or partitions (see Replication Jobs List below).
- Enable or disable replication for a share or partition (see <u>Enabling Replication For a Share or Partition</u> on page 139).
- Configure Directory/File or Cartridge Based Replication for a share or partition (see <u>Configuring</u> <u>Directory/File or Cartridge Based Replication on page 141</u>).
- Initiate replication for a share or partition (see Replicating a Share or Partition on page 142).
- Synchronize a share or partition configured for Directory/File or Cartridge Based Replication (see Synchronizing a Share or Partition on page 143).
- View replication statistics for a share or partition configured for Directory/File or Cartridge Based Replication (see Directory/File or Cartridge Based Replication Queue on page 144).
- Schedule a share or partition for replication (see <u>Scheduling a Share or Partition For Replication on page 144</u>).
- Manage replication targets (see <u>Target DXis List on page 145</u>)

Replication Jobs List

The **Replication Jobs** list displays replication statistics for all NAS shares or VTL partitions on the DXi4700 that are eligible for replication. To be eligible for replication, a share or partition must have data deduplication

enabled at the time it is created.

Note: For information about creating NAS shares or VTL partitions, (see <u>Adding a NAS Share</u> or <u>Adding a VTL Partition</u>).

The **Replication Jobs** list displays the following information:

- **NAS/VTL** The name of the share or partition. Hold the cursor over the name to display detailed information about the share or partition.
- **Replication** The replication state (**On** or **Off**). Click the toggle switch to turn replication on or off for the share or partition.

Additional Information

- Click the arrow next to **Shares** or **Partitions** to display all shares or partitions in the list. Alternately, click the plus [+] or minus [-] icons to show or hide all shares or partitions.
- If multiple targets are configured for a share or partition, click the arrow next to the share or partition to view all targets.
- Clicking the toggle next to Shares or Partitions will turn replication on or off for all shares or partitions.

Replication Jobs Information	Description
Target	The hostname or IP address of the configured replication target. If the share or partition is configured to replicate to multiple targets, click the arrow next to the share or partition name to display all targets.
Sync ID	The Sync ID of the share or partition if Directory/File or Cartridge Based Replication is enabled.
Last Job Type	The type of the most recent replication job (Replication or Synchronization).
Job Status	The status of the most recent replication job (see <u>Replication and Synchronization Status on the</u> <u>next page</u>). Hold the cursor over the job status to display detailed job statistics.
Started	The time the most recent replication job was started.
Finished	The time the most recent replication job was completed.
Schedule	A watch icon displays if replication is scheduled for the share or partition, as well as the next scheduled event (see <u>Scheduling a Share or Partition For Replication on page 144</u>).

Replication Jobs Customization

You can customize the appearance of the Replication Jobs list in the following ways:

- Click the top banner row of the list to collapse or expand the list.
- Click the arrow to the right of a column heading and select **Sort Ascending** or **Sort Descending** to sort the rows in the table by that column.
- To show or hide a column, click the arrow to the right of a column heading, and then click **Columns**. Select the check box to show a column, or clear the check box to hide a column. (The following columns are hidden by default: **Original Data Size**, **Actual Data Sent**, and **Average Data Sent**.)
- To filter content in a column, click the arrow to the right of a column heading, and then click **Filters**. Type or select the desired filter. (If one row for a share or partition matches the filter, all rows for the share or partition are displayed.)

Replication and Synchronization Status

A replication job can have one of the following statuses:

In Progress	The replication job is in progress.	
Partial	A replication job was partially completed. Generate a replication report to see the files that were not replicated.	
Queued	The replication job is queued and will continue when the system is ready.	
Success	The replication job was completed successfully.	
Failed	The replication job was not completed.	

A synchronization job can have one of the following statuses:

Queued	The synchronization job is queued and will continue when the system is ready.	
Success	The synchronization job was completed successfully.	
Recovering	The recover operation is in process.	
Replicating	The replication operation is in process.	
Failed	The synchronization job was not completed.	

Enabling Replication For a Share or Partition

Enable replication for a NAS share or VTL partition to allow the data on the share or partition to be replicated to other DXi systems (the targets). Disable replication if you do not want to replicate the share or partition to

other DXi systems.

Note: To be eligible for replication, a share or partition must have data deduplication enabled at the time it is created.

To enable or disable replication for a share or partition:

1. Select the share or partition and click **Configure**.

The Share or Partition Configure window displays (see Figure 84 below).

Figure 84: Share or Partition Configure Window

Con	figur	e - nfs1tbher			×
V	E	le Replication inable Dir/File based iync ID nfs1tbhe		t	
		Target	Status	Encryption	
	V	10.	Ready	256-BIT	
		10.	Ready	256-BIT	
* Required field Apply Cancel					

- 2. Select the Enable Replication check box to enable replication for the share or partition.
- 3. Or clear the **Enable Replication** check box to disable replication for the share or partition. Any jobs from that share or partition that are in progress or queued will transition to failure. Also, all replication job history for that combination of target and share or partition will be removed.
- 4. Select the check box for each replication target you want to replicate the share or partition to. (You must select at least one target.) When the share or partition is replicated, its data will be sent to all selected targets.
- 5. Click **Apply**.

Additional Information

- Quantum recommends scheduling replication to run after backups are complete (see <u>Scheduling a</u> <u>Share or Partition For Replication on page 144</u>). If you do not enable scheduled replication, replication will only occur if you manually replicate a share or partition (see <u>Replicating a Share or Partition on</u> <u>page 142</u>) or if you configure Directory/File Based Replication (see <u>Configuring Directory/File or</u> <u>Cartridge Based Replication on the next page</u>).
- Disabling replication for a share or partition does not delete any scheduled replication events for that share or partition. If you no longer want to schedule the share or partition for replication, manually delete the schedule (see <u>Deleting a Scheduled Event</u>).

Configuring Directory/File or Cartridge Based Replication

Configure a NAS share or VTL partition for Directory/File or Cartridge Based Replication to automatically replicate files or cartridges to other DXi systems (the targets). A file is automatically replicated when it is closed or a period of time after it is modified. A cartridge is automatically replicated when it is unmounted. After replication, the replicated files or cartridges are immediately available on the target systems. There is no need to recover the share or partition to make the files or cartridges available. Disable Directory/File or Cartridge Based Replication if you do not want to automatically replicate files or cartridges.

When you configure a share or partition for Directory/File or Cartridge Based Replication, you must specify a Sync ID. The Sync ID associates the share or partition on the source system with the share or partition on the target systems that will received the replicated data. The **Sync ID** for the source share or partition must match the **Sync ID** for the target share or partition.

If Cartridge Based Replication is enabled for a VTL partition, the following media behaviors apply:

- When a cartridge is exported from the partition, the cartridge is deleted from the configured target systems.
- When a cartridge is imported into the partition, the cartridge is replicated to the configured target systems.
- When a cartridge is deleted on a source system, it is in the **Unassigned** partition, thus this action has no effect on Cartridge Based Replication activity.

To configure a source share or partition for Directory/File or Cartridge Based Replication:

- 1. If you have not already done so, configure the target share or partition on the target DXi (see <u>Configuring a Target Share for Directory/File Based Replication on page 154</u> or <u>Configuring a Target</u> <u>Partition for Cartridge Based Replication on page 164</u>.)
- 2. On the source DXi, select the source share or partition and click Configure.

The Share or Partition Configure window displays (see Figure 85 below).

Figure 85: Share or Partition Configure Window

Configure - nfs1tball			×	
Enable Replication				
👿 Enable Dir/File bas	ed replication to targe	et		
*Sync ID nfs1t	ball)	
Target	Status	Encryption		
V 10.	Ready	256-BIT		
10.	Ready	256-BIT		
* Required field Apply Cancel				

3. If it is not already selected, select the **Enable Replication** check box to enable replication for the share or partition.

4. Select the **Enable Directory/File or Cartridge Based Replication to target** check box to enable Directory/File or Cartridge Based Replication for the share or partition.

Or clear the **Enable Directory/File or Cartridge Based Replication to target** check box to disable Directory/File or Cartridge Based Replication for the share or partition.

5. Enter a **Sync ID** in the box.

Additional Information

- The **Sync ID** is used to identify the target share or partition that will receive replicated data from the source share or partition. The **Sync ID** *must* be identical to the **Sync ID** of the target share or partition on the target system.
- The **Sync ID** must contain no more than 32 characters (NAS share) or 12 characters (VTL partition) and can contain only alphanumeric characters, underscores, and hyphens. (An underscore or hyphen must not be the first character.)
- If you are performing Directory/File or Cartridge Based Replication with a system running a DXi software version prior to 2.3, you may need to change the **Sync ID** on the system running pre-2.3 software to match the above **Sync ID** name restrictions.
- 6. Select the check box for each replication target you want to replicate the share or partition to. (You must select at least one target.) When the share or partition is replicated, its data will be sent to all selected targets.

i Note: Directory/File or Cartridge Based Replication will be configured for all selected targets. You cannot configure one share or partition for multiple replication types.

- 7. Click Apply.
- **Note:** After you configure a share or partition for Directory/File or Cartridge Based Replication, you should synchronize it to ensure it is in sync with the target share or partition (see <u>Synchronizing a</u> <u>Share or Partition on the next page</u>).

Replicating a Share or Partition

Replicate a NAS share or VTL partition to send a snapshot of the share or partition to the target systems. A snapshot is required to recover the data on the targets at a later time. If you have not configured a replication schedule for a share or partition, replication only occurs when you manually initiate it (see).

A Caution: Do not replicate a partition containing media in an Exported state.

To replicate a share or partition:

1. Select the share or partition to replicate.

If multiple targets are configured, click the arrow next to the share or partition to display all targets, and then select the desired target.

2. Click **Replicate Now**.

The status of the replication job displays in the Job Status column.

To cancel the replication job, select the share or partition and click **Abort**.

Synchronizing a Share or Partition

Synchronize a NAS share or VTL partition to synchronize its contents with the corresponding share or partition on the target systems. To synchronize a share or partition, it must be configured for Directory/File or Cartridge Based Replication (see <u>Configuring a Target Share for Directory/File Based Replication on page 154</u>).

Synchronizing a share or partition ensures that the contents of the source share or partition are the same as the target share or partition. The synchronization verifies that the same files or cartridges exist in both locations, and that no additional files or cartridges exist in either location.

You should perform a synchronization in any of the following situations:

- When Directory/File or Cartridge Based Replication is first enabled for a share or partition.
- If a Directory/File or Cartridge Based Replication job fails.
- If Directory/File or Cartridge Based Replication is disabled for a time and then is re-enabled.

Manually performing a synchronization is not necessary except in the cases described above. When synchronization is manually initiated for a share or partition, the replication queue for that share or partition is cleared. All file write and delete requests are queued after the synchronization, and they are not processed until the synchronization is complete. This can cause replication to appear to be slow, especially for a share or partition that is frequently accessed.

Caution: Before synchronizing a share or partition, make sure all media are unmounted and there are no active backup jobs to the share or partition. (After the synchronization reaches the **Replicating** state, backup jobs are allowed.)

Additional Information

- Even when replication is paused, the system continues to queue Directory/File or Cartridge Based Replication operations. Each time an operation is queued, the system logs an administration alert that reports the total number of queued Directory/File or Cartridge Based Replication requests.
- If a synchronization fails, make sure the target share or partition is unlocked (see <u>Configuring a Target</u> <u>Share for Directory/File Based Replication on page 154</u> or <u>Configuring a Target Partition for Cartridge</u> Based Replication on page 164).

To synchronize a share or partition:

1. Select the share or partition to synchronize.

If multiple targets are configured, click the arrow next to the share or partition to display all targets, and then select the desired target.

2. Click Synchronize Now.

The status of the synchronization job displays in the Job Status column.

To cancel the synchronization job, select the share or partition and click Abort.

Directory/File or Cartridge Based Replication Queue

The Directory/File or Cartridge Based Replication displays replication statistics for shares or partitions that are configured for Directory/File or Cartridge Based Replication (see <u>Configuring Directory/File or Cartridge Based Replication on page 141</u>).

To view the Directory/File or Cartridge Based Replication Queue:

1. Select a share or partition that is configured for Directory/File or Cartridge Based Replication.

If multiple targets are configured, click the arrow next to the share or partition to display all targets, and then select the desired target.

2. Click Queue.

The Directory/File or Cartridge Based Replication Queue displays the following information for the share or partition:

File/Directory or Barcode	The file/directory or cartridge to be replicated.
State	The replication state for the file/directory or cartridge.
Progress	The percentage complete for replication of the file/directory or cartridge.
Estimated Duration	The estimated time it will take to complete replication for the file/directory or cartridge.
	Note: The estimated duration may display as unknown if replication has been very recently initiated. After the system has enough information to calculate a value, the estimated duration will display.

Additional Information

- The contents of the Directory/File or Cartridge Based Replication Queue are dynamic. Because of this, statistics are subject to change if items are added to the queue.
- The queue may show a large number of deletion entries after a single directory is deleted. This is expected behavior, and occurs because several recursive file or subdirectory deletions may be required.
- 3. To close the Directory/File or Cartridge Based Replication Queue, click the Close icon.

Scheduling a Share or Partition For Replication

When a share or partition is enabled for replication, it is important to regularly replicate the share or partition to the target systems. Quantum recommends scheduling replication to run after backups are complete.
To schedule a share or partition for replication, click **Scheduler**. The **Scheduler** window displays (see Figure 86 below).

For details about using the **Scheduler** to add or edit a replication schedule, see <u>Scheduling a for</u> <u>Replication</u>.

Figure 86: Scheduler Window

Scheduler													(? X
🕒 🗄 Filter: search criter	a X	Goto:		te		9) (1) (low 🧔	Refrest	n 🙂	🔟 Daily	🔳 Wee	ikiy 📰	Monthly	۲
Name								Week o	f 21 Oct					
		Mon 10/21		Tue 10/22		Wed 10/23		Thu 10/	Thu 10/24		5	Sat 10/2	6	Sun
NAS Replication														
Replication Throttle														
🗲 Email Reports														
밍 Healthchecks		6:0		6:0		6:0		6:0		6:0		6:0		
Space Reclamation			2:00PM		2:00PM		2:00PM		2:00PM		2:00PM		2:00PM	
<	+	•												•

Target DXis List

The **Target DXis** list allows you to configure and manage replication targets on the DXi4700. Click the arrows at the upper right, or click the top banner row, to expand or collapse the **Target DXis** list.

Receive NAS

The **Receive NAS** page allows you to manage incoming replication activity for NAS shares. You can recover a replicated share on the target system if the source system is unavailable. Once the source system becomes available, you can failback the share to make it available on the source system again.

Note: Before you can receive replicated shares, you must specify one or more replication sources (see <u>Adding a Replication Target</u>).

To access the Receive NAS page, click the Replication menu, and then click the Receive > NAS tab.

Tasks

Use the Receive NAS page to perform the following tasks:

- View received snapshots and recover, failback, or delete snapshots (see <u>Received Snapshots on the</u> <u>next page</u>).
- Manage recovery jobs (see Recovery Jobs on page 150).
- Manage failback jobs (see Failback Jobs on page 151).

Manage shares configured for Directory/File Based Replication (see <u>Directory/File Based on</u> page 152).

Received Snapshots

The **Received Snapshots** page allows you to view and work with received snapshots. When a replicated NAS share is received from a source system, it is saved as a snapshot. The snapshot contains all of the data necessary to fully recover or failback the share to the point in time when the snapshot was saved.

To access the **Received Snapshots** page, on the **Receive NAS** page, click the **Received Snapshots** tab (see Figure 87 below).

Figure 87: Received Snapshots Page

_		Share Name	Source DXi	Started	Finished	Statu: *
	0	Casper-NAS1	Ca	Fri Jan 10 14:20:25 2014	Fri Jan 10 14:20:25 2014	Succe
	0	Crystal-CIFS1	vip	Wed Jan 15 10:26:05 2014	Wed Jan 15 10:26:06 2014	Succe
	۲	Crystal-CIFS1	vip	Wed Jan 15 10:19:35 2014	Wed Jan 15 10:19:36 2014	Succe =
+(2)	0	Crystal-CIFS2	vip	Wed Jan 15 10:26:07 2014	Wed Jan 15 10:26:08 2014	Succe
	0	Viper-CIFS2	vip	Wed Jan 15 10:03:37 2014	Wed Jan 15 10:03:37 2014	Succe
	0	Viper-CIFS1	vip	Wed Jan 15 10:03:35 2014	Wed Jan 15 10:03:36 2014	Succe
	0	Crystal-CIFS1	in the second	Fri Jan 17 10:57:18 2014	Fri Jan 17 10:57:20 2014	Succe
	\odot	Crystal-CIFS2	in the second	Fri Jan 17 10:57:20 2014	Fri Jan 17 10:57:22 2014	Succe
F(2)	0	Indio1-CIFS1	in	Wed Jan 15 16:15:48 2014	Wed Jan 15 16:26:47 2014	Partial
+(3)	O	Vandal-CIFS1	va	Thu Jan 23 13:06:41 2014	Thu Jan 23 13:06:41 2014	Succe
m	~	Vendel OIE00		Thu los 02 12:06:12 2014	Thu: Iop 02 42:06:42 2044	•••••

Tasks

Use the Received Snapshots page to perform the following tasks:

- View information about received snapshots (see Snapshots List on the next page).
- Recover a partition on the target system (see Recovering a Share on the next page).
- Failback a partition to the source system (see Performing a Failback For a Share on page 148).
- Delete a received snapshot (see Deleting a Snapshot on page 150).

(i) Note: The target system will retain up to 10 replication snapshots (default setting) for each replicated partition. Once 10 snapshots have been saved, the oldest snapshot is deleted to make room for each new snapshot that is received. (To change the maximum number of snapshots retained for each partition, see <u>Changing the Maximum Number of Snapshots</u>).

Snapshots List

The **Snapshots List** displays all available snapshots that have been received from configured replication sources. Snapshots are grouped by NAS Share. To see all available snapshots for a partition, click the plus icon **[+]** next to the share name.

The Snapshots List displays the following information about each snapshot:

Share Name	The name of the share.
Source DXi	The hostname of the system that the snapshot was sent from.
Started	The time the most recent replication job was started.
Finished	The time the most recent replication job finished.
Status	The status of the most recent replication job (see <u>Replication and Synchronization Status</u>). Click the status to display detailed information about the most recent replication job.

Note: Click a column heading to sort the rows in the table by that column. Click the column heading again to reverse the sort order.

Recovering a Share

Recover a NAS share if the source system is unavailable and you need to access the share (for example, to continue performing backups). When you recover a share, you select a received snapshot. The DXi4700 uses the snapshot to recreate the share on the target system just as it was at the point in time when the snapshot was saved.

Note: Before recovering a share, you must enable CIFS/SMB on the DXi (see <u>Windows Domain</u>). Also, if the DXi is not using Active Directory, you must configure at least one workgroup user to own recovered CIFS/SMB shares (see <u>Share Access</u>).

To recover a share:

1. On the target system, select a snapshot in the **Snapshots List** and click **Recover**.

The Recovered Share Name page displays (see Figure 88 on the next page).

Figure 88: Recovered Share Name Page

- 2. (Optional) In the **Recovered Share Name** box, type a new name for the recovered share. (The default name is the original share name.)
- 3. Click Apply.

The share is recovered on the target system. All data stored on the share at the time the snapshot was saved is available. The original export protocol of the share (NFS or CIFS/SMB) is retained in the recovery process.

Note: After you recover a share, if you want to continue backing up data to the share, you must remap your backup application to point to the target system instead of the source system.

Performing a Failback For a Share

Perform a failback of a NAS share if a source system that was previously unavailable becomes available again. When you failback a share, you select a received snapshot. The DXi4700 copies the snapshot from the target system back to the source system. You can then perform a recover operation to recreate the share on the source system just as it was at the point in time when the snapshot was saved.

- **Note:** Before you can failback a share, on the original source system, you must add the original target system to the list of allowed replication sources (see <u>Adding a Replication Source</u>). This is because, during failback, the original target is acting as a source when it sends a snapshot to the original source.
- 1. To perform a share failback:

On the target system, select a snapshot in the **Snapshots List** and click **Failback**.

The Failback Target page displays (see Figure 89 on the next page).

Figure 89: Failback Target Page

NAS	Help
Failback Target	
Please specify the DXi to which the share pleiadescedarcifs04 should be failed back.	
This DXi must be given permission to failback to the target you specify below by appearing in the failback target's list of Allowed Replication Source DXIs!	
Failback Destination DXi sample.company-sqa.com	
Vse Encryption	
© 128-bit	
256-bit	
© TLS-256	
Apply Cancel	

2. (Optional) In the **Failback Destination DXi** box, type the hostname or IP address of a new destination system to failback the partition to. (The default destination is the original source system.)

Note: To use hostname format, you must specify at least one DNS IP address on the **Network** page (see Network).

3. (Optional) Leave the **Use Encryption** check box selected to enable encryption when sending the snapshot to the destination. Or clear the **Use Encryption** check box to disable encryption when sending the snapshot to the destination.



Note: AES encryption options are available only if the Data-in-Flight license is installed (see License Keys).

4. Click Apply.

The snapshot is sent to the source system.

5. On the source system, in the **Snapshots List**, select the snapshot that was sent during the failback operation and click **Recover**.

The Recovered Partition Name page displays.

- 6. (Optional) In the **Recovered Partition Name** box, type a new name for the recovered share. (The default name is the original share name.)
- 7. Click Apply.

The share is recovered on the source system. All data stored on the share at the time the snapshot was saved is available. The original export protocol of the share (NFS or CIFS/SMB) is retained in the recovery process.

1 Note: If you previously remapped your backup application to a recovered share on the target system, after you failback the share, you must remap your backup application again to point to the source system.

Deleting a Snapshot

Delete a snapshot if it is no longer needed. After you delete a snapshot, it can no longer be used to recover or failback a NAS share.

Note: You cannot delete a snapshot if a failback operation is in progress for the snapshot. Wait for the failback operation to complete, or abort the operation (see).

To delete a snapshot:

- 1. Do one of the following actions:
 - On the source system, disable replication for the share associated with the snapshot (see Enabling Replication For a Share or Partition).
 - On the target system, delete the source system associated with the snapshot from the list of allowed replication sources (see Deleting a Replication Source8).
- 2. On the target system, select a snapshot in the Snapshots List and click Delete.
 - **Note:** If you delete the last snapshot for a partition while replication for the partition (to this target) is still enabled, any replicated data not yet protected by a replicated share is *not* deleted. To delete this data, on the source system, disable replication for the partition before deleting the last snapshot.
- 3. Click **Yes** to confirm the action.

Recovery Jobs

The **Recovery Jobs** page allows you to view information about snapshot recover operations that were previously completed.

To access the **Recovery Jobs** page, on the **Receive NAS** page, click the **Recovery Jobs** tab (see <u>Figure</u> <u>90 on the next page</u>).

Figure 90: Recovery Jobs Page

	Original Share Name	New Share Name	Source DXi	Started	Finished	Status
0	Viper-CIFS2	Viper-CIFS2	vip	Wed Jan 15 10:08:28 2014	Wed Jan 15 10:08:31 2014	Success
0	Viper-CIFS1	Viper-CIFS1	vip	Wed Jan 15 10:09:09 2014	Wed Jan 15 10:09:12 2014	Success
0	Crystal-CIFS1	CrystCIFS1	ind	Fri Jan 17 11:24:19 2014	Fri Jan 17 11:24:23 2014	Success
0	Indio1-CIFS1	Indio1-CIFS1	ind	Wed Jan 15 12:07:42 2014	Wed Jan 15 12:07:46 2014	Success
0	Vandal-CIFS1	Vandal-CIFS1	var	Thu Jan 23 11:04:39 2014	Thu Jan 23 11:04:43 2014	Success
0	Vandal-CIFS2	Vandal-CIFS2	var	Thu Jan 23 11:04:57 2014	Thu Jan 23 11:05:01 2014	Success
0	v4000-CIFS1	v4000-CIFS1	DXi00	Thu Jan 16 10:58:27 2014	Thu Jan 16 10:58:30 2014	Success
0	Crystal-CIFS1	Crystal-CIFS1	Crys	Wed Jan 22 15:59:35 2014	Wed Jan 22 15:59:41 2014	Success
0	Crystal-CIFS2	Crystal-CIFS2	Crys	Wed Jan 22 15:59:50 2014	Wed Jan 22 15:59:56 2014	Success
0	blue3	blue3	Aqu	Thu Jan 9 15:53:24 2014	Thu Jan 9 15:53:29 2014	Success
0	blue1	blue1-rec4	Agu	Fri Jan 10 06:23:44 2014	Fri Jan 10 06:23:50 2014	Success

The **Snapshot Recovery Jobs** section displays the following information about recovery jobs:

Original Share Name	The name of the share the snapshot was created from.
New Share Name	The name of the share the snapshot was recovered to.
Source DXi	The hostname of the system that the snapshot was received from.
Started	The time the recovery job was started.
Finished	The time the recovery job finished.
Status	The status of the recovery job (Success, In Progress, or Failed).

To delete information for a recovery job, select it in the **Snapshot Recovery Jobs** list and click **Delete Job Info**.

Failback Jobs

The **Failback Jobs** page allows you to view information about snapshot failback operations that were previously completed. You can also abort a failback that is currently in progress.

To access the **Failback Jobs** page, on the **Receive NAS** page, click the **Failback Jobs** tab (see Figure 91 on the next page).

Figure 91: Failback Jobs Page

_	Share Name	Destination DXi	Started	Finished	Status
	Viper-CIFS2	10.	Wed Jan 15 10:09:04 2014	Wed Jan 15 10:09:05 2014	Success
)	Viper-CIFS1	10.	Wed Jan 15 10:09:04 2014	Wed Jan 15 10:09:04 2014	Success
	Crystal-CIFS1	10.	Fri Jan 17 10:59:04 2014	Fri Jan 17 10:59:05 2014	Success
)	Indio1-CIFS1	10.	Fri Jan 17 14:28:34 2014	Fri Jan 17 14:28:35 2014	Partial
Ð	Vandal-CIFS1	10.	Thu Jan 23 10:59:28 2014	Thu Jan 23 10:59:28 2014	Success
0	Vandal-CIFS2	10.	Thu Jan 23 10:59:28 2014	Thu Jan 23 10:59:29 2014	Success
Ð	blue3	10.	Thu Jan 9 15:51:16 2014	Thu Jan 9 15:51:20 2014	Success
0	blue1	10.	Fri Jan 10 06:25:16 2014	Fri Jan 10 06:25:28 2014	Success

The **Snapshot Failback Jobs** section displays the following information about failback jobs:

Share Name	The name of the share the snapshot was created from.
Destination DXi	The hostname of the system that the snapshot was sent to.
Started	The time the failback job was started.
Finished	The time the failback job finished.
Status	The status of the failback job (Success, In Progress, or Failed).

Use the Failback Jobs page to perform the following tasks:

- To delete information for a failback job, select it in the **Snapshot Failback Jobs** section and click **Delete Job Info**.
- To abort a failback job that is in progress, select it in the **Snapshot Failback Jobs** section and click **Abort**.

Directory/File Based

The **Directory/File Based** page allows you to manage Directory/File Based Replication on the target system. You can configure a NAS share to receive Directory/File Based Replication data sent from a source system and view replication statistics for the share.

1 Note: For information about creating NAS shares, see <u>Adding a NAS Share</u>.

To access the **Directory/File Based** page, on the **Receive NAS** page, click the **Directory/File Base** tab (see Figure 92 on the next page).

Figure 92: Directory/File Based Page

	Share Name	State	Sync ID	Access	-	•
0	blue1-rec4	Disabled				
0	Viper-CIFS2	Enabled	Viper-CIFS2	Unlocked		
0	Viper-CIFS1	Enabled	Viper-CIFS1	Unlocked		
0	Indio1-CIFS1	Enabled	Indio1-CIFS1	Unlocked	=	-
0	v4000-CIFS1	Enabled	v4000-CIFS1	Unlocked		
0	CrystCIFS1	Enabled	CrystCIFS1	Unlocked		
1	Crystal-CIFS3	Enabled	Crystal-CIFS3	Unlocked	-	1
0	Crystal-CIFS4	Enabled	Crystal-CIFS4	Unlocked		
0	Crystal-NFS3	Enabled	Crystal-NFS3	Unlocked		
0	Crystal-NFS4	Enabled	Crystal-NFS4	Unlocked		
1	Crystal-CIFS1	Enabled	Crystal-CIFS1	Unlocked		
A	Crystal-CIFS2	Enabled	Crystal-CIFS2	Unlocked		

Tasks

Use the Directory/File Based page to perform the following tasks:

- View shares eligible to receive Directory/File Based data (see <u>Shares Eligible to Receive</u> <u>Directory/File Based Data below</u>)
- Configure a share to receive Directory/File Based data (see <u>Configuring a Target Share for</u> Directory/File Based Replication on the next page)
- View statistics for shares configured for Directory/File Based Replication (see <u>Unpack Queue on page 155</u>)

Shares Eligible to Receive Directory/File Based Data

The **Shares Eligible to Receive Directory/File Based Data** section displays information for all NAS shares on the DXi4700 that are eligible to receive Directory/File Based Replication data from a source share. To be eligible to receive Directory/File Based Replication data, a share must have data deduplication enabled at the time it is created.

The Shares Eligible for Replication section displays the following information:

Share Name	The name of the share.
State	The state of Directory/File Based Replication for the share (Enabled or Disabled).
Sync ID	The Sync ID used to identify the source share that will send replicated data to the share.
Access	The selected access option for the share (Locked or Unlocked).

Note: Click the Information button **[i]** next to a partition to display detailed information about the share and recent replication activity.

Configuring a Target Share for Directory/File Based Replication

Configuring a NAS share for Directory/File Based Replication enables the automatic replication of files and directories on the source partition to the target share. Before you configure a share on the source system for Directory/File Based Replication, you must configure a share on the target system to receive the replicated data from the source share.

Note: For information about configuring Directory/File Based Replication on the source system, see Configuring Directory/File or Cartridge Based Replication.

To configure a target share for Directory/File Based Replication:

1. Select the share and click Edit.

The Edit Share Settings page displays (see Figure 93 below).

Figure 93: Edit Share Settings Page

NAS	Help	J
Edit Crystal-CIFS3 Settings		
Enable to receive Directory//File Based replication data		
Sync ID : Crystal-CIFS3		
Access: O Locked O Unlocked		
Apply Cancel		

2. Select the **Enable to receive Directory/File Based replication data** check box to enable Directory/File Based Replication for the share.

Or clear the **Enable to receive Directory/File Based replication data** check box to disable Directory/File Based Replication for the share.

3. Enter a **Sync ID** in the box.

The Sync ID is used to identify the source share that will send replicated data to the target partition. The Sync ID *must* be identical to the Sync ID of the source share on the source system.

- 4. Select an **Access** option:
 - Locked The share is not allowed to receive new Directory/File Based Replication data.
 - Unlocked The share is allowed to receive new Directory/File Replication data.

Note: If a share configured for Directory/File Based Replication is locked on the target system, synchronization jobs may fail on the source system.

5. Click Apply.

Unpack Queue

Use the **Unpack Queue** to view Directory/File Replication statistics for data received from the source system.

To view the Unpack Queue, select a share and click View Unpack Queue (see Figure 94 below).

Figure 94: Unpack Queue

AS		Help
npack Queue - nasRephs		
File/Directory	State	
/snfs/ddup/shares/nasRephs/fileHsShareTest In	Progress (Unable to get lock to recover data)	
npack Details here are 1 files/directories remaining to be unpac	sked.	
Ok Refresh		

The **Unpack Queue** displays the following information:

Barcode	The barcode of the file or directory to be replicated.
State	The replication state of the file or directory.

Click **Refresh** to update the statistics in the Unpack Queue. Click **OK** to return to the **Directory/File Based** page.

Receive VTL

The **Receive VTL** page allows you to manage incoming replication activity for VTL partitions. You can recover a replicated partition on the target system if the source system is unavailable. Once the source system becomes available, you can failback the partition to make it available on the source system again.

Note: Before you can receive replicated partitions, you must specify one or more replication sources (see Adding a Replication Source).

To access the **Receive VTL** page, click the **Replication** menu, and then click the **Receive > VTL** tab.

Tasks

Use the Receive VTL page to perform the following tasks:

- View received snapshots and recover, failback, or delete snapshots (see <u>Received Snapshots</u> <u>below</u>).
- Manage recovery jobs (see Recovery Jobs on page 160).
- Manage failback jobs (see Failback Jobs on page 161).
- Manage shares configured for Cartridge Based Replication (see Cartridge Based on page 162).

Received Snapshots

The **Received Snapshots** page allows you to view and work with received snapshots. When a replicated VTL partition is received from a source system, it is saved as a snapshot. The snapshot contains all of the data necessary to fully recover or failback the partition to the point in time when the snapshot was saved.

To access the **Received Snapshots** page, on the **Receive VTL** page, click the **Received Snapshots** tab (see Figure 95 below).

Figure 95: Received Snapshots Page

	Partition Name	Source DXi	Started	Finished	Status
0	ice-vtITB1	iceman.	Wed Jun 6 16:25:49 2012	Wed Jun 6 16:26:11 2012	Success
0	ice-vtl1	iceman.	Wed Jun 6 16:21:49 2012	Wed Jun 6 16:21:58 2012	Success
0	covtl-tb1	iceman.	Thu May 24 17:08:29 2012	Thu May 24 17:08:30 2012	Success
	covtl-tb2	iceman.	Thu May 24 17:08:59 2012	Thu May 24 17:22:16 2012	Success
+ (ice-vtITB1	iceman.	Mon Jun 4 14:00:03 2012	Mon Jun 4 14:00:04 2012	Success
+ (ice-vtl1	iceman.	Wed May 30 18:00:26 2012	Wed May 30 18:00:28 2012	Success
R	ecover Fa	ilback Dele	ate		

Tasks

Use the Received Snapshots page to perform the following tasks:

- View information about received snapshots (see Snapshots List on the next page).
- Recover a partition on the target system (see <u>Recovering a Partition on the next page</u>).
- Failback a partition to the source system (see Performing a Failback For a Partition on page 158).
- Delete a received snapshot (see <u>Deleting a Snapshot on page 160</u>).

1 Note: The target system will retain up to 10 replication snapshots (default setting) for each replicated partition. Once 10 snapshots have been saved, the oldest snapshot is deleted to make room for each new snapshot that is received. (To change the maximum number of snapshots retained for each partition, see <u>Changing the Maximum Number of Snapshots</u>).

Snapshots List

The **Snapshots List** displays all available snapshots that have been received from configured replication sources. Snapshots are grouped by VTL partition. To see all available snapshots for a partition, click the plus icon **[+]** next to the partition name.

The Snapshots List displays the following information about each snapshot:

Partition Name	The name of the partition.
Source DXi	The hostname of the system that the snapshot was sent from.
Started	The time the most recent replication job was started.
Finished	The time the most recent replication job finished.
Status	The status of the most recent replication job (see <u>Replication and Synchronization Status</u>). Click the status to display detailed information about the most recent replication job.

Note: Click a column heading to sort the rows in the table by that column. Click the column heading again to reverse the sort order.

Recovering a Partition

Recover a VTL partition if the source system is unavailable and you need to access the partition (for example, to continue performing backups). When you recover a partition, you select a received snapshot. The DXi4700 uses the snapshot to recreate the partition on the target system just as it was at the point in time when the snapshot was saved.

Note: To recover a partition, the target system must support the library emulation and drive type used in the original partition. For a list of the available library emulations and drive types on the target system, see <u>Adding a VTL Partition</u>.

To recover a partition:

1. On the target system, select a snapshot in the Snapshots List and click Recover.

The Recovered Partition Name page displays (see Figure 96 on the next page).

Figure 96: Recovered Partition Name Page

VTL	Help
Recovered Partition Name The name ice-vtITB1 is not available. Since it is already being used by an existing partition, please enter a new name for the partition to be recovered. Recovered Partition Name Apply Cancel	

- 2. (Optional) In the **Recovered Partition Name** box, type a new name for the recovered partition. (The default name is the original partition name.)
- 3. Click Apply.

The partition and its cartridges are recovered on the target system. All data stored on the partition at the time the snapshot was saved is available.

After recovering the partition, you must add tape drives to the partition. The tape drive type must be identical to the original partition so that the media is compatible. In addition, you must map the devices before the VTL partition is accessible.

If the partition contains media, you will only be able to select the highest capacity tape drive for that media type. For example, if the partition contains SDLT600 tape cartridges, you will only be able to select DLT-S4 tape drives when mapping devices to the recovered partition.

Additional Information

- When a VTL partition is recovered on a target system, a new serial number is created for the partition.
- After you recover a partition, if you want to continue backing up data to the partition, you must remap your backup application to point to the target system instead of the source system.

Performing a Failback For a Partition

Perform a failback of a VTL partition if a source system that was previously unavailable becomes available again. When you failback a partition, you select a received snapshot. The DXi4700 copies the snapshot from the target system back to the source system. You can then perform a recover operation to recreate the partition on the source system just as it was at the point in time when the snapshot was saved.

1 Note: Before you can failback a partition, on the original source system, you must add the original target system to the list of allowed replication sources (see <u>Adding a Replication Source</u>). This is because, during failback, the original target is acting as a source when it sends a snapshot to the original source.

1. To perform a partition failback:

On the target system, select a snapshot in the **Snapshots List** and click **Failback**.

The Failback Target page displays (see Figure 97 below).



Failback Target Please specify the DXi to which the partition pleiauropa01 should be failed back.	
This DXi must be given permission to failback to the target you specify below by appearing in the failback target's list of Allowed Replication Source DXis!	
Failback Destination DXi sample.company-sqa.com	
Vse Encryption	
© 128-bit	
256-bit	
© TLS-256	
Apply Cancel	

2. (Optional) In the **Failback Destination DXi** box, type the hostname or IP address of a new destination system to failback the partition to. (The default destination is the original source system.)

Note: To use hostname format, you must specify at least one DNS IP address on the Network page (see Network).

3. (Optional) Leave the **Use Encryption** check box selected to enable encryption when sending the snapshot to the destination. Or clear the **Use Encryption** check box to disable encryption when sending the snapshot to the destination.

Caution: Select 128-bit encryption if you are sending data to a DXi running a system software version prior to DXi 2.1 Software.

- **Note:** AES encryption options are available only if the Data-in-Flight license is installed (see <u>License Keys</u>).
- 4. Click Apply.

The snapshot is sent to the source system.

5. On the source system, in the **Snapshots List**, select the snapshot that was sent during the failback operation and click **Recover**.

The Recovered Partition Name page displays.

- 6. (Optional) In the **Recovered Partition Name** box, type a new name for the recovered partition. (The default name is the original partition name.)
- 7. Click Apply.

The partition and its cartridges are recovered on the source system. All data stored on the partition at the time the snapshot was saved is available.

After recovering the partition, you must add tape drives and a robot to the partition, and you must map the devices before the VTL partition is accessible. If the partition contains media, you will only be able to select the highest capacity tape drive for that media type. For example, if the partition contains SDLT600 tape cartridges, you will only be able to select DLT-S4 tape drives when mapping devices to the recovered partition.

Additional Information

- When a VTL partition is recovered on a target system, a new serial number is created for the partition.
- If you previously remapped your backup application to a recovered partition on the target system, after you failback the partition, you must remap your backup application again to point to the source system.

Deleting a Snapshot

Delete a snapshot if it is no longer needed. After you delete a snapshot, it can no longer be used to recover or failback a VTL partition.

Note: You cannot delete a snapshot if a failback operation is in progress for the snapshot. Wait for the failback operation to complete, or abort the operation (see <u>Failback Jobs on the next page</u>).

To delete a snapshot:

- 1. Do one of the following actions:
 - On the source system, disable replication for the partition associated with the snapshot (see Enabling Replication For a Share or Partition).
 - On the target system, delete the source system associated with the snapshot from the list of allowed replication sources (see <u>Deleting a Replication Source</u>).
- 2. On the target system, select a snapshot in the Snapshots List and click Delete.
 - **Note:** If you delete the last snapshot for a partition while replication for the partition (to this target) is still enabled, any replicated data not yet protected by a replicated partition is *not* deleted. To delete this data, on the source system, disable replication for the partition before deleting the last snapshot.
- 3. Click **Yes** to confirm the action.

Recovery Jobs

The **Recovery Jobs** page allows you to view information about snapshot recover operations that were previously completed.

To access the **Recovery Jobs** page, on the **Receive VTL** page, click the **Recovery Jobs** tab (see <u>Figure</u> <u>98 on the next page</u>).

Chapter 6: Replication Receive VTL

Figure 98: Recovery Jobs Page

eman. Thu May 24 15:15:42 2012 Thu May 24 15:15:46 2012 Success	Original Partition Name	New Partition Name	Source DXi	Started	Finished	Status
	ice-vtl1	ice-vtl1	iceman.	Thu May 24 15:15:42 2012	Thu May 24 15:15:46 2012	Success

The Snapshot Recovery Jobs section displays the following information about recovery jobs:

Original Partition Name	The name of the partition the snapshot was created from.
New Partition Name	The name of the partition the snapshot was recovered to.
Source DXi	The hostname of the system that the snapshot was received from.
Started	The time the recovery job was started.
Finished	The time the recovery job finished.
Status	The status of the recovery job (Success, In Progress, or Failed).

To delete information for a recovery job, select it in the **Snapshot Recovery Jobs** list and click **Delete Job Info**.

Failback Jobs

The **Failback Jobs** page allows you to view information about snapshot failback operations that were previously completed. You can also abort a failback that is currently in progress.

To access the **Failback Jobs** page, on the **Receive VTL** page, click the **Failback Jobs** tab (see Figure 99 on the next page).

Chapter 6: Replication Receive VTL

Figure 99: Failback Jobs Page

Partition Name	Destination DXi	Started	Finished	Status	
ice-vtl1	10.	Fri May 25 15:33:11 2012	Fri May 25 15:33:13 2012	Success	

The **Snapshot Failback Jobs** section displays the following information about failback jobs:

Partition Name	The name of the partition the snapshot was created from.
Destination DXi	The hostname of the system that the snapshot was sent to.
Started	The time the failback job was started.
Finished	The time the failback job finished.
Status	The status of the failback job (Success, In Progress, or Failed).

Use the Failback Jobs page to perform the following tasks:

- To delete information for a failback job, select it in the **Snapshot Failback Jobs** section and click **Delete Job Info**.
- To abort a failback job that is in progress, select it in the **Snapshot Failback Jobs** section and click **Abort**.

Cartridge Based

The **Cartridge Based** page allows you to manage Cartridge Based Replication on the target system. You can configure a VTL partition to receive Cartridge Based Replication data sent from a source system and view replication statistics for the partition.

1 Note: For information about creating VTL partitions, see <u>Adding a VTL Partition</u>.

To access the **Cartridge Based** page, on the **Receive VTL** page, click the **Cartridge Based** tab (see Figure 100 on the next page).

Figure 100: Cartridge Based Page

٢L					Help
artitio	ns Eligible to Rec	eive Cartrio	dge based l	Data ?	
	Partition Name	State	Sync ID	Access	
0	narsi	Disabled			
	ice-vtITB1	Enabled	ice-vtITB1	Unlocked	
	ice-vtl1	Disabled			
	covtl-tb1Rec	Disabled			
	Edit	v Unpack Q	ueue) ?		

Tasks

Use the Cartridge Based page to perform the following tasks:

- View partitions eligible to receive Cartridge Based data (see <u>Partitions Eligible to Receive Cartridge</u> <u>Based Data below</u>)
- Configure a partition to receive Cartridge Based Replication data (see <u>Configuring a Target Partition</u> for Cartridge Based Replication on the next page)
- View statistics for partitions configured for Cartridge Based Replication (see <u>Unpack Queue on page 165</u>)

Partitions Eligible to Receive Cartridge Based Data

The **Partitions Eligible to Receive Cartridge Based Data** section displays information for all VTL partitions on the DXi4700 that are eligible to receive Cartridge Based Replication data from a source partition. To be eligible to receive Cartridge Based Replication data, a partition must have data deduplication enabled at the time it is created.

The Partitions Eligible for Replication section displays the following information:

Partition Name	The name of the partition.
State	The state of Cartridge Based Replication for the partition (Enabled or Disabled).
Sync ID	The Sync ID used to identify the source partition that will send replicated data to the partition.
Access	The selected access option for the partition (Locked or Unlocked).

Note: Click the Information button **[i]** next to a partition to display detailed information about the partition and recent replication activity.

Configuring a Target Partition for Cartridge Based Replication

Configuring a VTL partition for Cartridge Based Replication enables the automatic replication of cartridges on the source partition to the target partition. Before you configure a partition on the source system for Cartridge Based Replication, you must configure a partition on the target system to receive the replicated data from the source partition.

Note: For information about configuring Cartridge Based Replication on the source system, see Configuring Directory/File or Cartridge Based Replication.

To configure a target partition for Cartridge Based Replication:

1. Select the partition and click Edit.

The Edit Partition Settings page displays (see Figure 101 below).

Figure 101: Edit Partition Settings Page

NAS	Help
Edit Crystal-CIFS3 Settings	
Enable to receive Directory/File Based replication data	
Sync ID : Crystal-CIFS3 ?	
Access: O Locked O Unlocked	
Apply Cancel	

2. Select the **Enable to receive Cartridge Based replication data** check box to enable Cartridge Based Replication for the partition.

Or clear the **Enable to receive Cartridge Based replication data** check box to disable Cartridge Based Replication for the partition.

3. Enter a Sync ID in the box.

The Sync ID is used to identify the source partition that will send replicated data to the target partition. The Sync ID *must* be identical to the Sync ID of the source partition on the source system.

- 4. Select an Access option:
 - Locked The partition is not allowed to receive new Cartridge Based Replication data.
 - Unlocked The partition is allowed to receive new Cartridge Based Replication data.

If a partition configured for Cartridge Based Replication is locked on the target system, synchronization jobs may fail on the source system.

5. Click Apply.

Chapter 6: Replication Actions

Unpack Queue

Use the **Unpack Queue** to view Cartridge Based Replication statistics for data received from the source system.

To view the Unpack Queue, select a partition and click View Unpack Queue (see Figure 102 below).

Figure 102: Unpack Queue

/TL		
Jnpack Queue - tes	VTL1	
Barcode	State	
ABC000 In Progres	ss (Unable to get lock to recover data)	
Unpack Details There are 1 barcode	s remaining to be unpacked.	
Ok	Refresh	

The **Unpack Queue** displays the following information:

Barcode	The barcode of the cartridge to be replicated.	
State	The replication state of the cartridge.	

Click **Refresh** to update the statistics in the Unpack Queue. Click **OK** to return to the **Cartridge Based** page.

Actions

The **Actions** page allows you to manage replication activity on the DXi4700. You can pause the replication service, enable the replication state, and clear performance statistics.

To access the **Actions** page, click the **Replication** menu, and then click the **Actions** tab (see <u>Figure 103</u> on the next page).

Chapter 6: Replication Actions

Figure 103: Actions Page

Actions	Help
Replication Service The replication service controls both replication and failback traffic. 10. Ready Pause 10. Ready Pause	
Replication State You may enable or disable replication for ALL deduplicated shares by clicking on the appropriate button. Enable Disable	
Replication Performance You may clear these statistics by clicking on the appropriate Clear button. Send Performance Data Includes statistics gathered while replicating or failing back shares to target DXis.	
Replication Target DXis Status Encryption 10.40.165.252 Ready AES 256-bit 10.40.167.96 Ready AES 256-bit	
Receive Performance Data Includes statistics gathered while receiving replicated or failed back shares from all source DXis. Clear Receive Capture screenshot	

Tasks

Use the Actions page to perform the following tasks:

- Pause or resume the replication service (see Replication Service below).
- Enable or disable the replication state (see Replication State on the next page).
- Clear cumulative replication statistics (see Replication Performance on the next page).

Replication Service

The replication service controls replication and failback traffic on the DXi4700. You can pause each replication target independently.

Click Pause next to a target to pause all replication and failback traffic to that target.

If a replication job is currently in progress, the system continues to replicate the current block of data. The process of replicating the current block can take up to 15 minutes to complete. After the block has completed replication, the system pauses replication.

- Note: If you pause a replication job that is in process, a Failure event is logged in the replication report (see <u>Reports</u>).
- Click Resume next to a target to resume all incoming and outgoing replication and failback traffic to that target.

If a replication job was in progress when replication was paused, the replication job continues.

Replication State

The replication state applies to all NAS shares or VTL partitions on the DXi4700 that are eligible for replication (that is, all deduplicated shares or partitions).

- **Note:** The **Replication Actions** page may appear busy for a few moments when enabling or disabling the replication state. Wait for the process to complete before performing other actions.
- Click Enable to enable replication for all shares or partitions.
- Click Disable to disable replication for all shares or partitions.

If a replication job is currently in progress, the system continues until the entire replication job is complete. After the replication job has completed, the system disables replication. The system will not be able to replicate data for any shares or partitions until you click **Enable**.

Note: To disable replication for a single share or partition, select it on the Replication > Send page and click Edit. Clear the Enable replication and the Enable scheduled replication check boxes, and then click Apply. For more information, see <u>Replication Send</u>.

Replication Performance

The DXi4700 maintains cumulative performance statistics for send and receive replication activity. The statistics appear on the **Home** page and elsewhere. You can reset these statistics so the system will calculate them with new data going forward.

Clear Send Statistics

To clear send statistics, first select one or more targets to clear statistics for, and then click **Clear Send**. This resets cumulative performance statistics gathered while replicating shares or partitions to the selected target systems, or when sending a snapshot during a failback operation.

Clear Receive Statistics

To clear receive statistics, click **Clear Receive**. This resets cumulative performance statistics gathered while receiving replicated shares or partitions from source systems, or when receiving a snapshot during a failback operation.

Reports

The **Reports** page allows you to generate and download a replication report. The report includes detailed information about all replication activity, including Directory/File or Cartridge Based Replication.

To access the **Reports** page, click the **Replication** menu, and then click the **Reports** tab (see <u>Figure 104</u> <u>below</u>).

Figure 104: Reports Page

Replication Reports	Help
Replication Report Generate and download a zip file containing .csv files suitable for importing into a spreadsheet. The last report was generated on Fri Jan 17 14:39:26 2014 Generate New Download Current	

Use the **Reports** page to perform the following tasks:

To generate a new replication report, click Generate New.

- To download the most recently generated replication report, click Download Current.
- Save the replication report to your local workstation, and then unzip the downloaded file. The report consists of a ZIP file that contains multiple CSV (comma separated value) files. To view the CSV files, open them in a compatible spreadsheet application.



Chapter 7: Status

This chapter contains the following topics:

Status	169
Hardware	170
Disk Usage	
VTL Status	
Accent Status	
OST Status	
Activity Log	

Status

The **Status** page allows you to view status information for the DXi4700 hardware as well as disk usage information.

1 Note: Status information is gathered by the system every two minutes.

To access the Status pages, click the Status menu.

The Status pages contains the following tabs:

Chapter 7: Status Hardware

- Hardware below
- Disk Usage on page 177
- VTL Status on page 180
- Accent Status on page 184
- OST Status on page 186
- Activity Log on page 187

Hardware

The **Hardware** page allows you to view information about the hardware components of the DXi4700. You can view the overall status of the node as well as detailed status information for components such as the system board, host bus adapters, network ports, and storage arrays.

To access the Hardware page, click the Status menu, and then click the Hardware tab.

The Hardware page contains the following tabs:

Summary

The **Hardware Summary** page allows you to view the overall status of the node and its main components. The system and each component can have one of the following statuses:

Normal	(Green) The hardware is operating correctly.		
Attention	(Yellow) There is a problem with the hardware.		
Failed	(Red) The hardware has failed.		

To access the **Hardware Summary** page, on the **Hardware** page, click the **Summary** tab (see Figure 105 on the next page).

Chapter 7: Status Hardware

Figure 105: Hardware Summary Page

System Hardware Status			Help
System			
Available System Memory (RAM):	33.44 GB		
Free System Memory (RAM):	9.28 GB		
State	Normal		
Status	Normal		
Component Status			
System Board Normal Network Ports Normal			
Storage Arrays Normal			

The Hardware Summary page displays the following information:

Available System Memory (RAM)	The total amount of memory (RAM) installed in the system.
Free System Memory (RAM)	The amount of system memory (RAM) that is currently free.
State	The status of the node.
Status	The overall status of all components in the node.
Component Name	The name of the main component.
	Click the component name to see detailed information (see <u>Details</u> <u>below</u>).
Component Status	The overall status of the main component.

Details

The Details page allows you to view detailed information about the hardware components of the DXi4700.

To access the **Details** page, on the **Hardware** page, click the **Details** tab.

Use the **Details** page to view information for the following components:

System Board

The **System Board** page allows you to view information reported by the main system board in the node, such as temperature, voltage, fan, and power supply information.

To access the **System Board** page, on the **Details** page, click the **System Board** tab (see Figure 106 on the next page).

Figure 106: System Board Page

etails			
System Board Compon	ents		
Component	Туре	Value	Status
IPMI I	PMI	NA	Normal
Inlet Temperature	Temperature	25 degrees C	Normal
Exhaust Temperature	Temperature	46 degrees C	Normal
CPU1 Temperature	Temperature	52 degrees C	Normal
CPU2 Temperature	Temperature	55 degrees C	Normal
CMOS Battery	Alarm	NA	Normal
ROMB Battery	Alarm	NA	Normal
CPU1 VCORE PG	Alarm	NA	Normal
CPU2 VCORE PG	Alarm	NA	Normal
3.3V PG	Alarm	NA	Normal
5V PG	Alarm	NA	Normal
CPU1 PLL PG	Alarm	NA	Normal
CPU2 PLL PG	Alarm	NA	Normal
1.1V PG /	Alarm	NA	Normal
CPU1 M23 VDDQ PG /	Alarm	NA	Normal
CPU1 M23 VTT PG	Alarm	NA	Normal
FETDRV PG	Alarm	NA	Normal
CPU1 VSA PG	Alarm	NA	Normal
CPU2 VSA PG	Alarm	NA	Normal
CPU1 M01 VDDQ PG	Alarm	NA	Normal
CPU2 M01 VDDQ PG	Alarm	NA	Normal
CPU2 M23 VTT PG	Alarm	NA	Normal
CPU2 M01 VTT PG	Alarm	NA	Normal
NDC PG	Alarm	NA	Normal
CPU2 VTT PG	Alarm	NA	Normal
CPU1 VTT PG	Alarm	NA	Normal
CPU2 M23 VDDQ PG	Alarm	NA	Normal
CPU1 Status	Alarm	NA	Normal
CPU2 Status	Alarm	NA	Normal
1.5V PG	Alarm	NA	Normal
BP15VPG	Alarm	NA	Normal
CPU1 M01 VTT PG	Alarm	NA	Normal
Power Consumption	Voltage	224 Watts	Normal
Fan Redundancy	Fan	Fully Redundant	Normal
Fan 1 RPM	Fan	5040 RPM	Normal
Fan 2 RPM	Fan	4920 RPM	Normal
Fan 3 RPM	Fan	5040 RPM	Normal
Fan 4 RPM	Fan	4920 RPM	Normal
Fan 5 RPM	Fan	5400 RPM	Normal
	Fan	5160 RPM	Normal
	Power Supply		Normal
	Power Supply		Normal
	Power Supply		Normal

The **System Board** page displays the following information:

Component	The name of the component on the system board.	
Туре	The component type (Sensor, Fan, or Power Supply).	
Value	The value reported by the sensor or component.	

Status	The status of the component.
	Normal - (Green) The component is operating correctly.
	Attention - (Yellow) There is a problem with the component.
	Failed - (Red) The component has failed.

Host Bus Adapters

The **Host Bus Adapters** page allows you to view information about installed Fibre Channel or SAS cards and their ports.

Note: The **Host Bus Adapters** page displays only on DXi4700 configurations that include a Fibre Channel card.

To access the **Host Bus Adapters** page, on the **Details** page, click the **Host Bus Adapters** tab (see Figure 107 below).

Figure 107: Host Bus Adapters Page

etails		
Host Bus Adapters (HBAs)		
Component		Status
Fibre Channel Controller 1	Ν	Iormal
Fibre Channel Controller 1		
Component	Value	Status
component	NIA	Normal
Fibre Channel Controller 1	INA	
Fibre Channel Controller 1	4 Gb/s	Up

The Host Bus Adapters section displays the following information about each Fibre Channel or SAS card:

Component	The name of the Fibre Channel card.		
	Click the name of the card to view detailed information for the card below.		
Status	The status of the Fibre Channel card.		
	Normal - (Green) The component is operating correctly.		
	• Attention - (Yellow) There is a problem with the component.		
	Failed - (Red) The component has failed.		

The **Fibre Channel Controller** section displays the following information about the ports in the selected Fibre Channel controller:

Component	The number of the Fibre Channel port.	
Value -	The throughput capacity of the port (if connected).	
Status	The status of the port.	
	• Up - (Green) The port is connected.	
	Down - (Green) The port is not connected.	

Network Ports

The **Network Ports** page allows you to view information about Ethernet ports in the system. The DXi4700 includes three or more Ethernet ports (depending on the configuration).

To access the **Network Ports** page, on the **Details** page, click the **Network Ports** tab (see <u>Figure 108</u> <u>below</u>).

Figure 108: Network Ports Page

Details		
Network Port	s	
Component		Status
-	1000 Mb/s	
ETH2	1000 Mb/s	Up
ETH3	1000 Mb/s	Up

The **Network Ports** page displays the following information:

Component	The number of Ethernet port.
Value	The speed of the port in Mb/s
Status	The status of the Ethernet port.
	• Up - (Green) The port is connected.
	Down - (Green) The port is not connected.

Storage Arrays

The **Storage Arrays** page allows you to view information about storage arrays and controllers in the DXi4700.

To access the **Storage Arrays** page, on the **Details** page, click the **Storage Arrays** tab (see <u>Figure 109</u> on the next page).

Chapter 7: Status Hardware

Figure 109: Storage Arrays Page

Compone		Status
a0	Nor	mal
Components in a0		
Component	Count	Status
Controllers	1	Normal
Volumes	5	Normal
Drives	12	Normal
Batteries	1	Normal
Alarms	13	Normal

The Storage Arrays section displays the following information about each storage array:

The name of the storage array.		
Click the name of the storage array to view detailed information for the array in the Component section.		
The status of the storage array.		
Normal - (Green) The component is operating correctly.		
• Attention - (Yellow) There is a problem with the component.		
Failed - (Red) The component has failed.		

The **Components** section displays the following information about the components in the selected storage array:

Component	The name of the component.		
	Click the name of the component to view detailed information for the component in the subcomponent section.		
Count	The number of that component type in the system.		

Status	The status of the component:	
	Normal - (Green) The component is operating correctly.	
	• Attention - (Yellow) There is a problem with the component.	
	• Failed - (Red) The component has failed.	

The subcomponent section displays the following information about the subcomponents in the selected component:

Component	The name of the subcomponent.	
Location	The location of the subcomponent within the system.	
Value	The value reported by the subcomponent.	
Status	The status of the subcomponent.	
	Normal - (Green) The component is operating correctly.	
	• Attention - (Yellow) There is a problem with the component.	
	Failed - (Red) The component has failed.	

Firmware Version

The **Firmware Version** page allows you to view information about hardware components installed in the DXi4700, such as the firmware version, hardware revision, and manufacturer.

To access the **Firmware Version** page, on the **Hardware** page, click the **Firmware Version** tab (see Figure 110 on the next page).

Figure 110: Firmware Version Page

Firmware Versions for All Hardware Comp	onents		
Update			
Name	Firmware Version		
Firmware Bundle Information		=	
Version Information			
Firmware Bundle Version	2.3.0-1214.dx4700		
Main Chassis Information			
System Information			
Manufacturer	[Not Available]		
Product Name	[Not Available]		
Version	Not Specified		
Family	Not Specified		
Base Board Information			
Manufacturer	[Not Available]		
Product Name	0JP31P		
Version	A08		
Chassis Information			
Manufacturer	[Not Available]		
Туре	Rack Mount Chassis		
Version	Not Specified	-	
•			

The Firmware Version page displays the following information:

Name	Displays a hardware component or a property of the component (for example, Manufacturer, Version, or Release Date) i Note: The properties that are listed vary depending on the hardware component.
Firmware Version	The value of the corresponding item in the Name column (for example, the specific manufacturer, version number, or release date for the item).

Click Update to refresh the table with the latest information.

Note: In some cases, when updating firmware versions, the remote management console may time out and then return to the Home page. If this occurs, simply navigate back to the Status > Hardware > Firmware Version page to see the updated information.

Disk Usage

The **Disk Usage** page allows you to view information about free and used disk space on the system. You can also view data reduction statistics.

To access the **Disk Usage** page, click the **Status** menu, and then click the **Disk Usage** tab (see Figure 111 on the next page).

Figure 111: Disk Usage Page

Disk Usage		
Available 26.09 TB (96.64% of Capa	acity)	
		of Capacity
	6.07 TB	96.55%
	5.42 GB	0.09%
Used 906.20 GB (3.36% of Capacit	ty)	
Detail	Value	% of Capacity
Deduplicated Data	840.65 GB	3.11%
Data Not Intended for Deduplication	0.00 MB	0.00%
System Metadata	65.55 GB	0.24%
System Metadata Data Before Reduction ? 33.76 TB	3	
System Metadata Data Before Reduction ① 33.76 TB Detail	3	alue
System Metadata Data Before Reduction (?) 33.76 TB Detail Incoming Replication	3	alue 13.80 TB
System Metadata Data Before Reduction ? 33.76 TB Detail Incoming Replication NFS Deduplicated Shares	3	alue 13.80 TB 6.29 TB
System Metadata Data Before Reduction (?) 33.76 TB Detail Incoming Replication NFS Deduplicated Shares CIFS Deduplicated Shares	3	alue 13.80 TB 6.29 TB 11.00 TB
System Metadata Data Before Reduction ? 33.76 TB Detail Incoming Replication NFS Deduplicated Shares	3	alue 13.80 TB 6.29 TB
System Metadata Data Before Reduction (2) 33.76 TB Detail Incoming Replication NFS Deduplicated Shares CIFS Deduplicated Shares	3 V	alue 13.80 TB 6.29 TB 11.00 TB
System Metadata Data Before Reduction ? 33.76 TB Detail Incoming Replication NFS Deduplicated Shares CIFS Deduplicated Shares OST Storage Servers	3 V	alue 13.80 TB 6.29 TB 11.00 TB
System Metadata Data Before Reduction (?) 33.76 TB Detail Incoming Replication NFS Deduplicated Shares OST Storage Servers Data After Reduction (?) 840.65 GB	3 V	alue 13.80 TB 6.29 TB 11.00 TB 2.67 TB
System Metadata Data Before Reduction ? 33.76 TB Detail Incoming Replication NFS Deduplicated Shares CIFS Deduplicated Shares OST Storage Servers Data After Reduction ? 840.65 GB Detail	3 V	alue 13.80 TB 6.29 TB 11.00 TB 2.67 TB

Use the **Disk Usage** page to view the following information:

Available

Available space is the area that is available for data storage. The **Available** value is displayed as an amount and as a percentage of the total capacity in the system.

Available space is divided into the following categories:

Category	Description
Free Space	The disk space that can be used for new deduplicated or non-deduplicated data.
Reclaimable Space	The disk space that is occupied by outdated deduplicated data and which will be automatically reused if additional space for new deduplicated data is needed.

Note: For optimal system performance, Quantum recommends keeping the amount of **Available** disk space at 20% or more.

Used

Used space is the area that already holds data. The **Used** value is displayed as an amount and as a percentage of the total capacity in the system.

Used space is divided into the following categories:

Category	Description
Deduplicated Data	The amount of data that has been deduplicated.
Data Not Intended For Deduplication	The amount of data that will not be deduplicated (data on shares or partitions that do not have deduplication enabled).
System Metadata	The amount of disk space used for internal operations of the DXi, including system configuration files as well as temporary files created during replication, space reclamation, and healthchecks.

Data Before Reduction

The **Data Before Reduction** value represents the original, native size of all data that has been processed by the data deduplication and compression engines.

Data before reduction is divided into the following categories:

Category	Description
Incoming Replication	The amount of data stored on the DXi via replication from another DXi. This does <i>not</i> include incoming data from Directory/File or Cartridge Based Replication, or incoming data from Failback replication.
NFS Deduplicated Shares	(DXi4700 NAS and Multi-Protocol configurations only) The amount of data stored in deduplicated shares configured in Network File System (NFS) format for Linux systems. This includes incoming data from Directory/File Based Replication, and incoming data from Failback replication.
CIFS/SMB Deduplicated Shares	(DXi4700 NAS and Multi-Protocol configurations only) The amount of data stored in deduplicated shares configured in Common Internet File System (CIFS/SMB), also known as Server Message Block (SMB), format for Windows systems. This includes incoming data from Directory/File Based Replication, and incoming data from Failback replication.
Deduplicated Partitions	(DXi4700 VTL and Multi-Protocol configurations only) The amount of data stored in deduplicated partitions. This includes incoming data from Cartridge Based Replication, and incoming data from Failback replication.
OST Storage Servers	(DXi4700 NAS and Multi-Protocol configurations only) The amount of data stored in deduplicated OpenStorage (OST) storage servers. This includes incoming data for OST and DXi Accent.

Data After Reduction

The **Data After Reduction** value represents the final, reduced size of all data that has been processed by the data deduplication and compression engines.

Data after reduction is divided into the following categories:

Category	Description
Total Reduction Ratio	The total reduction ratio of all data that has been processed by the data deduplication and compression engines (Data Before Reduction divided by Data After Reduction).
Deduplication Ratio	The deduplication ratio of all data that has been processed by the data deduplication engine.
Compression Ratio	The compression ratio of all data that has been processed by the compression engine.

VTL Status

The **VTL Status** page allows you to view information about virtual tape library (VTL) components, including tape drives, storage slots, and cartridges. You can view a physical or logical representation of VTL components, or view VTL performance statistics.

1 Note: For information about creating VTLs, see <u>Adding a VTL Partition on page 219</u>.

To access the VTL Status page, click the Status menu, and then click the VTL tab.

The VTL Status page contains the following tabs:

Physical View

The **Physical View** page allows you to view a physical representation of the virtual components in a VTL. You can view information about virtual tapes drives, storage slots, and cartridges.

To access the **Physical View** page, on the **VTL Status** page, click the **Physical View** tab (see <u>Figure 112</u> on the next page).
Chapter 7: Status VTL Status

Figure 112: Physical View Page

ion gandalf-win1 👻	(Hide Drives) (Hide Storage Slots) (Show I/E Slots)	
Tape Drives	Storage Slots Details	
	Slot Barcode WP Capacity Used ? Used Percent ?	
	000 GA0000 🖉 1.50 TB 5.24 GB 0.35 ° =	
A0243 - Idle		
00 MB/S	002 GA0002 💉 1.50 TB 5.24 GB 0.35 °	
	003 GA0003 🖉 1.50 TB 5.24 GB 0.35 '	
	004 GA0004 🖉 1.50 TB 5.24 GB 0.35 °	
*	005 GA0005 🖉 1.50 TB 5.24 GB 0.35 °	
A0260 - Idle	006 GA0006 🖉 1.50 TB 5.24 GB 0.35 '	
00 MB/S	007 GA0007 🖉 1.50 TB 5.24 GB 0.35 °	
	008 GA0008 🖉 1.50 TB 5.24 GB 0.35 '	
	009 GA0009 🖉 1.50 TB 5.24 GB 0.35 9	
40230 - Idle	Slot Barcode WP Capacity Used ? Used Percent ?	
00 MB / S	010 GA0010 🔗 1.50 TB 5.24 GB 0.35 °	
	011 GA0011 🖉 1.50 TB 5.24 GB 0.35 '	
	012 GA0012 🖉 1.50 TB 5.24 GB 0.35 '	
	013 GA0013 🖉 1.50 TB 5.24 GB 0.35 '	
40239 - Idle	014 GA0014 🖉 1.50 TB 5.24 GB 0.35 '	
00 MB/S	015 GA0015 🖉 1.50 TB 5.24 GB 0.35 '	
	016 GA0016 🖉 1.50 TB 5.24 GB 0.35 4	
	017 GA0017 💉 1.50 TB 5.24 GB 0.35 (
	018 GA0018 🖉 1.50 TB 5.24 GB 0.35 4	
0236 - Idle	019 GA0019 🗶 1.50 TB 5.24 GB 0.35 5 👻	

Use the controls in the VTL Physical View Information section to select the information to display:

- 1. Select the VTL to display in the **Partition** drop-down box.
- 2. Click **Hide Drives** or **Show Drives** to hide or show the virtual tape drives in the VTL (see <u>Tape Drives</u> <u>below</u>).
- 3. Click **Hide Storage Slots** or **Show Storage Slots** to hide or show the virtual storage slots in the VTL (see <u>Storage and I/E Slots below</u>).
- 4. Click **Hide I/E Slots** or **Show I/E Slots** to hide or show the virtual I/E slots in the VTL (see <u>Storage and I/E Slots below</u>).

Tape Drives

The Tape Drives section displays information about virtual tape drives in the VTL:

- If a cartridge is mounted in the tape drive, the barcode of the cartridge displays beneath the drive.
- Click a tape drive to view detailed information about the drive.

Storage and I/E Slots

The **Storage Slots** and I/E **Slots** sections displays information about the virtual cartridges located in the storage and I/E slots:

The following information is displayed for each cartridge:

Slot	The slot where the cartridge is located.
Barcode	The barcode of the cartridge.
WP	The write protect status of the cartridge.
Capacity	The capacity of the cartridge.
Used	The amount of space on the cartridge currently used to store data. The value for Used might be less than the original, native (raw) data size because the data is compressed before it is written to the media.
Used Percent	The amount of currently used space on the cartridge expressed as a percentage of the total capacity ([Used / Capacity] x 100).

- Click a cartridge to view detailed information about the cartridge.
- When the storage system is degraded, all tape cartridges are shown in a degraded state.
- When the storage system has failed or is inaccessible due to failure, all tape cartridges are shown as unavailable.

Logical View

Use the **Logical View** page to view information about the virtual (logical) components in a VTL partition. You can also view information about used space in the partition.

To access the **Logical View** page, on the **VTL Status** page, click the **Logical View** tab (see <u>Figure 113</u> below).

Figure 113: Logical View Page

rtitions	_	_			He
Partition	# Drives	Capacity	Used ?	Used Percent ?	
VTLtest7	1	1.60 TB	332.86 GB	20.80 %	
i500Lib	1	4.50 TB	0.00 MB	0.00 %	
	_				

The **Partitions** section displays the following information about VTL partitions:

Partition	The name of the partition.
Number of Drives	The number of virtual tape drives in the partition.
Capacity	The storage capacity of the partition.
Used	The amount of space on all cartridges in the partition currently used to store data. The value for Used might be less than the original, native (raw) data size because the data is compressed before it is written to the media.
Used Percent	The amount of currently used space on all cartridges in the partition expressed as a percentage of the total capacity ([Used / Capacity] x 100).

Note: Click the **Information** button **[i]** next to a partition to display detailed information about the partition.

Performance View

Use the **Performance View** page to view information about the throughput of VTL partitions. You can also view performance for virtual tape drives.

To access the **Performance View** page, on the **VTL Status** page, click the **Performance View** tab (see Figure 114 on the next page).

Figure 114: Performance View Page

Partition Throughput		Help
The table below shows a partitions avg write speed. Click on a partition to show its drive(s) performance. Partition Performance (write) 1 gandalf-win1 0.00 MB / S	gandalf-win1 Drive(s) Performance 0 GA0243 - Idle 0.00 MB / S 1 GA0230 - Idle 0.00 MB / S 3 GA0230 - Idle 0.00 MB / S 3 GA0230 - Idle 0.00 MB / S 4 GA0236 - Idle 0.00 MB / S 5 GA0236 - Idle 0.00 MB / S 6 GA0231 - Idle 0.00 MB / S 7 GA0231 - Idle 0.00 MB / S 9 *	

The Partition Throughput section displays the following information about VTL partitions:

Performance (write)	The average write speed to the partition in MB/s.
	Click the partition name to display the tape drives in the partition. Click a tape drive to see individual performance information for that drive.
Partition	The name of the partition.

Note: Click the **Information** button **[i]** next to a partition to display detailed information about the partition. Click a tape drive to view detailed information about the drive.

Accent Status

Use the **Accent Status** page to view statistics for DXi Accent and NAS Application Specific (Oracle RMAN) activity that occurred in the previous minute.

To access the **Accent Status** page, click the **Status** menu, and then click the **Accent** tab (see <u>Figure 115</u> on the next page).

Figure 115: Accent Status Page

		and Balar Forio	us Minute	_					Help
ccent									
nline 0.00 MB/s Eti	hernet In 0.00 MB/s	Bandwidth F	Reduction 0.00%	I.					
Media Server	Inline	Ethernet In	Bandwidth Reduction						
No data is present at this	s time.			Ш.					
				н.					
				н.					
				н.					
				н.					
				н.					
				н.					
				н.					
				н.					
				н.					
				J					

Combined statistics for all media servers display at the top of each section (NAS Application Specific and Accent).

Inline	The inline data flow throughput (in MB/s). Inline data flow represents the original, native size of the data protected by the DXi.
Ethernet In	The amount of data received by all Ethernet ports (in MB/s). This amount represents the reduced size of the data protected by the DXi (after deduplication and compression on the media servers).
Bandwidth Reduction	The percentage by which network bandwidth utilization was reduced by using RMAN or enabling Accent.

Statistics for individuals media servers display in the tables in each section (NAS Application Specific and Accent):

Media Server	The IP address of the media server.
Inline	The inline data flow throughput (in MB/s). Inline data flow represents the original, native size of the data protected by the DXi.
Ethernet In	The amount of data received by all Ethernet ports (in MB/s). This amount represents the reduced size of the data protected by the DXi (after deduplication and compression on the media server).
Bandwidth Reduction	The percentage by which network bandwidth utilization was reduced by using RMAN or enabling Accent.

OST Status

Use the **OST Status** page to view statistics for OST optimized duplication and DXi Accent activity that occurred in the previous minute.

Note: Accent statistics display only if Accent is currently enabled or was previously enabled (see <u>Accent on page 263</u>).

Use the **OST Status** page to view statistics for OST optimized duplication and DXi activity that occurred in the previous minute.

To access the OST Status page, click the Status menu, and then click the OST tab (see Figure 116 below).

Figure 116: OST Status Page

Concurrent Optimized	Duplication Data F	Previous Minute			Help
Concurrent Optimized D	uplication)	
	hernet In 0.00 MB/s	Bandwidth Red	luction 0.00%		
Media Server	Inline	Ethernet In	Bandwidth		
lo data is present at this	time		Reduction	1	
o data is present at this	s unne.			1	
				1	
				1	
				1	
				1	
				1	
				1	
				1	
				1	
				1	
				1	
				1	
				1	
				1	
				1	
				1	
				1	
				1	
				1	
				,	

Combined **Concurrent Optimized Duplication** statistics for all media servers display at the top of each section.

Inline	The inline data flow throughput (in MB/s). Inline data flow represents the original, native size of the data protected by the DXi.
Ethernet In	The amount of data received by all Ethernet ports (in MB/s). This amount represents the reduced size of the data protected by the DXi (after deduplication and compression on the media servers).
Bandwidth Reduction	The percentage by which network bandwidth utilization was reduced by using optimized duplication.

Activity Log

The **Activity Log** page allows you to view a record of all activities performed by administrative and service users in the past 90 days. You can view the user who performed the activity, the time the activity was performed, and other information. You can also download the activity log to an XML file.

To access the **Activity Log** page, click the **Status** menu, and then click the **Logs** tab (see <u>Figure 117</u> below).

Figure 117: Activity Log Page

Delete Refresh	Delete All Download Log D	isable Logging				
Jser	Date/Time -	Origin	Action	Category	Role	Summary
Administrator	2014-01-24 11:39:50 AM M	GUI	CREATE	UTILITY	ADMIN	ACTIONSTATUS=Success CLIENTID=10authenticate name=adminencrypted.password=*** -client=10. @GU apicallername=QSys_Authenticate
Administrator	2014-01-24 10:29:55 AM M	GUI	CREATE	UTILITY	ADMIN	ACTIONSTATUS=Success CLIENTID=10authenticate name=adminencrypted.password=*** -client=10. @CUI apicallername=QSys_Authenticate
Administrator	2014-01-24 9:52:14 AM MST	GUI	CREATE	UTILITY	ADMIN	ACTIONSTATUS=Success CLIENTID=10authenticate name=adminencrypted.password=*** client=10.@CUI apicallername=QSys_Authenticate
Administrator	2014-01-24 9:51:29 AM MST	GUI	UPDATE	UTILITY	ADMIN	ACTIONSTATUS=Success CLIENTID=10. release=credential credtoken=839266c786667820e91b261765c
Administrator	2014-01-24 9:51:25 AM MST	GUI	CREATE	UTILITY	ADMIN	ACTIONSTATUS=Success CLIENTID=10authenticate name=adminencrypted.password=*** client=10. @GUI apicallername=QSvs. Authenticate

Tasks

Use the Activity Log page to perform the following tasks:

- View information about activities that have been recorded in the log (see <u>Viewing Logged Activities</u> <u>below</u>).
- Enable or disable the recording of activities in the log (see <u>Enabling or Disabling Activity Logging on</u> <u>the next page</u>).
- Delete one or more activities from the log (see <u>Deleting Logged Activities on page 189</u>).
- Download the activity log in XML format (see Downloading the Activity Log on page 189).

Viewing Logged Activities

The Administrative Activity Log list displays the following information for each entry:

The local user or LDAP user that performed the activity.
The date and time the activity was performed.
The interface where the activity originated. Possible origins are the GUI (remote management console) or the CLI (command line interface).
The type of activity performed (Create, Update, or Delete).
The category of the activity (Alert, Analyzer, Cluster, Date Time, Email, Event, Hard Drive Security, Healthcheck, NAS, Network, OST, Replication, Security, SNMP, Utility, or VTL)
The role of the user that performed the activity (Admin).
Details about the activity that was performed, including CLI commands and field values.

Additional Information

- Click a column heading to sort the rows in the table by that column. Click the column heading again to reverse the sort order.
- To rearrange the order of the columns, click and drag a column heading left or right. To show or hide columns, click the arrow to the right of a column heading. In the pop-up menu, point to **Columns**, then select the name of a column to show or hide it.

Navigating in the Activity Log

Use the controls at the bottom of the **Administrative Activity Log** list to adjust the activity log view (see Figure 118 below):

- To view a specific page, type the page number in the box.
- To update the activity log with latest data, click the **Refresh** icon.

Figure 118: Activity Log View Controls

 Image
 1
 of 17
 Image
 Displaying Items 1 - 50 of 810

Enabling or Disabling Activity Logging

By default, activity logging is enabled on the DXi4700. Use the toolbar above the **Administrative Activity Log** list to enable or disable activity logging (see Figure 119 on the next page).

- To enable the logging of administrative and service actions, click **Enable Logging** on the toolbar.
- To disable the logging of administrative and service actions, click **Disable Logging** on the toolbar.
- To update the activity log with latest data, click Refresh on the toolbar.

Figure 119: Activity Log View Controls

Delete Refresh Delete All Download Log Disable Logging

Deleting Logged Activities

Use the toolbar above the Administrative Activity Log list to delete one or more entries in the activity log.

- To delete a log entry, select the entry and click **Delete**.
- To delete all entries in the activity log, click Delete All.

Downloading the Activity Log

Use the toolbar above the **Administrative Activity Log** list to save the activity log in XML format. You can then open the log file in another program that is compatible with XML.

To download the activity log, click **Download Log**. Specify a location to save the file, and then click **OK** or **Save**.



Chapter 8: Alerts

This chapter contains the following topics:

Alerts	. 190
Admin Alerts	191
Service Tickets	192

Alerts

The **Alerts** page allows you to view and work with administration alerts and service tickets. The DXi4700 generates administration alerts and service tickets when a hardware or software event occurs.

To access the Alerts page, click the Alerts menu.

The Alerts page contains the following tabs:

- Admin Alerts on the next page
- Service Tickets on page 192

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Admin Alerts

The **Admin Alerts** page allows you to view and work with administration alerts. The DXi4700 generates an administration alert when the condition of the system has changed, such as going from the offline state to the online state.



Note: In addition to viewing administration alerts on the **Admin Alerts** page, you can configure the system to send alerts to an e-mail address (see Recipients on page 284).

To access the **Admin Alerts** page, click the **Alerts** menu, and then click the **Admin Alerts** tab (see <u>Figure</u> <u>120 below</u>).

Figure 120: Admin Alerts Page

Alert	Library	Last Update	Summary
NewUpgrade 🔺	N/A	Thu Oct 01 2015 - 04:19:55 AM UTC	Failure retrieving upgrade information.
SystemStorage	N/A	Tue Sep 15 2015 - 07:04:08 PM UTC	STATUS: System storage configured
EmailReports	N/A	Sun Sep 27 2015 - 12:15:01 PM UTC	Email report could not be sent, because Email Server is not configured.
ProcessMonitor	N/A	Wed Sep 30 2015 - 05:56:14 PM UTC	Service "webguid" failed but was restarted successfully
Replication:Resume	N/A	Fri Sep 18 2015 - 02:45:46 PM UTC	REDaemon: Replication service is resumed to target: 10.40.167.49
Delete			

The Admin Alerts page displays the following information about administration alerts:

Alert	The name of the administration alert.		
Library	The library or partition where the admin alert was generated.		
Last Update	The date when the administration alert was last updated by the system.		
Summary	A brief description of the administration alert.		

Note: Click a column heading to sort the rows in the table by that column. Click the column heading again to reverse the sort order.

Use the Admin Alerts page to perform the following tasks:

- To view details about an administration alert, click the alert name. Detailed information about the alert appears in the **Activity Status History** section.
- To delete an administration alert, select it and click Delete.

Service Tickets

The DXi4700 has the capability to automatically detect and resolve problems encountered by the system during operation. If a problem cannot be resolved automatically and requires user intervention or servicing, the system generates a service ticket.

A service ticket contains detailed information about the problem and, if appropriate, steps you can take to resolve it. If the DXi4700 detects that the problem is resolved, the system automatically closes the service ticket. You can also manually close a service ticket after the problem is corrected.

1 Note: Tickets that are not resolved are generated again after 24 hours.

See the following sections for more information about service tickets:

Service Ticket Priority

The system assigns each service ticket a priority based on the criticality of the problem that caused the system to generate the ticket. There are three priority levels:

Priority Level	Description
Low	A minor problem occurred and needs to be resolved, but the operation and performance of the DXi4700 are not significantly affected.
Middle	A serious problem occurred and needs to be resolved, but it does not necessarily need to be fixed immediately. The operation and performance of the DXi4700 may be degraded.
High	A critical problem has occurred and needs to be resolved immediately. The operation and performance of the DXi4700 are degraded, and there is a risk of system failure or data loss.

Recommended Actions

If appropriate, a service ticket includes recommended actions. The recommended actions provide instructions for resolving the problem that caused the system to generate the ticket.

Perform the recommended actions to try to resolve the problem before contacting Quantum customer support. If you are able to resolve the problem, you can close the service ticket.

Note: The recommended actions should be performed by a user who is familiar with operating the DXi4700.

Working With Service Tickets

The Service Tickets page allows you to view and work with service tickets.

To access the **Service Tickets** page, click the **Alerts** menu, and then click the **Service Tickets** tab (see Figure 121 below).

Figure 121: Service Tickets Page

Servic	e Tickets				H	elp
Click o	n a Service	Ticket	from th	e table below to show its details,	send email or change its status.	
Ticket	Request ID	State	Priority	Last Update	Details	
6	1202283654	open	high	Wed Jan 22 2014 - 10:29:42 PM PST	DXi4700: General DXi4700 Software procconfig : Initialization failure	
CI	ose All	Shov	v Tickets	Get individual tic	ket Apply	
No Ser	vice Ticket se	lected	for displa	ay.		

The Service Tickets page displays the following information about open service tickets:

Ticket	The service ticket number.
Request ID	The Request ID of the ticket.
State	The current status of the service ticket (Open or Closed).
Priority	The priority level of the service ticket (Low, Middle, or High).
Last Update	The date when the service ticket was last updated by the system.
Details	A brief description of the service ticket.
Close All	Click to close all open service tickets.
Show Tickets	Select an option to display Open tickets, Closed tickets, or All tickets.
Get individual ticket	To display a specific ticket in the list, enter a ticket number and click Apply .

Note: Click a column heading to sort the rows in the table by that column. Click the column heading again to reverse the sort order.

Tasks

Use the Service Tickets page to perform the following tasks:

- View details for a service ticket, including recommended actions (see <u>Viewing a Service Ticket</u> <u>below</u>).
- Add information to a service ticket (see Viewing a Service Ticket below).
- Send a service ticket to an e-mail address (see Sending a Service Ticket on page 197).
- Close a service ticket that has been resolved (see Closing a Service Ticket on page 198).

Viewing a Service Ticket

View a service ticket to see detailed information about the problem that caused the system to generate the ticket and to view recommended actions.

To view a service ticket:

1. In the list of service tickets, click the ticket number.

The **Ticket Details** section at the bottom of the page displays information about the service ticket, including the time the ticket was opened and closed, the ticket status, and detailed information about the problem (see Figure 122 on the next page).

(i) Note: The time indicated in the service ticket may not match the DXi4700 system time.

Figure 122: Ticket Details

Service Tickets	Help
Click on a Service Ticket from the table below to show its del	tails send email or change its status
Ticket Request ID State Priority Last Update	Details
205 1315268066 open middle Thu Jul 30 2015 - 04:50:54 AM F	2DT Space Manager daemon : System resource warning
Close All Show Tickets Open • Get individu	al ticket Apply
Ticket Details Ticket 205 Request ID 1315268066 Opened At: Thu Jul 30 2015 - 02:12:21 AM PDT Closed At: Open	
Closed By: Open	
Priority: middle Summary: Space Manager daemon : System resource war	ning
Thu Jul 30 2015 - 04:50:54 AM PDT Summary: Space Manager daemon : System resource warning Details: Available Disk Space of 1 percent has reached or cro View Recommended Actions	
Thu Jul 30 2015 - 02:12:21 AM PDT Summary: Space Manager daemon : I/O Write Low Threshold s	tate 🗸
Analysis Email	

2. (Optional) Click View Recommended Actions to view instructions for resolving the problem.

The recommended actions display in a new Web browser window (see <u>Figure 123 on the next page</u>). Follow the instructions to resolve the problem. When you are finished, click the close button [x] on the upper right corner of the window.

Figure 123: Recommended Actions

IF	THEN
You receive a warning that the quota hard limit is reached for a user:	Either increase the user's quota, or notify the user.
You receive a warning that fragmentation has been detected in an inode:	 Consult the snfsdefrag man page for instructions on performing fragmentation analysis and defragmenting files. See ExtentCountThreshold in the cvfs_config documentation for information on adjusting this RAS event.
The problem IS resolved:	Close the service ticket. Refer to <u>Closing Service Tickets</u> .
The problem is <u>NOT</u> resolved:	1. Modify the ticket according to the troubleshooting steps taken. Refer to Analyzing Service Tickets. 2. Contact the Quantum Technical Assistance Center. In the USA: 1+800-284-5101 UK, France and Germany: 006800 4 QUANTUM EMEA: +49 6131 3241 1164 / Asia Pacific: +603 7953 3010 On the Web: http://www.quantum.com/support

Modifying a Service Ticket

Modify a service ticket to add additional information to the ticket, for example, troubleshooting steps you have taken or a record of calls made to Quantum customer support. The additional information is saved with the service ticket and remains associated with the ticket even after it is closed.

To modify a service ticket:

- 1. In the list of service tickets, click the ticket number.
- 2. Click Analysis at the bottom of the page.

The Ticket Analysis section displays at the bottom of the page (see Figure 124 on the next page).

Figure 124: Ticket Analysis

Click on a Service Ticket from the table below to show its details, send email or change its status. Ticket Request ID State Priority Last Update Details 205 1315268066 open middle Thu Jul 30 2015 - 04:50:54 AM PDT Space Manager daemon : System resource warning Close All Show Tickets Open	
205 1315268066 open middle Thu Jul 30 2015 - 04:50:54 AM PDT Space Manager daemon : System resource warning Close All Show Tickets Open Get individual ticket Apply Analysis	
Close All Show Tickets Open Get individual ticket Apply Analysis	
Analysis	
	7
Enter relevant information to save regarding the ticket(s). Check 'Close Ticket' to close the ticket when the issue is resolved.	
Analysis Information	
Apply Cancel Close Ticket	

- 3. In the **Analysis Information** box, enter all relevant information about actions taken to resolve the issue.
- 4. Click Apply.

Sending a Service Ticket

Send a service ticket to send the ticket details to an e-mail address. You can also add optional comments to the e-mail.

Note: To enable the DXi4700 to send e-mail, you must specify an outgoing e-mail server (see <u>Server</u> on page 288).

To send a service ticket:

- 1. In the list of service tickets, click the ticket number.
- 2. Click **Email** at the bottom of the page.

The **Email Ticket Information** section displays at the bottom of the page (see <u>Figure 125 on the next</u> page).

Figure 125: Email Ticket Information

			e		1		- 111-1			
						s, send email or chang	e its status.	D. t. ll.		
	Request ID			Last Up Thu Jul 20 2015 0		Space Manager daemon	· Sustam racal	Details		
CI	ose All	Show	Tickets	Open 🔻	Get individual ti	icket	Apply			
mail T	icket Informat	ion	Tickets		Get individual ti	icket	Apply			
mail T Ticket Ent	icket Informat	ion quest II ddress	D 1315	268066 u wish to send the f		icket	Apply			
mail T Ticket Ent Ent	icket Informat	ion quest II ddress	D 1315	268066 u wish to send the f		icket	Apply		_	
mail T Ticket Ent Ent	icket Informat 205 Re ter the email a ter an optiona Recipient	ion quest II ddress	D 1315	268066 u wish to send the f		icket	Apply			

- 3. In the Email Recipient box, enter the e-mail address where you want to send the ticket details.
- 4. (Optional) In the **Comment** box, enter additional information to send with the ticket.
- 5. Click Send.

Closing a Service Ticket

Close a service ticket if the problem the caused the system to generate the ticket is resolved. You can also close all service tickets that are currently open.

1 Note: You can still view and modify a ticket after it has been closed.

To close all service tickets that are currently open, below the list of service tickets, click Close All.

To close a single service ticket:

- 1. In the list of service tickets, click the ticket number.
- 2. Click Analysis at the bottom of the page.
- 3. The Ticket Analysis section displays at the bottom of the page..
- 4. Select the **Close Ticket** check box.
- 5. Click Apply.



Chapter 9: Configuration

This chapter contains the following topics:

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OST Configuration	242
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PTT Configuration	274
Scheduler	276
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System	301
Contacts	361

DXi4700 Configuration Overview

The **Configuration** page allows you to configure the features of the DXi4700, including storage presentation, data replication, path to tape, system settings, and notifications.

To access the **Configuration** page, click the **Configuration** menu.

Chapter 9: Configuration NAS Configuration

The **Configuration** page contains the following tabs:

- <u>NAS</u>
- VTL
- Replication Configuration
- OST (including Accent with OST)
- <u>PTT</u>
- <u>Scheduler</u>
- System
- Notifications
- <u>Contacts</u>

NAS Configuration

The **NAS** page allows you to configure the DXi4700 to present its storage capacity as NAS (network attached storage) shares that are compatible with standard backup applications. You can create NAS shares for use with Windows or Linux networks. You can also join the DXi4700 to a Windows domain or workgroup and manage users.

Additional Information

- Network Attached Storage (NAS) is available only on the DXi4700 NAS and Multi-Protocol configurations.
- The NAS wizard provides guided assistance for configuring NAS shares (see <u>Configuration Wizards</u> on page 69).

Best Practices Guides

The following DXi Best Practices Guides are available at www.quantum.com/DXi4700BPG:

- Backup Exec from Veritas
- Data Protector from HP
- Data Protection Manager from Microsoft
- NetBackup from Veritas
- NetWorker from EMC
- Simpana from CommVault

- Tivoli Storage Manager from IBM
- Veeam Backup and Replication
- **Caution:** Filenames on NAS shares are limited to a length of 256 bytes. If a filename uses Japanese characters, the filename can be no longer than 85 characters. This is because each Japanese character is represented by 3 bytes.

To access the NAS page, click the Configuration menu, and then click the NAS tab.

The NAS page contains the following tabs:

- NAS Summary below
- Windows Domain on page 208
- Share Access on page 210
- Advanced Setting on page 215

NAS Summary

The **NAS Summary** page allows you to manage NAS shares on the DXi4700. You can view information about existing shares, add or edit shares, and delete shares.

To access the **NAS Summary** page, on the **NAS** page, click the **Summary** tab (see <u>above</u> and <u>Figure 126</u> below.

Figure 126: NAS Summary Page

NAS and Application Specific Shares List Help									
Share	Shares 3 Maximum 128 NFS 2 CIFS/SMB 0 Application Specific 1								
	Share Name Protocol Export Path Permissions Access Deduplication Replication Targets Description								
	testAppSpec1	Application Specific	testAppSpec1	Read & Write		Enabled	Send Sync ID: testAppSpec1	10.40.166.123	
	testNfs1	NFS (sync)	/Q/shares/testNfs1	Read Only	All hosts	Disabled	N/A		
	testNfsShare1	NFS (sync)	/Q/shares/testNfsShare1	Read & Write	All hosts	Enabled	Configure		
	Add Edit Delete								

Tasks

Use the NAS page to perform the following tasks:

- View information about existing NAS shares (see NAS Shares List below).
- Add a new NAS share to the system (see Adding a NAS Share on the next page).
- Edit properties for an existing NAS share (see Editing a NAS Share on page 205).
- Delete a NAS share from the system (see <u>Deleting a NAS Share on page 207</u>).

NAS Shares List

The **NAS Shares and Application Specific List** section displays the following information for all NAS shares on the DXi4700:

Shares	The number of shares that have been added to the system.
Maximum	The maximum number of shares that can be added to the system.
NFS	The number of existing shares configured to use the NFS protocol (for Linux networks).
CIFS/SMB	The number of existing shares configured to use the CIFS/SMB protocol (for Windows networks).
Application Specific	The number of existing shares configured to use Oracle Recovery Manager (RMAN).
Share Name	The name of the share.
Protocol	The protocol (CIFS/SMB, NFS, or Application Specific (RMAN)) the share is configured to use.
	For NFS shares, the Protocol column displays the commit type of the share (sync for synchronous or async for asynchronous). For information about changing the commit type of NFS shares, see the <i>DXi-Series Command Line Interface (CLI) Guide</i> .
Export Path	The export path of the share (different for CIFS/SMB, NFS, and Application Specific (RMAN) shares).
Permissions	The permissions in use on the share (Read & Write or Read Only).
Access	The access type of the share (all hosts or specific users).
Deduplication	The data deduplication state of the share (Enabled or Disabled).

Replication	The current state of replication for the share:
	Enabled - Replication is enabled.
	Send/Receive Sync ID - Directory/File Based Replication is enabled.
	 Configure - Click to configure replication for the share (see <u>Editing a NAS Share</u> on page 205)
	 Scheduled - Replication is scheduled for the share. Click to view or modify the schedule (see <u>Scheduling a Share or Partition for Replication on page 280</u>).
Targets	The targets the share is configured to replicate to.
Description	A brief description of the NAS share (if available).

Additional Information

- Click a column heading to sort the rows in the table by that column. Click the column heading again to reverse the sort order.
- Click the Information button [i] next to a share to display detailed information about the share and recent replication activity.

Adding a NAS Share

Add a NAS share to present the storage capacity of the DXi4700 as a NAS share that is compatible with standard backup applications. You can add up to 128 shares. When you add a share, you must specify whether it uses the NFS protocol (for Linux networks) or the CIFS/SMB protocol (for Windows networks).

Note: If you are adding a CIFS/SMB share for use with a Windows network, you must configure the Windows domain before adding the new share (see <u>Windows Domain on page 208</u>).

To add a NAS share:

1. Click Add.

The Add NAS Share page displays (see Figure 127 on the next page).

Figure 127: Add NAS Share Page

|--|

2. Under NAS Share Settings, enter information about the share:

Name	Enter the name of the NAS share.
	Additional Information
	 NAS share names are not case-sensitive. For example, if you create a share named nas1, you cannot create another share named NAS1 because the system considers the names to be the same.
	 Virtual Machine (VM) NAS shares must be named "VM" (upper case).
Description	(Optional) Enter a brief description of the share.
Protocol	Select the export protocol for the share:
	 CIFS/SMB - Select the CIFS/SMB option to use the share on a Windows network.
	 NFS - Select the NFS option to use the share on a UNIX or Linux network.
	Application Specific - Select the Application Specific option to create an Oracle RMAN share.

Hide from network browsing	(CIFS/SMB shares only) Select the check box to hide the share from network browsing. If selected, you cannot see the share when browsing the network.
Enable deduplication	(CIFS/SMB/NFS shares only) Select the check box to enable data deduplication. Quantum recommends that you enable data deduplication to optimize disk usage.
	Additional Information
	 Data deduplication is enabled by default. You cannot enable or disable data deduplication after the share is added.
	 Deduplication of Application Specific shares is enabled by default.
	• VM NAS shares must have deduplication disabled.

3. (Optional) Under Replication Settings, specify replication settings.

For more information about configuring replication for a share, or to set up replication for the share at a later time, see <u>Replication on page 129</u>.

4. Click Apply.

Additional Information

When you create a CIFS/SMB share, the initial permissions are the same as the default permissions for a Windows 2003 share with the addition of an ACE (Access Control Entry) that permits full access to the share for all authenticated users. Administrators can choose to remove this full access ACE, set up custom permissions, or leave the ACL (Access Control List) as it is if the server is set up in a fully trusted environment.

Editing a NAS Share

Edit a NAS share to modify the settings for the share, for example, to change the description of the share or to select different options.

To edit a NAS share:

1. Select the share and click Edit.

The Edit NAS Share & Replication Settings page displays (see Figure 128 on the next page).

Figure 128: Edit NAS Share & Replication Settings Page

NAS Share Settings	Replication Settings		
Name clevecifs01 Description Options Enforce read-only access	Send Send Send Send Send Send Send Send	-	arget
Enforce read-only access : Hide from network browsing	Sync ID clevecifs01	?	
Deduplication Enabled ? Export Protocol © CIFS (Windows network) Use Active Directory MMC to manage users and share security.	Replication Target DXis 10. 10. 10. Receive Enable Directory/File Based re Sync ID clevecifs01 Access Locked © U	Status Ready System Paused plication to this D	
Apply Reset Cancel			

2. Under NAS Share Settings, enter information about the share:

() Note: If you are editing a share, only the Description, Enforce read-only access, Hide from network browsing, and Allow all users to access this share options can be changed.

Description	(Optional) Enter a brief description of the share.
Enforce read-only access	(CIFS/SMB and NFS shares only) Select the check box to make the share read only. If selected, you cannot write to the share.
Hide from network browsing	(CIFS/SMB shares only) Select the check box to hide the share from network browsing. If selected, you cannot see the share when browsing the network.

Allow all hosts to access this share	(NFS shares only) Select this check box to allow all hosts (NFS shares) to access the share.
	Or clear the check box to allow only specified users or hosts to access the share. To add a user or host to the access list, click Add . Specify the Hostname or IP Address (NFS shares) and the associated permissions (Read Only or Read & Write), and then click Apply .
	Additional Information
	 To modify the users that are available in the Workgroup User list, see <u>Share Access on page 210</u>.
	 After you add a user or host to the access list, you cannot change their permissions. Instead, select the user or host in the access list and click Delete to remove them from the list. Then add the user or host again with the correct permissions.

3. (Optional) Under **Replication Settings**, specify replication settings.

For more information about configuring replication for a share, or to set up replication for the share at a later time, see <u>Replication on page 129</u>.

4. Click Apply.

Additional Information

If you modify a NAS share that uses the CIFS/SMB protocol, you must restart the CIFS/SMB service for the changes to take effect. To restart the CIFS/SMB service, first disjoin the Windows workgroup, then join it again (see <u>Windows Domain on the next page</u>). Restarting the CIFS/SMB service will close all active connections to the share. Most Windows workstations will automatically reconnect, but some applications may be affected.

Deleting a NAS Share

Delete a NAS share if it is no longer needed. When you delete a share, all data stored on the share is lost, and any schedules associated with the share are deleted.

Additional Information

- If you delete a share configured for Directory/File Based Replication on the source DXi, the share is *not* automatically deleted on the target DXi. If you do not want to retain the share on the target DXi, you can manually delete it.
- All DAE Virtual Machines (VMs) must be deleted before disabling DAE and deleting VM NAS shares (see <u>App Environment on page 349</u>).

To delete a NAS share:

- 1. Select the share and click **Delete**. You can select multiple shares to delete at once.
- 2. Click Yes to confirm the deletion.

Windows Domain

The **Windows Domain** page allows you to join the DXi4700 to a Windows workgroup or a Windows domain using **SMB**. To use a NAS share configured for the CIFS/SMB protocol on a Windows network, you must first join the DXi4700 to a workgroup or a domain. After you join the DXi4700 to a workgroup or a domain, CIFS/SMB shares are available for use on the Windows network.

To access the **Windows Domain** page, on the **NAS** page, click the **Windows Domain** tab (see Figure 129 below).

Windows Domain	н	lelp
This DXi has not joined a Win	dows Domain	
* Domain Type * Domain/Workgroup Name	Select a Type -	
Primary Domain Controller Use DNS Discovery Specify Address		
Organization Unit		
* Administrator Name * Administrator Password		
* Required Field		
Apply		

Figure 129: Windows Domain Page

Tasks

Use the Windows Domain page to perform the following tasks:

- Join the DXi4700 to a Windows workgroup (see Joining a Windows Workgroup on the next page).
- Join the DXi4700 to a Windows domain (see <u>Joining a Windows Domain on the next page</u>).
- Remove the DXi4700 from a Windows workgroup or domain (see <u>Disjoining a Workgroup or Domain</u> on page 210).

Joining a Windows Workgroup

Join a Windows workgroup to add the DXi4700 to a workgroup on a Windows network. After you join a workgroup, CIFS/SMB shares are available for use on the Windows network.

To join a Windows workgroup:

1. Enter the following information about the Windows domain:

Domain Type	Select Workgroup. Enter the workgroup name.		
Domain/Workgroup Name			
	The workgroup name can be the name of an existing workgroup or a new workgroup (for example, Workgroup or Sales).		

2. Click **Apply**.

Additional Information

When an SMB server is joined to a workgroup, share security is managed directly from the remote management console. For a CIFS/SMB share, security is provided through the read only or read/write access to the share. By default, when a CIFS/SMB share is created, the default security setting allows access for all users. Any access restrictions on individual users can be managed by editing a share on the NAS Summary page (see Editing a NAS Share on page 205).

Joining a Windows Domain

Join a Windows domain to add the DXi4700 to a Windows network using Active Directory. After you join a domain, CIFS/SMB shares are available for use on the Windows network.

Before joining a Windows domain, make sure the date and time on the DXi4700 is correct and is synchronized with the Active Directory Services (ADS) server (see <u>Date & Time on page 313</u>). The time difference between the DXi4700 and the ADS server (domain controller) must be less than 300 seconds. Quantum recommends using the same NTP server for the DXi4700 and the ADS server to keep them synchronized.

To join a Windows domain:

1. Enter the following information about the Windows domain:

Domain Type	Select Active Directory.
Domain/Workgroup Name	Enter the domain name.
Primary Domain Controller	Select an option for the Primary Domain Controller (PDC):
	Use DNS Discovery - Discover the PDC automatically.
	• Specify Address - Enter the fully qualified name or the IP address of the PDC.
Organization Unit	(Optional) Enter the name of the organizational unit in the domain.
	The DXi4700 will become a member of this organization.
Administrator Name	Enter Administrator or any user that has the right to join the domain.
	By default, any user belonging to the Administrators group or the Domain Admins group has the right to join the domain. In addition, any user can join the domain if they are specifically delegated this righ by a member of the Administrators group.
Administrator Password	Enter the password for the user entered above.

2. Click Apply.

Additional Information

When the system is joined to the Active Directory domain, share security is managed by the MMC (Microsoft Management Console) that is running on the domain controller. By default, when a CIFS/SMB share is created, the default security setting allows access for all users. Any access restrictions on individual users must be managed from the MMC.

Disjoining a Workgroup or Domain

Disjoin a workgroup or a domain to remove the DXi4700 from a Windows workgroup or domain. After you disjoin the workgroup or domain, CIFS/SMB shares are no longer available for use on the Windows network

To disjoin a workgroup or domain, click **Disjoin**.

Share Access

The **Share Access** page allows you to manage workgroup users when the DXi4700 is joined to a Windows workgroup, or manage share administrators when the DXi4700 is joined to a Windows domain using Active Directory. You can add users or administrators, change user privileges, and delete users or administrators. Available users or administrators can be granted access to NAS shares configured for the CIFS/SMB protocol.

Note: You must join a Windows workgroup or domain before you can add workgroup users or share administrators (see <u>Windows Domain on page 208</u>). The **Share Access** page is different depending on whether the DXi is joined to a workgroup or domain.

To access the **Share Access** page, on the **NAS** page, click the **Share Access** tab (see Figure 130 below and Figure 131 below).

Figure 130: Share Access Page (Windows Workgroup)

	SIFS	Share Access List				Help
Workgroup Users)	
		Username	Administrator Privileges	Description		
		Administrator	Yes			
		Add	Edit Delete			
5	_)	

Figure 131: Share Access Page (Active Directory)

CIFS Share Access List	Help			
Share Administrators				
User or Group Name				
QU Domain Admins				
Add Delete				

Tasks

Use the **Share Access** page to perform the following tasks:

- View information about workgroup users or share administrators (see <u>Workgroup Users or Share</u> <u>Administrators on the next page</u>).
- Add a workgroup user or a share administrator (see <u>Adding a Workgroup User or Share</u> <u>Administrator on the next page</u>).
- Edit a workgroup user (see Editing a Workgroup User on page 213).

• Delete a workgroup user or a share administrator (see <u>Deleting a Workgroup User or Share</u> Administrator on page 214).

Workgroup Users or Share Administrators

If the DXi4700 is joined to a Windows workgroup, the **Workgroup Users** section displays the following information about workgroup users:

The name of the workgroup user.	
The privileges of the workgroup user (Yes if the user has administrator privileges, No if they do not.)	
A brief description of the workgroup user (if available).	

If the DXi4700 is joined to a Windows domain using Active Directory, the **Share Administrators** section displays the following information about share administrators:

User or Group Name	The fully qualified name of the user or group.

Adding a Workgroup User or Share Administrator

Add a workgroup user or share administrator to be able to grant that user or administrator access to CIFS/SMB shares.

Windows Workgroup

To add a workgroup user for a Windows workgroup:

1. Click Add.

The Add Workgroup User page displays (see Figure 132 below).

Figure 132: Add Workgroup User Page

Add Workgroup User	Help
* User Name	
*Password	
* Confirm Password	
Description	
Grant Administrator Privileges	
* Required Field	
Apply Reset Cancel	

2. Enter information about the workgroup user:

User Name Enter the name of the workgroup user.	
Password	Enter the password for the workgroup user.
Confirm Password	Enter the password again to confirm it.
Description	(Optional) Enter a brief description of the workgroup user.
Grant Administrator Privileges	Select the check box to add the workgroup user to the Windows Administrators group.
	This allows the workgroup user to override certain permissions settings and prevents the workgroup user from being locked out of shares or directories.

3. Click Apply.

After you create a workgroup user, you can grant the user access to a NAS share (see <u>Share Access on</u> page 210).

Windows Domain

To add a share administrator for a Windows domain:

1. Click Add.

The Add Share Administrator page displays (see Figure 133 below).

Figure 133: Add Share Administrator Page

Add Share Administrator	
* Fully Qualified User or Group Name QUANTUM-SQA\	
* Required Field	
Apply Reset Cancel	

- 2. Enter the Fully Qualified User or Group Name of the share administrator.
- 3. Click Apply.

Use the MMC (Microsoft Management Console) to manage users (see <u>ADS Share Permissions on</u> page 215).

Editing a Workgroup User

Edit a workgroup user to change the user's password or description, or to change the user's administrator privileges.

Note: You cannot edit a share administrator. Instead, delete the share administrator, then add a new share administrator.

To edit a workgroup user:

1. Select the user and click Edit.

The Edit Workgroup User page displays (see Figure 134 below).

Figure 134: Edit Workgroup User Page

Edit Workgroup Us	er	Help	
User Name	Administrator		
Password			
Confirm Password			
Description			
🗹 Grant Administra	tor Privileges		
Apply	Reset Cancel		

2. Enter information about the workgroup user:

User Name	(Optional) Select a different workgroup user to edit.
Password	Enter the password for the workgroup user.
Confirm Password	Enter the password again to confirm it.
Description	(Optional) Enter a brief description of the workgroup user.
Grant Administrator Privileges	Select the check box to add the workgroup user to the Windows Administrators group.
	This allows the workgroup user to override certain permissions settings and prevents the workgroup user from being locked out of shares or directories.

1 Note: If you are editing a workgroup user, you cannot change the User Name.

3. Click Apply.

Deleting a Workgroup User or Share Administrator

Delete a workgroup user or share administrator if the user or administrator no longer needs to access CIFS/SMB shares.

To delete a workgroup user or share administrator, select the user or administrator and click **Delete**. You can select multiple users or administrators to delete at once.

ADS Share Permissions

To manage user access to CIFS/SMB shares when the DXi4700 is joined to a Windows domain, use the MMC (Microsoft Management Console). Log onto the MMC on the domain controller and access a share's properties to set share permissions for users.

Additional Information

In some cases, when you view file permissions on a Windows system, you will not see the user and group information. Instead you will see the SID (security ID) which appears as a series of numbers. This occurs when you move files (for example, using a backup utility or DOS **xcopy**) from one system to another system, and the user and group from the source system do not exist on the target system.

Often users and groups are unique to a particular scope, such as a Windows system or an ADS domain. As a result, some assigned permissions might not be available on the target system because the associated user and group do not exist there. However, common groups (for example, **Administrators**, **Users**, and **Everyone**) are recognized on most Windows systems and domains.

Advanced Setting

The Advanced Setting page allows you to enable or disable advanced SMB settings.

To access the **Advanced Setting** page, on the **NAS** page, click the **Advanced Setting** tab (see <u>Figure</u> <u>135 below</u>).

Figure 135: Advanced Setting Page

Advanced Setting	
SMB Settings Image: Enable Opportunistic Locking Note: System performance may decrease if Opportunistic Locking is disabled. Enable SMB Server signing Apply Reset	

To enable or disable advanced SMB settings:

1. Select the check box to enable, or clear the check box to disable, the following settings:

Enable Opportunistic Locking - (Enabled by default) Opportunistic locking lets clients lock files and locally cache information without the risk of another user changing the file. This increases performance for many file operations, but it may decrease performance in other operations because the server that grants the opportunistic lock must manage the breaking of that lock when another user requests access to the file.

1 Note: System performance may decrease if **Opportunistic Locking** is disabled.

Enable SMB Server signing - (Disabled by default) SMB server signing improves security on Windows networks by requiring clients to provide a security signature to connect to a server. If the DXi is joined to a Windows domain that is configured to require signing, you should enable SMB server signing.

2. Click Apply.

VTL Configuration

The **VTL** page allows you to configure the DXi4700 to present its storage capacity as VTL (virtual tape library) partitions that are compatible with standard backup applications. You can add virtual tape drives and storage slots to VTL partitions, as well as create and work with virtual tape cartridges. You can also map partitions to hosts.

Additional Information

- Virtual Tape Library (VTL) is available only on the DXi4700 VTL and Multi-Protocol configurations.
- The VTL wizard provides guided assistance for configuring VTL partitions (see <u>Configuration</u> <u>Wizards on page 69</u>).

Best Practices Guides

The following DXi Best Practices Guides are available at www.quantum.com/DXi4700BPG:

- Backup Exec from Veritas
- Data Protector from HP
- Data Protection Manager from Microsoft
- NetBackup from Veritas
- NetWorker from EMC
- Simpana from CommVault
- Tivoli Storage Manager from IBM
- Veeam Backup and Replication

To access the VTL page, click the Configuration menu, and then click the VTL tab.

The VTL page contains the following tabs:

- Partitions on the next page
- Media on page 226
- Remote Host Access on page 234
Partitions

The **Partitions** page allows you to manage VTL partitions on the DXi4700. Use partitions to allocate the DXi4700 virtual tape drives and storage elements to separate partitions that can be accessed by different host systems.

To access the Partitions page, on the VTL page, click the Partitions tab.

The Partitions page contains the following tabs:

Partitions Summary

The **Partitions Summary** page allows you to view information about existing partitions. You can also add or edit partitions, and delete partitions.

To access the **Partitions Summary** page, on the **Partitions** page, click the **Summary** tab (see Figure 136 below).

Figure 136: Partitions Summary Page



Tasks

Use the **Partitions Summary** page to perform the following tasks:

- View information about existing VTL partitions (see Partition List below).
- Add a new VTL partition to the system (see Adding a VTL Partition on page 219).
- Edit properties for an existing VTL partition (see Partitions above).
- Delete a VTL partition from the system (see Partitions above).
- Change the mode of a partition (see <u>Changing Partition Mode on page 225</u>).

Partition List

The Partition List section displays the following information for all VTL partitions on the DXi4700:

Available Partitions	The number of partitions that have been added to the system and the maximum number of partitions that can be added.
Available Virtual Tape Drives	The number of virtual tape drives that have been added to the system and the maximum number of drives that can be added.
Name	The name of the partition.
Mode	The current mode of the partition (Online or Offline).
Model	The library model emulated by the partition.
Drive Model	The tape drive model emulated by the virtual drives in the partition.
Drives	The number of virtual tape drives in the partition.
Host Mapping	The current state of host mapping for the partition (Yes or No). If no hosts have been mapped, click Map to map hosts to partitions (see <u>Remote Host Mapping or page 235</u>).
Media	The number of virtual tape cartridges in the partition. If no cartridges have been created, click Create to add media (see Media Add on page 226).
Slots	The number of storage slots in the partition.
Deduplication	The data deduplication state of the partition (Enabled or Disabled).
Auto Export	Auto export state (Enabled or Disabled).
Replication	The current state of replication for the partition:
	Enabled - Replication is enabled.
	Send/Receive Sync ID - Cartridge Based Replication is enabled.
	 Configure - Click to configure replication for the partition (see <u>Partitions on the previous page</u>)
	 Scheduled - Replication is scheduled for the partition. Click to view or modify the schedule (see <u>Scheduling a Share or Partition for Replication on page 280</u>).
Targets	The targets the partition is configured to replicate to.

Additional Information

• Click a column heading to sort the rows in the table by that column. Click the column heading again to reverse the sort order.

• Click the Information button [i] next to a partition to display detailed information about the partition and recent replication activity.

Adding a VTL Partition

Add a VTL partition to present the storage capacity of the DXi4700 as a VTL partition that is compatible with standard backup applications. You can add up to 64 partitions. When you add a partition, you must specify the type of physical library to emulate and configure virtual tape drives and storage slots.

The number of virtual tape drives (VTDs) totaled across all configured partitions must not exceed a maximum value. The maximum number of VTDs allowed varies depending on the system configuration:

• DXi4700 - 64 VTDs (no more than 32 VTDs active at any one time)

Additional Information

- The maximum number of virtual tape drives allowed per VTL partition is 64 VTDs.
- A license key for 32 VTDs is pre-installed on all DXi4700 models. To obtain a license for additional VTDs, contact Quantum customer support.
- A virtual tape drive is considered active if a cartridge is loaded in the VTD. Make sure to configure the backup application software so that the maximum number of active VTDs is not exceeded at any time. Exceeding the maximum number of active VTDs may cause backup jobs to time out.
- If you plan to replicate partitions to another DXi, make sure that every partition name and barcode number on each DXi is unique. There cannot be duplicate partition names or barcode numbers on the DXi4700 or on a DXi receiving a replicated partition.

Caution: Make sure the backup application on the host is configured for the correct number of tape drives and storage slots emulated by the VTL partition. If you do not, the backup application might not operate correctly.

To add a VTL partition:

1. Click Add.

The Add VTL Partition & Replication Settings page displays (see Figure 137 on the next page).

Figure 137: Add VTL Partition & Replication Settings Page

artition Settings		Replication Settings			
Name		Send			
ibrary Model	Quantum DXi4700 🔻	Enable replication to the replication	ation target DXi		
		Enable Cartridge Based re	plication to targ	et	
Number of Storage Slots		Sync ID	2		
irtual Tape Drive Model	Quantum DLT-S4	Sync ib			
Number of Virtual Tape Drives		Replication Target DXis	Status	Encryption	
		192.168.1.235	System Pause		
Enable deduplication		192.168.1.245	System Pause	d None	
annot enable/disable deduplica	tion once partition is created.	Receive			
Enable Auto Export ?		Enable Cartridge Based replication	ation to this DXi		
ote: After adding a partition, you	must Add Media and Map Drives to a Host to	Sync ID	?		
hake the partition fully functional.					
		Access CLocked OU	nlocked		
Required Field					

2. Under **Partition Settings**, enter information about the partition:

Name

Enter the name of the VTL partition.

Library Model	Select the library model emulated by the partition. The library model determines the inquiry string returned to the host by the DXi4700. (The library model does not restrict the number of slots or drives in a partition because library emulation is not a representation of a physical library.)
	The following library models are available:
	Models
	Quantum DXi7500
	ADIC Pathlight VX
	Quantum Scalar i40/i80 or Quantum Scalar i6000
	 Quantum DXi6700, Quantum DXi6900, Quantum DXi6800, Quantum DXi4700, Quantum DXi4601, Quantum, Quantum DXi4500, or Quantum DXi8500
	Quantum DX3000 or Quantum DX5000
	Quantum PX500 or Quantum PX720
	 ATL M2500, ATL P1000, or ATL P7000
	If you select a library such as the ATL P1000 or ATL P7000, the DXi4700 appears as the selected library to the host and backup application. If you selected DXi4700, the host and backup application recognize the device as a DXi4700.
	Note: Quantum recommends that you set the library model to DXi4700 for best compatibility. If your backup application does not support the DXi4700 inquiry string, select a different library model. Check your software compatibility guide to verify what library models are supported.
Number of Storage	Enter the number of storage slots in the partition (up to 61,000).
Slots	Note: One I/E slot is created for each storage slot up to a maximum of 240 I/E slots.

Virtual Tape Drive Model	- Select the tape drive model emulated by the virtual drives in the partition. All virtual tape drives in a partition must be the same model.
	The following tape drive models are available:
	Models
	 Quantum DLT-S4, SDLT600, SDLT320, or DLT7000
	Certance LTO-2 and LTO-3
	IBM LTO-1, LTO-2, LTO-3, LTO-4, or LTO-5
	• HP LTO-1, LTO-2, LTO-3, LTO-4, or LTO-5
Number of Virtual Tape	Enter the number of virtual tape drives in the partition.
Drives	Note: If all tape drives are currently assigned to other partitions, you mus remove one or more tape drives from an existing partition to make them available for use in a new partition.
Enable deduplication	Select the check box to enable data deduplication. Quantum recommends that you enable data deduplication to optimize disk usage.
	Note: Data deduplication is enabled by default. You cannot enable or disable data deduplication after the partition is added. If data duplication is disabled, then data compression is also disabled.
Enable Auto Export	Select the check box to enable Auto Export. When a tape is exported by the backup application, it is placed in a virtual I/E slot. After this, one of the following actions occurs:
	• If Auto Export is enabled, the media is removed from the virtual I/E slot.
	 If Auto Export is disabled, the media remains in the virtual I/E slot.

3. (Optional) Under **Replication Settings**, specify replication settings.

For more information about configuring replication for a partition, or to set up replication for the partition at a later time, see <u>Replication on page 129</u>.

4. Click Apply.

After you add a partition, you must add media and map drives to a host before the partition can be used for backups (see Media Add on page 226 and Remote Host Mapping on page 235).

Editing a VTL Partition

Edit a VTL partition to modify the settings for the partition, for example, to change the emulated library model or the number of storage slots and virtual tape drives.

To edit a VTL partition:

1. Select the partition and click Edit.

The Edit VTL Partition & Replication Settings page displays (see Figure 138 below).

Figure 138: Edit VTL Partition & Replication Settings Page

Edit VTL Partition & Replication Settings	Help
Available Partitions 60 of 64 Available Virtual Tape Drives 140 of 160	Maximum Slots per Partition 9000 Maximum Virtual Tape Drives per Partition 160
Partition Settings (?)	Replication Settings
Partition vtl1 is Online. Continue. Name vtl1 Library Model Quantum DXi6900 ** * Number of Storage Slots 500 ** Virtual Tape Drive Model HP LTO-4 * Number of Virtual Tape Drives 5 </td	Send C Enable replication to the replication target DXi Enable Cartridge Based replication to target Sync ID vtl1 Replication Target DXis Status Encryption 10.40.164.192 Ready AES 256-bit Receive
Deduplication Enabled (?)	Sync ID vtl1 Access Locked Unlocked
Apply Reset Cancel	

- 2. If the partition is online, click **Offline** to take the partition offline. To edit a partition, it must be offline.
- 3. Under Partition Settings, enter information about the partition:

Note: If you are editing a partition, only the Library Model, Number of Storage Slots, and Number of Virtual Tape Drives options can be changed.

Library Model	Select the library model emulated by the partition. The library model determines the inquiry string returned to the host by the DXi4700.
	The following library models are available:
	Models
	Quantum DXi7500
	ADIC Pathlight VX
	Quantum Scalar i40/i80 or Quantum Scalar i6000
	 Quantum DXi6700, Quantum DXi6900, Quantum DXi6800, Quantum DXi4700, Quantum DXi4601, Quantum DXi4500, or Quantum DXi8500
	Quantum DX3000 or Quantum DX5000
	Quantum PX500 or Quantum PX720
	 ATL M2500, ATL P1000, or ATL P7000
	If you select a library such as the ATL P1000 or ATL P7000, the DXi4700 appears as the selected library to the host and backup application. If you select Quantum DXi4700, the host and backup application recognize the device as a Quantum DXi4700.
	(i) Note: Quantum recommends that you set the library model to Quantum DXi4700 for best compatibility. If your backup application does not support the Quantum DXi4700 inquiry string, select a different library model. Check your software compatibility guide to verify what library models are supported
Number of Storage	Enter the number of storage slots in the partition (up to 61,000).
Slots	Note: One I/E slot is created for each storage slot up to a maximum of 240 I/I slots.
Number of Virtual	Enter the number of virtual tape drives in the partition.
Tape Drives	Note: If all tape drives are currently assigned to other partitions, you must remove one or more tape drives from an existing partition to make them available for use in a new partition.

4. (Optional) Under Replication Settings, specify replication settings.

For more information about configuring replication for a partition, or to set up replication for the partition at a later time, see <u>Replication on page 129</u>.

- 5. Click Apply.
- 6. Click **Online** to return the partition to an online state.

Deleting a VTL Partition

Delete a VTL partition if it is no longer needed. When you delete a partition, all data stored on the partition is lost.



To delete a VTL partition:

- 1. If the partition is online, select the partition and click **Offline** to take the partition offline. To delete a partition, it must be offline.
- 2. If there are tape cartridges in any of the tape drives in the partition, move the cartridges to storage slots (see <u>Media Move on page 231</u>). To delete a partition, all drives must be empty.
- 3. Select the partition and click **Delete**.

1 Note: You can select multiple partitions to delete at once.

4. Click Yes to confirm the deletion.

If the partition contains tape cartridges, they are exported from the partition before it is deleted.

Changing Partition Mode

Change the mode of a VTL partition to take it online or offline. To make backups to a partition, it must be online. To edit or delete a partition, it must be offline.

- To change the partition mode to online, select the partition and click Online.
- To change the partition mode to offline, select the partition and click Offline.

Note: Taking a partition offline might disrupt backup operations.

Partitions General

Use the **Partitions General** page to configure the Auto Export feature. When a tape is exported by the backup application, it is placed in a virtual I/E slot. After this, one of the following actions occurs:

- (Default) If Auto Export is enabled, the media is removed from the virtual I/E slot.
- If Auto Export is disabled, the media remains in the virtual I/E slot.

To access the **Partitions General** page, on the **Partitions** page, click the **General** tab (see <u>Figure 139 on</u> the next page).

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Figure 139: Partitions General Page

Partition Configuration	Help
Auto Export Behavior Image: Constraint of the second se	
Apply Reset	

To configure Auto Export:

1. Select the Enable Auto Export check box to enable Auto Export.

Or clear the Enable Auto Export check box to disable Auto Export.

2. Click Apply.

Media

The **Media** page allows you to manage virtual tape cartridges in VTL partitions on the DXi4700. Backup applications can write data to virtual tape cartridges just as they would to physical media.

To access the Media page, on the VTL page, click the Media tab.

The Media page contains the following tabs:

Media Add

Use the **Media Add** page to add a contiguous range of virtual tape cartridges to a VTL partition. You can specify the initial location, starting barcode, media type, and media capacity. After the cartridges are created, they are available for backing up data.

Note: It is possible to oversubscribe space on the DXi4700. In this case, the total capacity of all media is more than the capacity of the DXi. For guidance on selecting media quantity and size, see <u>Virtual</u> Media—How Many and What Size? on page 23.

To access the Media Add page, on the Media page, click the Add tab (see Figure 140 on the next page).

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Figure 140: Media Add Page

Add Media		
Partition VTLte	ust7 ▼	
Virtual Library Model	Quantum DXi4700 Virtual Tape Drive Model Quantur	m DLT-S4
Empty Storage Slots	0 Empty I/E Slots	2
Existing Media	2 All Storage Slots are occupied.	
dd Contiguous Media Initial Location * Number of Media * Starting Barcode Media Type Media Capacity	I/E Slot • ? (1 to 2) (A-Z, 0-9) DLT S4 •	
Native Size Custom Size	DLT S4, 800 GB	
* Required Field Apply	Reset	

To add virtual tape cartridges to a partition:

- 1. In the **Partition** drop-down box, select the partition where the media will be created.
- 2. Under Add Contiguous Media, enter information about the media:

Initial Location	The initial location for cartridges after they are created (Storage Slot or I/E Slot).
	Note: You cannot create more cartridges than the number of available slots in the initial location. For example, if 50 I/E slots are available, you cannot create more than 50 cartridges if the initial location is set to I/E Slot .
Number of Media	The number of cartridges to create in the partition.
Starting Barcode	The first barcode number in the cartridge sequence.
	You can enter any alpha-numeric string for the starting barcode (uppercase letters only). Subsequent barcodes are incremented accordingly. For example, if you ente AA, the cartridges are numbered AA0000, AA0001, AA0002, and so on. If you ente a starting barcode with less than 6 characters, zeroes are appended to the barcode to make it 6 characters long.
Media Type	The media type of the cartridges.
	Note: The available media type options are determined by the type of tape drive selected when the partition was created (see <u>Adding a VTL Partition on page 219</u>).
Media Capacity	The capacity of the cartridges. Select an option:
	• Native Size - The capacity is determined by the selected media type.
	• Custom Size - The capacity is a custom value. Enter the custom cartridge capacity in the box. Make sure the value is within the acceptable range displayed next to the box

3. Click Apply.

Media Actions

Use the **Media Actions** page to perform actions on virtual tape cartridges. You can import, export, and remove cartridges from VTL partitions. You can also configure cartridges to be write protected to prevent access.

To access the **Media Actions** page, on the **Media** page, click the **Actions** tab (see <u>Figure 141 on the next</u> <u>page</u>).

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Figure 141: Media Actions Page

Parution	i500Lib	•	Action	Show All	Media	• ?	
	Barcode	Туре	Partition	WP	State	Used (%)	Capacity
	LIB000	LTO-5	i500Lib	64	Scratch	0.00	1.50 TE
- 0	LIB001	LTO-5	i500Lib	ø	Scratch	0.00	1.50 TE
- 0	LIB002	LTO-5	i500Lib	ø	Scratch	0.00	1.50 TE

To perform actions on virtual tape cartridges:

1. In the **Partition** drop-down box, select the partition that contains the cartridges to work with.

(i) Note: Select UNASSIGNED to work with cartridges that are not assigned to any partition.

The table displays the following information for all virtual tape cartridges in the partition:

Barcode	The barcode number of the cartridge.
Туре	The cartridge type (LTO or SDLT).
Partition	The partition where the cartridge is located.
WP	The write protect status of the cartridge (Write Enabled or Write Protected).

State	The state of the cartridge:
	State:
	• Scratch - Scratch newly created virtual media or virtual media that has been recycled with no data on it.
	Virtual - Virtual media with data on it.
	• Virtual, Mounted - Virtual media with data that is mounted in a tape drive.
	 Vaulted - Virtual media with data that has been exported from a partition. Data is still intact on the virtual media.
	 Exported - Virtual media with no data that has been exported from a partition. Media has to be in this state before it can be deleted from the DXi4700.
	• Pool - The type of cartridge pool such as application, cleaning, service, or unknown.
Used (%)	The percentage of the tape cartridge that is used.
	Caution: The Used (%) value is not updated while the media is mounted. Because of this, the displayed Used (%) value may be different from the real value for mounted media.
Capacity	The total capacity of the tape cartridge.

Additional Information

- Click a column heading to sort the rows in the table by that column.
- Click the column heading again to reverse the sort order. Click the Information button [i] next to a cartridge to display detailed information about the cartridge.
- 2. In the Action drop-down box, select the action to perform:

Delete	Deletes a cartridge from the *UNASSIGNED partition. The cartridge must be in the exported state.
Export	Removes a cartridge from the virtual media changer and places it in an exported state. Perform this action if an export cannot be performed from the backup application. The cartridge must be in the vaulted, scratch, or virtual state.
Recycle	Recycles (erases) a cartridge so it can be reused by the partition.

Write Protect (WP)	Enables or disables write protection for the cartridge.
Import Media	Imports cartridges into the currently selected partition. Cartridges that are in the exported or vaulted state can be imported from another partition with the same media type and data deduplication settings.

After you select an action, the table is updated to show only the cartridges that support the selected action. Select **Show All Media** in the **Action** drop-down box to see all cartridges.

3. (Optional) To reduce the number of cartridges displayed in the table, enter a barcode or barcode range in the **Barcode Filter** box and click **Apply Filter**.

Use a hyphen (-) to indicate a range, and use an asterisk (*) to indicate a wildcard. Separate multiple entries with commas, and do not use spaces.

Example: Enter **AAA*** to display all cartridge barcodes beginning with AAA. Or enter **AAA010**-**AAA020** to display all barcodes in the specified range. Click the **Quick Tip** icon [?] for additional examples.

4. Select the cartridges to perform the action on. The action is performed only for selected cartridges on the current page. Or select the check box in the table heading row to perform the action on all cartridges in the partition.

If necessary, use the controls at the bottom of the table to navigate between multiple pages of results. Select the number of rows to display in the **Show** drop-down box.

5. Click Apply.

Media Move

Use the **Media Move** page to move a virtual tape cartridge from a source location (drive, storage slot, or I/E slot) to a destination location (drive, storage slot, or I/E slot). The location and destination must be in the same partition.

Note: If you do not create and associate a host access group with a partition, the virtual devices are not visible from the host, and drives cannot be destinations for move operations (see <u>Remote Host</u> <u>Access on page 234</u>).

Caution: Moving a virtual tape cartridge might disrupt backup jobs.

To access the Media Move page, on the Media page, click the Move tab (see Figure 142 on the next page).

Figure 142: Media Move Page

our	ce Location St	orage Slot 🔻 🗌 Fo	rce Unload (Virtual	Tape Drive	es)		Destinati	on Loc	ation Drive •
_	Barcode	Location	Index	WP	Access	Used (%)	Loca	tion	Index
	DX0000	Storage Slot	15	Ø	Scratch	0.00	Drive		0 (S/N VD052SV1429BVW18191
	DX0001	Storage Slot	1	ø	Scratch	0.00			
	DX0002	Storage Slot	14	615	Scratch	0.00			
	DX0003	Storage Slot	9	614	Scratch	0.00			
	DX0004	Storage Slot	16	61	Scratch	0.00			
	DX0005	Storage Slot	13	6	Scratch	0.00			
	DX0006	Storage Slot	11	ø	Scratch	0.00			
	DX0007	Storage Slot	17	ø	Scratch	0.00			
	DX0008	Storage Slot	12	ø	Scratch	0.00			
	DX0000	Storago Slot	10	*	Consteh	0.00			

To move a virtual tape cartridge:

- 1. In the Partition drop-down box, select the partition that contains the cartridge to move.
- 2. If the partition is online, click **Offline** to take the partition offline. To move media, the partition must be offline.
- 3. In the **Source Location** drop-down box, select the type of location you want to move a cartridge from (**Drive**, **Storage Slot**, I/E **Slot**).
- 4. (Optional) If you are moving a cartridge from a drive, select the **Force Unload (Virtual Tape Drives)** check box to force the drive to unload the cartridge before ejecting it.
- 5. (Optional) To reduce the number of cartridges displayed in the table, enter a barcode or barcode range in the **Barcode Filter** box and click **Apply Filter**.

Use a hyphen (-) to indicate a range, and use an asterisk (*) to indicate a wildcard. Separate multiple entries with commas, and do not use spaces.

Example: Enter **AAA*** to display all cartridge barcodes beginning with AAA. Or enter **AAA010**-**AAA020** to display all barcodes in the specified range. Click the **Quick Tip** icon [?] for additional examples.

6. Select the cartridge to move from the source location.

Note: If necessary, use the controls at the bottom of the table to navigate between multiple pages of results. Select the number of rows to display in the **Show** drop-down box.

- 7. In the **Destination Location** drop-down box, select the type of location you want to move the cartridge to (**Drive**, **Storage Slot**, I/E **Slot**).
- 8. Select the destination location to move the cartridge to.

Note: The destination section displays empty drives, storage slots, and I/E slots. Offline drives are *not* displayed. A drive might be offline if it has not been mapped to a host (see <u>Remote Host</u> Access on the next page).

- 9. Click Apply.
- 10. Return the partition to an online state (see Changing Partition Mode on page 225).

Media Unload

Use the Media Unload page to perform a bulk unload of virtual tape cartridges from drives or I/E slots.

Note: If you do not create and associate a host access group with a partition, the virtual devices are not visible from the host, and drives cannot be destinations for move operations (see <u>Remote Host</u> <u>Access on the next page</u>).

Caution: If you unload a virtual tape cartridge from a drive while a backup to that drive is in progress, the backup job will fail.

To access the Media Unload page, on the Media page, click the Unload tab (see Figure 143 below).

Figure 143: Media Unload Page

Jnload M	ledia						Help
Unload M	ledia from Drives an	d I/E Slots ?					
Partition	n VTLtest7	 Partition is 	Online 🔔 Cannot unload media	while par	tition is Online Offlic	ne	
Show Lo	ocation Drive	- Force Unload	(Virtual Tape Drives)				
	Barcode	Location	Index	WP	Access	Used (%)	Capacity
	QWERTY	Drive	0 (S/N VD001SV1404BVT13504)	6	Virtual Mounted	41.61	800.00 GB
Barcode		eset	(Apply Filter) ?				

To unload virtual tape cartridges:

- 1. In the **Partition** drop-down box, select the partition that contains the cartridges to unload.
- 2. If the partition is online, click **Offline** to take the partition offline. To unload media, the partition must be offline.
- 3. In the **Show Location** drop-down box, select the type of location you want to unload cartridges from (**Drive**, **I/E Slot**).

- 4. (Optional) If you are unloading cartridges from a drive, select the **Force Unload (Virtual Tape Drives)** check box to force drives to unload the cartridges before ejecting them.
- 5. (Optional) To reduce the number of cartridges displayed in the table, enter a barcode or barcode range in the **Barcode Filter** box and click **Apply Filter**.

Use a hyphen (-) to indicate a range, and use an asterisk (*) to indicate a wildcard. Separate multiple entries with commas, and do not use spaces.

Example: Enter **AAA*** to display all cartridge barcodes beginning with AAA. Or enter **AAA010**-**AAA020** to display all barcodes in the specified range. Click the **Quick Tip** icon [?] for additional examples.

6. Select the cartridges to unload.

Note: If necessary, use the controls at the bottom of the table to navigate between multiple pages of results. Select the number of rows to display in the **Show** drop-down box.

7. Click Apply.

Cartridges are moved to a previous storage slot if available. Otherwise, they are moved to the first available storage slot.

8. Return the partition to an online state (see Changing Partition Mode on page 225).

Remote Host Access

The **Remote Host Access** page allows you to configure virtual media changers and tape drives on the DXi4700 to communicate with Fibre Channel hosts (initiators). You can add, edit, and delete hosts as well as view Fibre Channel target ports on the DXi.

If you do not create and associate a host access group with a partition, the virtual devices are not visible from the host, and drives cannot be destinations for move operations.

Fibre Channel Host Bus Adapters (HBAs) - Data Payload Size

The Fibre Channel HBAs used on the DXi4700 have a maximum data payload size per frame of 2048 bytes. The Fibre Channel specification allows a maximum data payload size of 2112 bytes per frame. Fibre Channel HBAs used on backup hosts should be configured to use a maximum data payload size of 2048 bytes per frame. Failure to match the backup host maximum data payload size to the DXi4700 maximum data payload size may result in stalled data transfers.

To access the **Remote Host Access** page, on the **VTL** page, click the **Remote Host Access** tab.

The **Remote Host Access** page contains the following tabs:

Remote Host Mapping

The **Remote Host Mapping** page allows you to view information about existing host access groups. You can also add or edit groups, and delete groups.

Host access groups allow backup hosts to access virtual devices on a DXi4700. A host access group is associated with a partition, a host (a Fibre Channel initiator on the SAN), and a target (a Fibre Channel port on the DXi4700). This association allows the host to access one or more devices in the partition using different host LUNs on the port. To allow multiple hosts to access devices that belong to the same partition, you must create separate host access groups for each host.

To access the **Remote Host Mapping** page, on the **Remote Host Access** page, click the **Remote Host Mapping** tab (see Figure 144 below).

Figure 144: Remote Host Mapping Page

emo	ote Host Mappi	ng & Groups			
	Group Name	Remote Host	Target Port	Partition Name	Devices
	Coffee_Win1	WWPN=2100001b328a8feb	FC1 (direct)	VTLtest7	1 VMC, 1 VTD
	Coffee_Win1_2	WWPN=2100001b328a8feb	FC1 (direct)	VTLtest7	
	Add	Edit Di	elete		

Tasks

Use the Remote Host Mapping page to perform the following tasks:

- View information about existing host access groups (see Remote Host Mapping And Groups below).
- Add a new host access group to a partition (see <u>Adding a Remote Host Access Group on the next page</u>).
- Edit properties for an existing host access group (see Editing a Remote Host Access Group on page 238).
- Delete a host access group from a partition (see <u>Deleting a Remote Host Access Group on page 239</u>).

Remote Host Mapping And Groups

The **Remote Host Mapping And Groups** section displays the following information for all host access groups on the DXi4700:

Group Name	The name of the group.
Remote Host	The host (initiator) associated with the group.

Target Port	The Fibre Channel port (target) associated with the group.				
Partition Name	The VTL partition associated with the group.				
Devices	The number of virtual media changers (VMCs) and virtual tape drives (VTDs) associated with the group				

Note: Click a column heading to sort the rows in the table by that column. Click the column heading again to reverse the sort order.

Adding a Remote Host Access Group

Add a host access group to associate a VTL partition with a host (a Fibre Channel initiator on the SAN) and a target (a Fibre Channel port on the DXi4700).

To add a host access group:

1. Click Add.

The Map Remote Hosts, Define Groups page displays (see Figure 145 below).

Figure 145: Map Remote Hosts, Define Groups Page

Partition	nypd-vtl01		•
Remote Hos	WWPN=2100	001b329d6	658c 🔻
Farget	System : FC1	(direct)	
	(not common) ?		
_ 0.8 CCL	(nor connition) (
	Device	Remote H	ost Access
	erial Number	Allow	
	SV1524BVT18064	-	10
VTD VD001	SV1524BVT18064		[11]
VTD VD002	SV1524BVT18064		12
VTD VD003	SV1524BVT18064		13
	SV1524BVT18064		14
VTD VD004			
	SV1524BVT18064		15
		-	15 16
	SV1524BVT18064		

2. Enter information about the host access group:

Group Name	Enter a name for the group.				
Partition	Select the partition to associate with the group.				

Remote Host	 Select the host (initiator) to associate with the group. Note: You must configure a host before it is available in the Host drop-down box (see <u>Remote Hosts on page 240</u>).
Target	Select the target (port) to associate with the group.
	The Backpanel Locations section displays a graphical representation of the Fibre Channel and Ethernet ports as they appear on the rear of the system. A dark border displays around the currently selected target.
	Note: If a target is directly connected to the DXi, only the directly connected ports are displayed. Otherwise, all ports are displayed.

3. (Optional) Select the **Use CCL** check box to use the Command and Control LUN.

Note: The CCL (Command and Control LUN) is not used in most environments. This option is recommended for host access groups that contain an HP-UX host. It can also be used if hosts that are not assigned to any host access group exist in the SAN. The CCL is accessible to hosts only through LUN 0.

Caution: If you are not sure if you should use CCL, contact Quantum Customer Support before you enable this option.

4. Select the check boxes for the media changer and tape drives to add to the host access group.

The LUN assignment displays next to the device.

Drive Selection Helper

If there are more than 10 drives in the partition, the drive selection helper appears (see <u>Figure 146</u> on the next page).

Drives in the partition can be batch selected by specifying the **First Drive**, **Last Drive**, and **Starting LUN Numbers**. When a range of drives is selected, all other drives become unchecked regardless of their current state.

(i) Note: Generated LUN numbers are sequential and must stay in the 0 to 255 range.

Figure 146: Drive Selection Help	
Drive selection helper ?	
First Drive Last Drive Starting LUN	Ν

5. Click Apply.

Editing a Remote Host Access Group

Edit a host access group to change the CCL setting. You can also add or remove virtual media changers or tape drives.

To edit a host access group:

1. Select the group and click Edit.

The Edit Remote Host Mapping page displays (see Figure 147 below).

Note: If you are editing a host access group, you cannot change the **Group Name**, **Partition**, **Host**, or **Target**.

Figure 147: Edit Remote Host Mapping Page

it Rem	ote Host Mapping								
Group	Name 02			Fibre Channel Port Backpanel Locations					
Partiti	on nypd-vtl02	?		ne in the interview of the second sec					
Remo	te Host WWPN=21	00001b329	9d658c						
Target System : FC1 (direct)									
🗆 U:	se CCL (not common) ?								
	Device		ost Access						
Туре	Serial Number	Allow		🗖 Selected 📕 Mapped Target 📃 Unmapped Target 🔲 Active Initiator 📕 Inactive Initiator					
		•	0						
VTD	VD009SV1524BVT18064		1						
VTD	VD00ASV1524BVT18064		2						
VTD	VD00BSV1524BVT18064		3						
VTD	VD00CSV1524BVT18064	•	4						
VTD	VD00DSV1524BVT18064		5						
VTD	VD00ESV1524BVT18064		6						
	Apply Res	set	Cancel						
_									

2. (Optional) Select the Use CCL check box to use the Command and Control LUN.



4. Click Apply.

Deleting a Remote Host Access Group

Delete a host access group if it is no longer needed.

To delete a host access group:

1. Select the group and click **Delete**.

() Note: You can select multiple groups to delete at once.

2. Click **Yes** to confirm the deletion.

Remote Hosts

Use the **Remote Hosts** page to discover and add Fibre Channel hosts to the available host list for the DXi4700.



Caution: If you are connecting the DXi4700 directly to a host without using a Fibre Channel switch, you must know the WWPN connecting to each DXi4700 port. If you do not specify this information, the virtual medium changer and tape drives will not display on the device manager.

To access the **Remote Hosts** page, on the **Remote Host Access** page, click the **Remote Hosts** tab (see Figure 149 below).

Figure 149: Remote Hosts Page

Discover Remote Hosts						Help
Discover Remote Hosts) ? Remote Host WWPN	Alias	Group	Target Ports	Connection Status	Fibre Channel Port Backpanel Locations	
Add 2100001b329d658c		02 03	FC1(Active, Direct) FC1(Active, Direct)	Active		
2101001b32b49e8f	Cancel	01	FC0(Inactive)	Inactive		
					Mapped Target Unmapped Target Active Initiator Inactive Initiator	

To add a host:

1. Click **Discover Remote Hosts** to list all hosts that are known to the DXi4700.

A host is made known to the DXi4700 if you enter the host ID on this page, or if the host logs on to one or more Fibre Channel target ports.

If you do not see the world wide name (WWN) of the host, make sure the host is connected to a Fibre Channel port on the DXi4700 and click **Discover Remote Hosts** again.

The **Backpanel Locations** section displays a graphical representation of the Fibre Channel and Ethernet ports as they appear on the rear of the system.

Note: A mapped (green) status indicates the host is currently logged on to one or more Fibre Channel target ports.

2. Enter information about the host:

Remote Host WWPN	Enter the World Wide Port Name (WWPN) of the host. (This value is entered automatically by the system.)
Alias	(Optional) Enter a descriptive alias for the host.

3. Click Apply.

Note: To delete a host that is no longer needed, click **Delete** next to the host. You cannot delete a host of it is currently assigned to a host access group

Targets

Use the Targets page to view the current target (Fibre Channel) configuration.

To access the Targets page, on the Host Access page, click the Targets tab (see Figure 150 below).

Figure 150: Targets Page



The **Targets** page displays the **Target Port** and **WWPN** for the currently configured targets. The **Backpanel Locations** section displays a graphical representation of the Fibre Channel and Ethernet ports as they appear on the rear of the system.

Note: A mapped (green) status indicates the host is currently logged on to one or more Fibre Channel target ports.

Select one or more targets and click **Reset Target(s)** to initiate a Fibre Channel reset on the selected ports. A reset causes the ports to go through LIP (Loop Initialization Protocol).

Target Usage

Use the Target Usage page to view current target and device mappings for the DXi4700.

To access the **Target Usage** page, on the **Host Access** page, click the **Target Usage** tab (see <u>Figure 151</u> on the next page).

Figure 151: Target Usage Page

2 F2 F3 3 F0 F1 0 0 F1 0 F1 Mapped Target	t Unmapped Target Active In	ntilator Inactive Initia	ator
Target Port FC0		Target Port FC1	
Partition	nypd-vtl01	Partition	nypd-vtl02
Device	Serial Number	Device	Serial Number
Device VMC	VL001SV1524BVT18064	VMC	VL002SV1524BVT18064
Device VMC VTD	VL001SV1524BVT18064 VD001SV1524BVT18064	VMC VTD	VL002SV1524BVT18064 VD009SV1524BVT18064
Device VMC VTD VTD	VL001SV1524BVT18064 VD001SV1524BVT18064 VD002SV1524BVT18064	VMC VTD VTD	VL002SV1524BVT18064 VD009SV1524BVT18064 VD00ASV1524BVT18064
Device VMC VTD	VL001SV1524BVT18064 VD001SV1524BVT18064 VD002SV1524BVT18064 VD003SV1524BVT18064	VMC VTD VTD VTD VTD	VL002SV1524BVT18064 VD009SV1524BVT18064 VD00ASV1524BVT18064 VD00BSV1524BVT18064
Device VMC VTD	VL001SV1524BVT18064 VD001SV1524BVT18064 VD002SV1524BVT18064 VD003SV1524BVT18064 VD003SV1524BVT18064	VMC VTD VTD VTD VTD VTD	VL002SV1524BVT18064 VD009SV1524BVT18064 VD00ASV1524BVT18064 VD00BSV1524BVT18064 VD00CSV1524BVT18064
Device VMC VTD	VL001SV1524BVT18064 VD001SV1524BVT18064 VD002SV1524BVT18064 VD003SV1524BVT18064 VD004SV1524BVT18064 VD005SV1524BVT18064	VMC VTD VTD VTD VTD VTD VTD VTD VTD	VL002SV1524BVT18064 V0009SV1524BVT18064 V000ASV1524BVT18064 V000BSV1524BVT18064 V000CSV1524BVT18064 V000DSV1524BVT18064
Device VMC VTD	VL001SV1524BVT18064 VD001SV1524BVT18064 VD002SV1524BVT18064 VD003SV1524BVT18064 VD004SV1524BVT18064 VD005SV1524BVT18064 VD005SV1524BVT18064	VMC VTD VTD VTD VTD VTD	VL002SV1524BVT18064 VD009SV1524BVT18064 VD00ASV1524BVT18064 VD00BSV1524BVT18064 VD00CSV1524BVT18064
Device VMC VTD	VL001SV1524BVT18064 VD001SV1524BVT18064 VD002SV1524BVT18064 VD003SV1524BVT18064 VD004SV1524BVT18064 VD005SV1524BVT18064 VD005SV1524BVT18064 VD005SV1524BVT18064	VMC VTD VTD VTD VTD VTD VTD VTD VTD	VL002SV1524BVT18064 V0009SV1524BVT18064 V000ASV1524BVT18064 V000BSV1524BVT18064 V000CSV1524BVT18064 V000DSV1524BVT18064
Device VMC VTD	VL001SV1524BVT18064 VD001SV1524BVT18064 VD002SV1524BVT18064 VD003SV1524BVT18064 VD004SV1524BVT18064 VD005SV1524BVT18064 VD005SV1524BVT18064	VMC VTD VTD VTD VTD VTD VTD VTD VTD	VL002SV1524BVT18064 VD008SV1524BVT18064 VD00ASV1524BVT18064 VD00BSV1524BVT18064 VD00CSV1524BVT18064 VD00CSV1524BVT18064 VD00DSV1524BVT18064
Device VMC VTD VTD	VL001SV1524BVT18064 VD001SV1524BVT18064 VD002SV1524BVT18064 VD003SV1524BVT18064 VD004SV1524BVT18064 VD005SV1524BVT18064 VD005SV1524BVT18064 VD005SV1524BVT18064	VMC VTD VTD VTD VTD VTD VTD VTD VTD	VL002SV1524BVT18064 V0009SV1524BVT18064 V000ASV1524BVT18064 V000BSV1524BVT18064 V000CSV1524BVT18064 V000DSV1524BVT18064
Device VMC VTD VTD	VL001SV1524BVT18064 VD001SV1524BVT18064 VD002SV1524BVT18064 VD003SV1524BVT18064 VD004SV1524BVT18064 VD005SV1524BVT18064 VD005SV1524BVT18064 VD005SV1524BVT18064	VMC VTD VTD VTD VTD VTD VTD VTD VTD	VL002SV1524BVT18064 VD008SV1524BVT18064 VD00ASV1524BVT18064 VD00BSV1524BVT18064 VD00CSV1524BVT18064 VD00CSV1524BVT18064 VD00DSV1524BVT18064
Device VMC VTD	VL001SV1524BVT18064 VD001SV1524BVT18064 VD002SV1524BVT18064 VD003SV1524BVT18064 VD004SV1524BVT18064 VD005SV1524BVT18064 VD005SV1524BVT18064 VD005SV1524BVT18064	VMC VTD VTD VTD VTD VTD VTD VTD VTD Partition	VL002SV1524BVT18064 VD009SV1524BVT18064 VD00ASV1524BVT18064 VD00ESV1524BVT18064 VD00CSV1524BVT18064 VD00DSV1524BVT18064 VD00ESV1524BVT18064
Device VMC VTD	VL001SV1524BVT18064 VD001SV1524BVT18064 VD002SV1524BVT18064 VD003SV1524BVT18064 VD004SV1524BVT18064 VD005SV1524BVT18064 VD005SV1524BVT18064 VD005SV1524BVT18064	VMC VTD VTD VTD VTD VTD VTD VTD Partition	VL002SV1524BVT18064 V0009SV1524BVT18064 V000ASV1524BVT18064 V000BSV1524BVT18064 V000CSV1524BVT18064 V000CSV1524BVT18064 VD00ESV1524BVT18064 Serial Number

The **Backpanel Locations** section displays a graphical representation of the Fibre Channel and Ethernet ports as they appear on the rear of the system.

Note: A mapped (green) status indicates the host is currently logged on to one or more Fibre Channel target ports.

Each target Fibre Channel port is displayed, along with the partition and virtual media changer and tape drives (VMC and VTDs) mapped to the port.

OST Configuration

The **OST** page allows you to configure the DXi4700 to present its storage capacity as storage servers using OpenStorage (OST) technology. You can add one or more Logical Storage Units (LSUs) to a storage server. Storage servers and LSUs are compatible with backup applications that support OST, such as Veritas NetBackup and Veritas Backup Exec. In addition, OST data can be duplicated (replicated) between DXi systems using NetBackup (see <u>Replicating OST Data on the next page</u>).

To authenticate OST devices on a media server, you must create OST user credentials. After you create the OST user credentials, enter them in the backup application to authenticate OST devices on the media server.

Additional Information

OpenStorage Technology (OST) is available only on the DXi4700-NAS and DXi4700-Multi-Protocol configuration.

Best Practices Guides

The following DXi Best Practices Guides are available at www.quantum.com/DXi4700BPG:

- Backup Exec from Veritas
- Data Protector from HP
- Data Protection Manager from Microsoft
- NetBackup from Veritas
- NetWorker from EMC
- Simpana from CommVault
- Tivoli Storage Manager from IBM
- Veeam Backup and Replication

To access the OST page, click the Configuration menu, and then click the OST tab.

The **OST** page contains the following tabs:

- Storage Servers on page 245
- LSU on page 252
- Manage Remote Users on page 257
- Target IP Mapping on page 260
- Accent on page 263

Replicating OST Data

The DXi4700 can replicate (duplicate) OST data to another DXi using the following methods:

Replication Method	Description
Optimized Duplication	With optimized duplication, backup images on a storage server can be replicated to another storage server on a DXi that resides in the same NetBackup domain. The duplication occurs when it is initiated in NetBackup. With optimized duplication can specify up to two replication targets

Replication Method	Description
Automatic Image Replication (AIR)	If you are using Veritas NetBackup 7.1 or higher, you can configure an LSU for Automatic Image Replication (see <u>OST</u> <u>Configuration on page 242</u>). If enabled, data on an LSU is automatically replicated to a remote LSU that resides on a DXi in a different NetBackup domain. The timing of the duplication, as well as the backup images that are duplicated, are determined by the storage lifecycle policies (SLPs) configured in NetBackup. With AIR, you can specify a single replication target.
Concurrent Optimized Duplication	For both optimized duplication and Automatic Image Replication, you can optionally enable Concurrent Optimized Duplication. If enabled, as data is written to the storage server, it is simultaneously replicated to the target DXi. When optimized duplication or Automatic Image Replication subsequently occurs, the operation is more efficient because a portion of the required data has already been replicated to the target storage server.

It is important to remember that, with Automatic Image Replication, the local and remote LSUs reside in *different* NetBackup domains. This differs from optimized duplication, which occurs between two LSUs residing within *the same* NetBackup domain.

- Note: For more information about configuring the DXi4700 for optimized duplication or Automatic Image Replication, see the DXi-Series NetBackup and Backup Exec OST Configuration Guide (6-67079).
- Note: For information about configuring NetBackup for optimized duplication or Automatic Image Replication (also referred to as duplicating images to a remote master server domain), see the Veritas NetBackup Administrator's Guide.

Task Overview: Setting Up Automatic Image Replication

Setting up Automatic Image Replication (AIR) requires that you first configure the target (remote) DXi and then the source DXi (see Figure 152 on the next page). In addition, you must create storage lifecycle policies (SLPs) in NetBackup that define when the automatic replication occurs and which backup images are duplicated.

To automatically replicate (duplicate) all data on an LSU to a remote LSU that resides on a DXi in a different NetBackup domain:

- 1. On the target system, add the source system to the list of allowed replication sources (see).
- 2. On the target system, create a local OST user (see Manage Users on page 344).



3. On the target system, create a storage server and LSU to receive the replicated OST data (see <u>Adding a</u> <u>Storage Server on page 247</u>).

Note: Quantum recommends selecting the **Available Capacity** option when creating an LSU for use with Automatic Image Replication.

- 4. On the source system, specify the target system that will receive the replicated data (see <u>Adding a</u> <u>Replication Target on page 266</u>).
- 5. On the source system, create a remote OST user with the same user name and password that you used in step 2 above (see Manage Remote Users on page 257).

Caution: On the source system, make sure to create a *remote* user on the Configuration > OST
 > Manage Remote Users page.

6. On the source system, create a storage server and LSU, and enable the LSU for Automatic Image Replication (see Adding a Storage Server on page 247).

For **Remote Storage Server** and **Remote LSU**, make sure to specify the storage server and LSU created in step 3 above. Also, for **Remote User**, make sure to select the remote user created in step 5 above.

7. Configure storage lifecycle policies in NetBackup to control when automatic replication of the LSU occurs (see the *Veritas NetBackup Administrator's Guide*).

Figure 152: Setting Up OST Automatic Image Replication



Storage Servers

The **Storage Servers** page allows you to manage OST storage servers on the DXi4700. You can view information about existing storage servers, add or edit storage servers, and delete storage servers.

To access the **Storage Servers** page, on the **OST** page, click the **Storage Servers** tab (see <u>Figure 153 on</u> the next page).

Figure 153: Storage Servers Page

Name	LSUs	Max Connections	Active Connections	Baakun Imagaa	Concurrent Optimized Duplication	Deparintio
			Active Connections	Backup Images	Concurrent Optimized Duplication	Descriptio
testStorageServer1	1	300	0	0	Enabled, Targets:	

Tasks

Use the **Storage Servers** page to perform the following tasks:

- View information about existing storage servers (see Storage Server List below).
- Add a new storage server to the system (see Adding a Storage Server on the next page).
- Edit properties for an existing storage server (see Editing a Storage Server on page 250).
- Delete a storage server from the system (see <u>Deleting_Storage_Server</u>).

Storage Server List

The **Storage Server List** displays the following information for all storage servers on the DXi4700:

Storage Servers	The number of storage servers that have been added to the system.
Maximum Storage Servers	The maximum number of storage servers that can be added to the system.
LSUs	The number of logical storage units (LSUs) that have been added to the system (see LSU on page 252).
OST Service	The status of the OST service. OST settings can be configured in Ready , Stopped , or Verifying state. The OST server is available for backup only in Ready state.
Name	The name of the storage server.
LSUs	The number of LSUs that have been added to the storage server.

Max Connections	The maximum number of connections allowed to the storage server.
Active Connections	The number of currently active connections to the storage server.
Backup Images	The number of backup images on the storage server.
Concurrent Optimized Duplication	The status of Concurrent Optimized Duplication for the storage server (Enabled or Disabled), as well as the configured targets (if any).
Description	A brief description of the storage server (if available).

Additional Information

- Click a column heading to sort the rows in the table by that column. Click the column heading again to reverse the sort order.
- The connections of a storage server that are used equals the data streams plus one for each LSU polling. A backup job may generate more than one data stream if the data can be read in parallel. For example, a policy that is backing up A, B, C, and D drives of a Windows system can generate four data streams in parallel.

Adding a Storage Server

Add a storage server to present the storage capacity of the DXi4700 as LSUs that are compatible with backup applications that support OST. You can add up to 100 storage servers. When adding a storage server, you must also add an LSU to the storage server. (For more information about LSUs, see <u>LSU on page 252</u>.)

1 Note: Data on storage servers is always deduplicated.

To add a storage server:

1. Click Add.

The Add Storage Server page displays (see below).

Add Storage Server Page

Add Storage Server		Help
Add Storage Server ?		
* Name		
Description		
* Max Connections	300 (0 to 65536)	
Enable Concurre	nt Optimized Duplication	
	Optimized Duplication Target DXis Status Encryption	
10.40,107.4	Ready AES 256-bit	
Logical Storage Unit		
Available Capacit	y .	
Specific Capacity		
LSU Name		
Physical Capaci	(1 to 1048576 GB)	
Description		
Enable Automati	c Image Replication ?	
	Target DXis	
10.40.167.4		
* Remote Storage		
Remote User	(Priysicalized)	
Remote 0361		
* Required Field		
Apply	Reset Cancel	

2. Under Add Storage Server, enter information about the storage server:

Name	 Enter the name of the storage server. Caution: Do not use an underscore (_) in the name of the storage server. Note: OST storage server names are not case-sensitive. For example, if you create a storage server named ost1, you cannot create another storage server named OST1 because the system considers the names to be the same.
Description	(Optional) Enter a brief description of the storage server.
Max Connections	Enter the maximum number of connections allowed to the storage server. To disable OST, enter 0 connections. To enable OST, enter 3 to 65536 connections.
	i Note: Quantum recommends setting Max Connections to 300.

 Enable
 Select the check box to enable optimized duplication during OST ingest.

 Concurrent
 Output

Optimized Duplication Concurrent Optimized Duplication is disabled by default. If enabled, as data is written to the storage server, it is simultaneously replicated to the target DXi. When optimized duplication or Automatic Image Replication subsequently occurs, the operation is more efficient because a portion of the required data has already been replicated to the target storage server.

Note: To configure the target DXi, see Adding a Replication Target on page 266.

Note: When Concurrent Optimized Duplication is enabled, all data on the storage server is duplicated, not just the specified images.

- 3. Select the check box for each optimized duplication target you want to duplicate the storage server to. When the storage server is duplicated, its data will be sent to all selected targets.
- 4. Under Logical Storage Unit, select the type of LSU to add to the new storage server:

Available Capacity	(Recommended for best performance) Select this option to add an LSU that uses the available capacity on the system.
	You cannot add an available capacity LSU to a storage server that already contains an LSU. Also, if you add an available capacity LSU to a storage server, you cannot add additional LSUs to that same storage server.
	Note: After you add an LSU that uses the Available Capacity option, you cannot change the LSU to use the Specific Capacity option. Instead, you must delete the LSU, then add a new LSU and choose the Specific Capacity option (see <u>Deleting an LSU on page 257</u>).
Specific Capacity	Select this option to specify the physical capacity of the LSU, and then enter the following information.
	LSU Name - Enter the name of the LSU.
	 Physical Capacity - Enter the physical capacity of the LSU (1 to 1048576 GB). Note: Quantum recommends setting LSUs to maximum size (1048576 GB) because spanning them on a backup is not possible.

- 5. (Optional) In the **Description** box, enter a brief description of the LSU.
- 6. (Optional) Select the **Enable Automatic Image Replication** check box to automatically replicate (duplicate) data on the LSU to a remote LSU on another DXi.

Automatic Image Replication (AIR) is disabled by default. If enabled, data on an LSU is automatically replicated to a remote LSU that resides on a DXi in a different NetBackup domain. The timing of the duplication, as well as the backup images that are duplicated, are determined by the storage lifecycle policies (SLPs) configured in NetBackup.

OST AIR requires NetBackup 7.1 or higher. For information about configuring NetBackup for Automatic Image Replication, see the *DXi-Series NetBackup and Backup Exec OST Configuration Guide* (6-67079).

Note: You must configure at least one remote user before you can enable Automatic Image Replication (see Manage Remote Users on page 257).

- If Automatic Image Replication is enabled, select the replication target you want to replicate images to. (You can select only a single target.) When images are replicated, data will be sent to the selected target.
- 8. If Automatic Image Replication is enabled, specify the following information:

Remote Storage	The name of the remote storage server (on the target DXi) to replicate data to. The source DXi and target DXi must reside in different NetBackup domains.
Server Name	Note: To configure the target DXi, see <u>Replication Send on page 136</u> .
Remote LSU Name	The name of the LSU in the remote storage server that will receive the replicated data.
Remote User	The OST user credentials to use for authentication on the remote (target) DXi. The selected remote user <i>must</i> match a local user on the Configuration > OST > Manage Users page on the target DXi (see <u>Manage Users on page 344</u>).

9. Click Apply.

Editing a Storage Server

Edit a storage server to change the description of the storage server or the maximum number of allowed connections.

To edit a storage server:

1. Select the storage server and click Edit.

The Edit Storage Server page displays (see Figure 154 below).

Figure 154: Edit Storage Server Page

testStorageServer1				
Connections 300			(0 to 65536) ?	
Optimized Duplication				
ptimized Duplication Target DXis				
	Ready	AES 256-bit		
0	00 Dptimized Duplication	00 Optimized Duplication stimized Duplication Target DXIs Status	00	00 (0 to 65536) ? Optimized Duplication Status Encryption

2. Enter information about the storage server:

Description	(Optional) Enter a brief description of the storage server.				
Мах	Enter the maximum number of connections allowed to the storage server (3 to 65536).				
Connections	The maximum number of connections cannot be changed if the storage server has more than zero currently active connections. The number of active connections is displayed on the OST page (see <u>Storage Server List on page 246</u>).				
	i Note: Quantum recommends setting Max Connections to 300.				
Enable	Select the check box to enable optimized duplication during OST ingest.				
Concurrent Optimized Duplication	Concurrent Optimized Duplication is disabled by default. If enabled, as data is written to the storage server, it is simultaneously replicated to the target DXi. When optimized duplication or Automatic Image Replication subsequently occurs, the operation is more efficient because a portion of the required data has already been replicated to the target storage server.				
	Additional Information				
	• To configure the target DXi, see <u>Replication Send on page 136</u> .				
	 When Concurrent Optimized Duplication is enabled, all data on the storage server is duplicated, not just the specified images. 				

- 3. Select the check box for each optimized duplication target you want to duplicate the storage server to. When the storage server is duplicated, its data will be sent to all selected targets.
- 4. Click Apply.

Deleting a Storage Server

Delete a storage server if it is no longer needed. When you delete a storage server, all data stored on the storage server is lost.

Note: If you deleted the storage server from Veritas NetBackup or Veritas Backup Exec, you must wait several minutes before deleting the storage server from the DXi4700.

To delete a storage server:

1. Select the storage server in the Storage Server List.

You cannot delete a storage server if it has more than zero currently active connections. The number of active connections is displayed on the **OST** page (see <u>Storage Server List on page 246</u>). Also, you cannot delete a storage server if it contains LSUs. Before deleting the storage server, you must first delete any LSUs it contains (see <u>Deleting an LSU on page 257</u>).



2. Click Delete.

LSU

The **LSU** page allows you to manage the logical storage units (LSUs) contained on OST storage servers on the DXi4700. You can view information about existing LSUs, add or edit LSUs, and delete LSUs.

To access the LSU page, on the OST page, click the LSU tab (see Figure 155 below).

Figure 155: LSU Page

LSU Name	Storage Server	Physical Capacity	Automatic Image Replication	Active Connections	Backup Images	Description
blackhills-Isu1	blackhills-Callisto	1.00 PB	Disabled	0	0	
blackhills-Isu2	blackhills-Callisto	1.00 PB	Disabled	0	0	
blackhills-Isu3	blackhills-Callisto	1.00 PB	Disabled	0	0	
blackhills-Isu1	blackhills-cutler	1.00 PB	Disabled	0	0	
blackhills-Isu2	blackhills-cutler	1.00 PB	Disabled	0	0	
blackhills-Isu3	blackhills-cutler	1.00 PB	Disabled	0	0	
_PhysicalLSU	blackhills-hubble	Available capacity	Disabled	3	10	
Add) (Edit	Delete	2			

Tasks

Use the **LSU** page to perform the following tasks:

- View information about existing LSUs (see Logical Storage Unit List below).
- Add a new LSU to the system (see Adding an LSU on the next page).
- Edit properties for an existing LSU (see Editing an LSU on page 255).
- Delete an LSU from the system (see <u>Deleting an LSU on page 257</u>).

Logical Storage Unit List

The Logical Storage Unit List displays the following information for all LSUs on the DXi4700:

OST ServiceThe status of the OST service. OST settings can be configured in **Ready**, **Stopped**, or
Verifying state. The OST server is available for backup only in **Ready** state.
LSU Name	The name of the LSU.
Storage Server	The storage server that contains the LSU.
Physical Capacity	The physical storage capacity of the LSU.
Automatic Image	The status of Automatic Image Replication (AIR) for the LSU (Enabled or Disabled), as well as the configured targets (if any).
Replication	Note: To view details about the remote LSU if AIR is enabled, use the Edit Logical Storage Unit page (see Editing an LSU on page 255).
Active Connections	The number of currently active connections to the LSU.
Backup Images	The number of backup images on the LSU.
Description	A brief description of the LSU (if available).

Additional Information

- The LSU limit is 1000.
- Click a column heading to sort the rows in the table by that column. Click the column heading again to reverse the sort order.
- The connections of a storage server that are used equals the data streams plus one for each LSU polling. A backup job may generate more than one data stream if the data can be read in parallel. For example, a policy that is backing up A, B, C, and D drives of a Windows system can generate four data streams in parallel.

Adding an LSU

Add an LSU to a storage server to present the storage capacity of the DXi4700 as an LSU that is compatible with backup applications that support OST. You can add an LSU with a specific capacity, or you can add an LSU that uses the available capacity of the DXi4700.

Note: You must create a storage server before you can add an LSU (see <u>Adding a Storage Server on page 247</u>).

To add an LSU to a storage server:

1. Click Add.

The Add Logical Storage Unit page displays (see on the next page).

Add Logical Storage Unit Page

Add Logical Storage Unit			Help
Storage Server	blackhills-Callisto	• ?	
Available Capacity			
Specific Capacity			
* L SU Name			
* Physical Capacity		(1 to 1048576 GB)	
Description			
 Enable Automatic Image Replica Replication Target DXIs 10. 	tion ?		
* Remote Storage Server Name			
* Remote LSU Name	PhysicalLSU	Γ́	
Remote User	admin	. ?	
* Required Field			
Apply Reset	Cancel		

2. Enter information about the LSU.

Storage Server	Select the storage server that will contain the new LSU.
Available Capacity	(Recommended for best performance) Select this option to add an LSU that uses the available capacity on the system.
	You cannot add an available capacity LSU to a storage server that already contains an LSU. Also, if you add an available capacity LSU to a storage server, you cannot add additional LSUs to that same storage server.
	Note: After you add an LSU that uses the Available Capacity option, you cannot change the LSU to use the Specific Capacity option. Instead, you must delete the LSU, then add a new LSU and choose the Specific Capacity option (see <u>Deleting an LSU on page 257</u>).
Specific Capacity	Select this option to specify the physical capacity of the LSU, and then enter the following information.
	LSU Name - Enter the name of the LSU.
	Physical Capacity - Enter the physical capacity of the LSU (1 to 1048576 GB).
	Note: Quantum recommends setting LSUs to maximum size (1048576 GB) because spanning them on a backup is not possible.

3. (Optional) In the **Description** box, enter a brief description of the LSU.

4. (Optional) Select the **Enable Automatic Image Replication** check box to automatically replicate (duplicate) data on the LSU to a remote LSU on another DXi.

Automatic Image Replication (AIR) is disabled by default. If enabled, data on an LSU is automatically replicated to a remote LSU that resides on a DXi in a different NetBackup domain. The timing of the duplication, as well as the backup images that are duplicated, are determined by the storage lifecycle policies (SLPs) configured in NetBackup.

OST AIR requires NetBackup 7.1 or higher. For information about configuring NetBackup for Automatic Image Replication, see the *DXi-Series NetBackup and Backup Exec OST Configuration Guide* (6-67079).



- If Automatic Image Replication is enabled, select the replication target you want to replicate images to. (You can select only a single target.) When images are replicated, data will be sent to the selected target.
- 6. If Automatic Image Replication is enabled, specify the following information:

Remote Storage	The name of the remote storage server (on the target DXi) to replicate data to. The source DXi and target DXi must reside in different NetBackup domains.
Server Name	Note: To configure the target DXi, see <u>Replication Send on page 136</u> .
Remote LSU Name	The name of the LSU in the remote storage server that will receive the replicated data.
Remote User	The OST user credentials to use for authentication on the remote (target) DXi. The selected remote user <i>must</i> match a local user on the Configuration > OST > Manage Users page on the target DXi (see <u>Manage Users on page 344</u>).

7. Click Apply.

Editing an LSU

Edit an LSU to change its capacity, description, or automatic image replication settings.

To edit an LSU:

1. Select the LSU and click Edit.

The Edit Logical Storage Unit page displays (see <u>below</u>).

Edit Logical Storage Unit Page

torage Server Name blackhills-Callisto Physical Capacity ? 1048576 esscription		(1 to 10	048576 GB)		
escription		(1 to 10	048576 GB)	L 1	
Enable Automatic Image Replication					
10. 10. Remote Storage Server Name					
* Remote LSU NamePhysicalLSU					
Remote User admin		• ?			
* Required Field					

2. Enter information about the LSU:

(i) Note: If you are editing an LSU, the **Name** option cannot be changed.

Physical	(Specific capacity LSUs only) Enter the physical capacity of the LSU (1 to 1048576 GB).
Capacity	The physical capacity cannot be changed if the LSU has more than zero currently active connections. The number of active connections is displayed on the LSU page (see <u>Logical</u> <u>Storage Unit List on page 252</u>).
Description	(Optional) Enter a brief description of the LSU.

3. (Optional) Select the Enable Automatic Image Replication check box to automatically replicate

(duplicate) data on the LSU to a remote LSU on another DXi.

Automatic Image Replication (AIR) is disabled by default. If enabled, data on an LSU is automatically replicated to a remote LSU that resides on a DXi in a different NetBackup domain. The timing of the duplication, as well as the backup images that are duplicated, are determined by the storage lifecycle policies (SLPs) configured in NetBackup.

OST AIR requires NetBackup 7.1 or higher. For information about configuring NetBackup for Automatic Image Replication, see the *DXi-Series NetBackup and Backup Exec OST Configuration Guide* (6-67079).

Note: You must configure at least one remote user before you can enable Automatic Image Replication (see Manage Remote Users on the next page).

- If Automatic Image Replication is enabled, select the replication target you want to replicate images to. (You can select only a single target.) When images are replicated, data will be sent to the selected target.
- 5. If Automatic Image Replication is enabled, specify the following information:

Remote Storage Server Name	 The name of the remote storage server (on the target DXi) to replicate data to. The source DXi and target DXi must reside in different NetBackup domains. Note: To configure the target DXi, see <u>Replication Send on page 136</u>.
Remote LSU Name	The name of the LSU in the remote storage server that will receive the replicated data.
Remote User	The OST user credentials to use for authentication on the remote (target) DXi. The selected remote user <i>must</i> match a local user on the Configuration > OST > Manage Users page on the target DXi (see <u>Manage Users on page 344</u>).

6. Click Apply.

Deleting an LSU

Delete an LSU if it is no longer needed. When you delete an LSU, all data stored on the LSU is lost.

Note: If you deleted the LSU from Veritas NetBackup or Veritas Backup Exec, you must wait several minutes before deleting the LSU from the DXi4700.

To delete an LSU:

1. Select the LSU in the Logical Storage Unit List.

You cannot delete an LSU if it has more than zero currently active connections. The number of active connections is displayed on the **LSU** page (see Logical Storage Unit List on page 252).

1 Note: You can select multiple LSUs to delete at once.

2. (Optional) Select the Force Delete LSU check box to delete LSUs that are not empty.

Normally, you cannot delete an LSU if it contains existing backup images. If for some reason you cannot remove files from the LSU, selecting the **Force Delete LSU** check box allows you to delete the LSU even though it is not empty.

3. Click Delete.

Manage Remote Users

The **Manage Remote Users** page allows you to create and manage remote users for use with OST Automatic Image Replication (AIR). You must configure at least one remote user before you can enable Automatic Image Replication for an LSU (see <u>Adding an LSU on page 253</u>). When using OST Automatic Image Replication (AIR), the remote user credentials specified on the source DXi must match the local user credentials on the target (remote) DXi.

To access the **Manage Remote Users** page, on the **OST** page, click the **Manage Remote Users** tab (see Figure 156 on the next page).

Figure 156: Manage Remote Users Page

Manage Rem	ote Users	Help	
Add Edit	Delete Refresh		
Name	Description		
admin			

Tasks

Use the Manage Users page to perform the following tasks:

- View information about remote users (see Manage Remote Users List below).
- Add a remote user (see Adding a Remote User below).
- Edit a remote user (see Editing a Remote User on the next page).
- Delete a remote user (see Deleting a Remote User on page 260).

Manage Remote Users List

The Manage Remote Users list displays the following information for all remote users:

Name	The name of the remote user.
Description	A brief description of the remote user (if available).

1 Note: To update the list with the latest information, click **Refresh**.

Adding a Remote User

Add a remote user to create OST user credentials for use with OST AIR. When you enable Automatic Image Replication for an LSU, you specify a remote user. The remote user credentials on the source DXi must match the local user credentials on the target (remote) DXi.

To add a remote user:

1. Click Add.

The Add Remote AIR Credential window displays (see below).

Add Remote AIR Credential

Add Remote AIR Credential		
*User name *New Password *Confirm New Password		
Description * Required field		
Apply Cancel		

2. Enter information about the remote user:

User name	Enter the name of the remote user.
	Note: An AIR user name can contain the following characters: 'a-z', 'A-Z', '0-9', '_', and '.'
New Password	Enter the password for the remote user.
Confirm New Password	Enter the password again to confirm it.
Description	(Optional) Enter a brief description of the remote user.

3. Click Apply.

Editing a Remote User

Edit a remote user to change the user's password or description.

To edit a remote user:

1. Select the user and click **Edit**.

The Edit Remote Credentials window displays (see below).

Edit Remote Credentials

Edit Remote Credentials		×
*User name	admin	
*New Password		
*Confirm New Password		
Description		
* Required field		
Apply Cancel		

2. Enter information about the remote user:

1 Note: If you are editing a remote user, you cannot change the User name.

New Password	Enter the password for the remote user.	
Confirm New Password	Enter the password again to confirm it.	
Description	(Optional) Enter a brief description of the remote user.	

3. Click Apply.

Deleting a Remote User

Delete a remote user if the OST user credentials are no longer needed to authenticate an LSU for Automatic Image Replication.

To delete a remote user, select the user and click Delete.

Note: You can select multiple users to delete at once.

Target IP Mapping

The **Target IP Mapping** page allows you to map a target data IP address to route all network traffic sent to the data IP address to the specified replication IP address instead. This can be necessary if the target DXi is configured with different network interfaces (and therefore different IP addresses) for data and replication traffic (see <u>Network on page 302</u>).

Generally, OST traffic is routed to the data network segment. However, the OST Automatic Image Replication (AIR) and Concurrent Optimized Duplication features use the replication network segment to transmit data to the target system. (Optimized duplication can optionally use the replication channel.) When

a data IP address is mapped to a replication IP address, OST traffic that is sent to one of the IP addresses is routed to the other IP address as necessary.

Additional Information

- You must add target IP mapping information if you are performing optimized duplication on a segmented network and replication is not configured between the source DXi and target DXi.
- Quantum does not recommend mapping multiple data IP addresses to a single replication IP address. If you have mapped multiple data IP addresses and the routing is not working, try removing the additional data IP addresses, and map only a single data IP address.
- To switch from using the replication channel to the OST channel for optimized duplication, replication must be unconfigured.

To access the **Target IP Mapping** page, on the **OST** page, click the **Target IP Mapping** tab (see <u>Figure</u> <u>157 below</u>).

Figure 157: Target IP Mapping Page

Target IP Mapping 🞱		Help
Add Edit Delete Refresh		
Target Data IP 🔺	Target Replication IP	
I Target Replication IP : 10.0.0.2 (1 Item)	
10.	10.	

Tasks

Use the Target IP Mapping page to perform the following tasks:

- View information about mapped data and replication IP addresses (see <u>Target IP Mapping List on the</u> <u>next page</u>).
- Map a target data IP address to a replication IP address (see <u>Mapping a Target IP Address on the</u> <u>next page</u>).
- Edit the mapping for a target data IP address (see Editing a Mapped IP Address on page 263).
- Delete the mapping for a target data IP address (see Editing a Mapped IP Address on page 263).

Target IP Mapping List

The Target IP Mapping list displays the following information for all mapped IP addresses:

- Target Data IP The mapped target data IP address.
- Target Replication IP The replication IP address to which the data IP address is mapped.

By default, items in the list are grouped by target replication IP address. To turn off grouping, click the arrow to the right of a column heading and clear the **Show in groups** check box.

1 Note: To update the list with the latest information, click **Refresh**.

Mapping a Target IP Address

Add mapping for a target data IP address to route all network traffic sent to the address to the specified replication IP address instead.

To map a target IP address:

1. Click Add.

The Add Target Data IP Mapping window displays (see Figure 158 below).

Figure 158: Add Target Data IP Mapping

Add Target Data IP Mapping	
* Target Data IP * Target Replication IP * Required field	
Apply Cancel	

2. Enter information about the mapping:

Target Data IP	The target data IP address to map.
Target Replication IP	The replication IP address to map the data IP address to.

3. Click Apply.

Editing a Mapped IP Address

Edit a mapped IP address to route traffic sent to the target data IP address to a different replication IP address.

To edit a mapped IP address:

1. Select the mapped IP address and click Edit.

The Edit Target Data IP Mapping window displays (see Figure 159 below).

Figure 159: Edit Target Data IP Mapping

Edit Target Data IP Mapping		×
* Target Data IP	10.0.0.1	
* Target Replication IP	10.0.0.2	
* Required field		
Apply Cancel		

2. In the Target Replication IP box, enter the replication IP address to map the data IP address to.

(i) Note: If you are editing a mapped IP address, you cannot change the target data IP address.

3. Click Apply.

Deleting a Mapped IP Address

Delete a mapped IP address if traffic sent to the target data IP address no longer needs to be routed to a replication IP address

To delete a mapped IP address, select the IP address and click Delete.

1 Note: You can select multiple mapped IP addresses to delete at once.

Accent

Use the **Accent** page to enable or disable Accent. Quantum's Accent software accelerates backups and reduces network bandwidth requirements by distributing deduplication between the backup server and the DXi. OST data sent from the media server to the DXi4700 can be encrypted using AES (Advanced Encryption Standard) encryption methods.

To access the Accent page, on the OST page, click the Accent tab (see Figure 160 on the next page).

Figure 160: Accent Page



To configure Accent:

1. To enable Accent, select the Enable Deduplication with Accent check box.

To disable Accent, clear the Enable Deduplication with Accent check box.

2. Click Apply.

Additional Information

- Click the **Change Encryption Type** link to change the OST data encryption type (see <u>Data</u> <u>Encryption on page 336</u>).
- To use Accent, you must install the Quantum OST Client Plug-in on the media server. For information about installing the OST Plug-in and using Accent, see the *DXi-Series NetBackup and Backup Exec* OST Configuration Guide (6-67079).

Replication Configuration

The **Replication Configuration** page allows you to configure and manage replication targets and allowed replication sources on the DXi4700. A source *sends* replicated data to 1 or 2 targets, and a target *receives* replicated data from up to 10 sources. A DXi4700 can act as both a source and a target.

Additional Information

- For more information about data replication, or to perform data replication, see <u>Replication on page 129</u>.
- If the DXi is configured as a replication target *and* replication is performed across a public network, with the source and target located behind NAT-enabled routers, you *must* specify a NAT IP address for the DXi on the **Network** page (see <u>Configuring Interface IP Addresses on page 306</u>).

To access the **Replication Configuration** page, click the **Configuration** menu, and then click the **Replication** tab (see Figure 161 on the next page).

Figure 161: Replication Configuration Page

Targer DAIS DAIS a	llowed to receive repl	lication from this DXi				\$?
Add Edit Del	ete III Pause 🕨	Resume Throttling N	one			
Target	Status	Source IP	Encryption	Original Data Size	Actual Data Sent	Average Send Rate
or 10. 📀 📀 📀	Ready	10.	256-BIT	0.00 B	0.00 B	0.00 B/s
🥑 10.	Ready	10.	256-BIT	0.00 B	0.00 B	0.00 B/s
Source DXis DXis	allowed to replicate to	o this DXi				*
Add Delete	Maximum Snapshots	10 🗸				
	Maximum Snapshots	<u></u>	a Received	Avera	ge Receive Rate	
Source	Maximum Snapshots	<u></u>	a Received	0.00 B	ge Receive Rate	0.00 B/s
Add Delete Source Luna. gambit.	Maximum Snapshots	<u></u>	a Received		ge Receive Rate	0.00 B/s 0.00 B/s

Tasks

Use the Replication Configuration page to perform the following tasks:

- View information about configured replication target systems (see <u>Target DXis List below</u>).
- Add, edit, or delete a replication target (see <u>Adding a Replication Target on the next page, Editing a</u> <u>Replication Target on page 268</u>, or <u>Deleting a Replication Target on page 270</u>).
- Pause or resume replication to a target (see Pausing or Resuming Replication to a Target on page 270).
- Configure a constant replication throttle (see Enabling System Throttling on page 270).
- View information about allowed replication source systems (see Source DXis List on page 271).
- Add or delete an allowed replication source (see <u>Adding a Replication Source on page 272</u> or Deleting a Replication Source on page 273).
- Specify the maximum number of received snapshots to retain for each source (see <u>Changing the</u> <u>Maximum Number of Snapshots on page 273</u>).

Target DXis List

The **Target DXis** list displays the following information for each target DXi:

Target	The IP address of the target system that the DXi4700 is configured to send data to.
Status	The replication status of the DXi4700. For a detailed description of all possible replication statuses, see <u>Replication Overview on page 122</u> .
Source IP	The IP address that is used to uniquely identify the source DXi to the target.

Encryption	The type of encryption used when sending replicated data to the target system (None, 128-bit, 256-bit, or TLS with AES 256).
	Important Information
	• If TLS with AES 256 is selected, the factory installed certificates are inadequate for security. The factory installed certificates should be considered public domain and are provided only for convenience. You must install new certificates for secure encryption.
	 TLS with AES 256 must be enabled for this encryption option to appear (see <u>Data Encryption on page 336</u>).
Original Data Size	The original, native size of data sent during replication or failback. This value does not represent the amount of data actually sent over the network during replication or failback because data is deduplicated and compressed before being sent.
Actual Data Sent	The amount of data actually sent over the network during replication or failback. This value is usually much less than the Original Data Size due to the benefits of data deduplication and compression.
Average Send Rate	The average send rate (in B/s) of data sent over the network during replication or failback (Actual Data Sent divided by the amount of time required to complete replication or failback).

You can customize the appearance of the DXis list in the following ways:

- Click the top banner row of the list to collapse or expand the list.
- Click the arrow to the right of a column heading and select **Sort Ascending** or **Sort Descending** to sort the rows in the table by that column.
- To show or hide a column, click the arrow to the right of a column heading, and then click **Columns**. Select the check box to show a column, or clear the check box to hide a column.
- **Note:** The statistics in the **Target DXis** list are for each target DXi rather than a cumulative total for all targets as is displayed on the **Home** page.

Adding a Replication Target

Add a replication target to configure the DXi4700 to send replicated data to that target. You can add up to two targets. After you add a target, you can enable replication to that target for a NAS share or VTL partition. When replication is enabled for a share or partition, replicated data is sent to the target system during scheduled or manual replication.

Additional Information

- Before you can add a replication target, you must add the DXi to the list of allowed replication sources on the target DXi (see Adding a Replication Source on page 272).
- To add a new target when two targets are already configured, first delete one target (see <u>Deleting a</u> Replication Target on page 270). Then add the new target.
- For more information about enabling and scheduling replication for a share or partition, see Replication Send on page 136.

To add a replication target:

1. Under Target DXis, click Add.

The Add Target Host window displays (see Figure 162 below).

Figure 162: Add Target Host

Add Target Host	
* Target Hostname or IP	
Encryption	256-bit 💌
*Source IP	0.0.0.0
* Required field	
Apply Cancel	

2. In the **Target Hostname or IP** box, enter the hostname or IP address of the system that will receive the replicated data.

Additional Information

- When entering IP addresses, never use an address that is in a reserved IP address range. To see a list of reserved IP address ranges, click the quick tip icon [?] located near the IP address field.
- To use hostname format, you must specify at least one DNS IP address on the Network page (see <u>Network on page 302</u>).
- 3. In the **Encryption** drop-down box, select the type of encryption to use when sending replication data to the target system (**None**, **128-bit**, **256-bit**, or **TLS with AES 256**).

Important Information

 AES encryption options are available only if the Data-in-Flight license is installed (see <u>License</u> Keys on page 375).

- If **TLS with AES 256** is selected, the factory installed certificates are inadequate for security. The factory installed certificates should be considered public domain and are provided only for convenience. You must install new certificates for secure encryption.
- TLS with AES 256 must be enabled for this encryption option to appear (see <u>Data Encryption on</u> page 336).
- **Caution:** For encryption, select **None** or **128-bit** if you are sending data to a DXi running a system software version prior to DXi 2.1 Software.
- 4. In the **Source IP** box, enter the IP address that is used to uniquely identify the source DXi to the target. This may be different than the actual network IP address of the source DXi.

If the target system is at DXi 2.1 Software or higher, the **Source IP** field is not required. If the target system is at DXi 2.0.1.x Software or below, then you must enter the IP address by which the target system recognizes the source system. The default value is **0.0.0.0**.

Additional Information

- The **Source IP** field does not accept fully qualified domain names. You must enter a valid IP address. Make sure this IP address is configured in the allowable sources list on the target DXi.
- When configuring segmented network interfaces, if the source DXi replication, data, and management interfaces are on the same subnet, you must add a host route on the source DXi to make sure the replication interface is correctly selected when replicating data to the target DXi (see Understanding Interface Routing on page 310).
- 5. Click Apply.
- **Note:** The new target is not automatically added to existing replication schedules. You must add or edit scheduled events to schedule replication to the new target (see <u>Scheduler on page 276</u>).

Editing a Replication Target

Edit a replication target to change encryption options or the source IP address.

To edit a replication target:

- 1. Under Target DXis, select the target and click Pause to pause replication.
- 2. Select the target again and click Edit.

The Edit Target Host window displays (see Figure 163 on the next page).

(i) Note: If you are editing a target, you cannot change the **Target Hostname or IP**.

Figure 163: Edit Target Host

Edit Target Host		X
* Target Hostname or IP	10.40.165.181	?
Encryption	256-bit	
*Source IP	0.0.0.0	
* Required field		
*Target Hostname or IP Encryption *Source IP * Required field Apply Cancel		

3. In the **Encryption** drop-down box, select the type of encryption to use when sending replication data to the target system (**None**, **128-bit**, **256-bit**, or **TLS with AES 256**).

Important Information

- AES encryption options are available only if the Data-in-Flight license is installed (see <u>License</u> Keys on page 375).
- If **TLS with AES 256** is selected, the factory installed certificates are inadequate for security. The factory installed certificates should be considered public domain and are provided only for convenience. You must install new certificates for secure encryption.
- TLS with AES 256 must be enabled for this encryption option to appear (see <u>Data Encryption on</u> page 336).

Caution: For encryption, select **None** or **128-bit** if you are sending data to a DXi running a system software version prior to DXi 2.1 Software.

4. In the **Source IP Address** box, enter the IP address that is used to uniquely identify the source DXi to the target. This may be different than the actual network IP address of the source DXi.

If the target system is at DXi 2.1 Software or higher, the **Source IP Address** field is not required. If the target system is at DXi 2.0.1.x Software or below, then you must enter the IP address by which the target system recognizes the source system. The default value is **0.0.0.0**.

Additional Information

- The **Source IP Address** field does not accept fully qualified domain names. You must enter a valid IP address. Make sure this IP address is configured in the allowable sources list on the target DXi.
- When configuring segmented network interfaces, if the source DXi replication, data, and management interfaces are on the same subnet, you must add a host route on the source DXi to make sure the replication interface is correctly selected when replicating data to the target DXi (see Understanding Interface Routing on page 310).
- 5. Click **Apply**.

6. Under Target DXis, select the target and click Resume to pause replication.

Deleting a Replication Target

Delete a replication target if the DXi4700 no longer needs to send replicated data to that target. After the target system is deleted, the DXi4700 will no longer send replicated data to that system.

When a target is deleted:

- All replication jobs to that target that are in progress or queued will transition to failed.
- All replication job history for that combination of target and share or partition is removed.
- All share or partition will be reconfigured to no longer replicate to that target.

To delete a replication target:

- 1. Under Target DXis, select one or more targets to delete.
- 2. Click Pause to pause replication to the target.
- 3. Click Delete.
- **Note:** The deleted target is not automatically removed from existing replication schedules. You must edit scheduled events to remove the deleted target (see <u>Scheduler on page 276</u>).

Pausing or Resuming Replication to a Target

The source DXi controls the replication pause behavior.

- To pause replication, select a target under **Target DXis** and click **Pause**. The DXi temporarily stops sending replicated data to the selected target.
- To resume replication, select a target under **Target DXis** and click **Resume**. The DXi resumes sending replicated data to the selected target.

Additional Information

- If namespace replication is paused midway through a replication job, the job will fail.
- If namespace replication is paused before the replication job starts, the job will sit in the queue until replication is resumed. When resumed the job will start and replication will occur.
- Trigger replication can be paused midway through a replication job. When resumed the job will continue from where it was paused.

Enabling System Throttling

Enable system throttling to limit the network bandwidth used for replication to all targets. When a constant throttle is enabled, the DXi limits the amount of data it sends during source replication so that it does not exceed the specified bandwidth.

Additional Information

- If multiple targets are configured, replication to all targets counts against the same bandwidth limit.
- To vary the replication throttle rate over time, use the Configuration > Scheduler page (see <u>Scheduler on page 276</u>). Do not enable a constant throttle if a throttle schedule is configured. The scheduled replication throttling bandwidth settings take precedence over the constant throttle value. (The currently active replication throttle rate appears on the Home page under Current Activity.)

To enable system replication throttling:

1. Under Target DXis, click the box next to Throttling.

The Replication Throttle window displays (see Figure 164 below).

Figure 164: Replication Throttle

Replication Throttle	X
Replication Throttle should be used to configure a constant rate. If you desire a throttle rate which varies over time, use the Configuration Scheduler.	
Schedule Throttle Rates will overwrite this value.	
Enable system throttling	
*Throttle bandwidth volume	
(32 KB/s to 125 MB/s)	
* Required field	
Apply Cancel	

- 2. Select the **Enable system throttling** check box, or clear the check box to disable system throttling.
- 3. In the **Throttle** box, enter the maximum allowed bandwidth, and select the units you want to use to specify the constant throttle

(**KB/s** or **MB/s**). The lowest value you can set is 32 KB/s. The lowest value you can set is 32 KB/s. The highest value you can set is 125 MB/s for 1GbE and 500 MB/s for 10GbE.

4. Click **Apply**.

Caution: Do not set the maximum allowed bandwidth to a value that is lower than necessary. If the maximum allowed bandwidth is set to the lowest value, large replication jobs may fail.

Source DXis List

The **Source DXis** list displays the following information for each source DXi:

Source	The IP address of the source system that is allowed to send data to the DXi4700.
Actual Data Received	The amount of data actually received over the network during replication or failback.
Average Receive Rate	The average receive rate (in MB/s) of data received over the network during replication or failback (Actual Data Received divided by the amount of time required to complete replication or failback).

You can customize the appearance of the **Source DXis** list in the following ways:

- Click the top banner row of the list to collapse or expand the list.
- Click the arrow to the right of a column heading and select Sort Ascending or Sort Descending to sort the rows in the table by that column.
- To show or hide a column, click the arrow to the right of a column heading, and then click **Columns**. Select the check box to show a column, or clear the check box to hide a column.
- Note: The statistics in the Source DXis list are for each source DXi rather than a cumulative total for all sources as is displayed on the Home page.

Adding a Replication Source

Add a system to the list of replication sources to allow it to send replicated data to the DXi4700. You must add a source system to the list of allowed replication sources on the target DXi before you configure the source DXi to send replicated data to the target. The DXi can receive replicated data fromup to 10 sources.

Additional Information

- For more information about working with received snapshots, see <u>Receive NAS on page 145</u> or <u>Receive VTL on page 155</u>.
- It is typical for the target DXi to require additional disk space for replication data compared to the source DXi. This is because complete replication data is sent to the target before old data is deleted.
 For optimal performance, if the DXi is a replication target, Quantum recommends keeping the amount of free space at 20% or more (see Disk Usage on page 177).

To add a replication source:

1. Under Source DXis, click Add.

The Add Allowed Source window displays (see Figure 165 on the next page).

Figure 165: Add Allowed Source



- 2. In the **Source Hostname or IP** box, enter the hostname or IP address of the system that will send the replicated data to the DXi4700.
 - Note: To use hostname format, you must specify at least one DNS IP address on the Network page (see <u>Network on page 302</u>).
- 3. Click Apply.

Deleting a Replication Source

Delete a system from the list of replication sources if it will no longer send replicated data to the DXi4700. After the source system is deleted, the DXi4700 will no longer accept replicated data from that system.

To delete a replication source:

- 1. Under **Source DXis**, select one or more sources to delete.
- 2. Click Delete.
- **Note:** If a source DXi is deleted from the list, its contribution to the cumulative totals on the **Home** page are not removed until you clear **Receive** statistics (see <u>Replication Performance on page 167</u>).

Changing the Maximum Number of Snapshots

During scheduled or manual data replication, the DXi4700 receives a snapshot from the source system. A snapshot contains all of the data necessary to fully recover or failback a NAS share or VTL partition to the point in time when the snapshot was saved.

The DXi4700 can retain up to 32 snapshots for each replicated share or partition. Once the maximum number of snapshots have been saved, the oldest snapshot is deleted to make room for each new snapshot that is received.

To change the maximum number of received snapshots:

- Under **Source DXis**, in the **Maximum Snapshots** drop-down box, select the number of snapshots to retain for each replicated share or partition.
- The default value is 10. The maximum value is 32.

Note: Retaining more than the default number of snapshots will use additional disk space on the target DXi. This can cause the target DXi to fill up more quickly.

PTT Configuration

The **PTT** page allows you to configure the path to tape (PTT) feature of the DXi4700. There are two types of path to tape:

- Backup application specific path to tape allows you to move data from the DXi to physical tape cartridges in an attached physical tape library using an NDMP (Network Data Management Protocol) connection. The DXi supports NDMP V4.
- OST path to tape (also called Direct To Tape) allows you to use Veritas NetBackup to copy LSUs from a storage server on the DXi to a physical tape library.

Additional Information

- Path to tape is available only on the DXi4700 Multi-Protocol configuration.
- DXi4700 Multi-Protocol supports a maximum of three tape devices.
- For information about working with storage servers and LSUs, see OST Configuration on page 242.
- NDMP backup jobs can take longer or fail altogether if media and tape drives are not in optimal condition. Replace old media and clean the tape drives in the attached library.
- For detailed information about configuring and using OST path to tape, see the DXi-Series NetBackup and Backup Exec OST Configuration Guide (6-67079).

Best Practices Guides

The following DXi Best Practices Guides are available at www.quantum.com/DXi4700BPG:

- Backup Exec from Veritas
- Data Protector from HP
- Data Protection Manager from Microsoft
- NetBackup from Veritas
- NetWorker from EMC
- Simpana from CommVault
- Tivoli Storage Manager from IBM
- Veeam Backup and Replication

To access the PTT page, click the Configuration menu, and then click the PTT tab.

The **PTT** page contains the following tabs:

• Physical Device Discovery below

Physical Device Discovery

The **Physical Device Discovery** page allows you to discover attached physical tape libraries and tape drives. After you discover the libraries and drives, you can use them for path to tape data movement.

To access the **Physical Device Discovery** page, on the **PTT** page, click the **Physical Device Discovery** tab (see Figure 166 below).

Figure 166: Physical Device Discovery Page

sical Device Discov			÷		
scover/Configur	e Physical Libr	aries and Tape Dr	ives		Help
can Last scan tim	ne: 2016-08-29 9:	:03			
nable Disable					
erial Number	Vendor	Product ID	State		
nable Disable					
	Vendor	Product ID	State	Drive Type	
	Vendor	Product ID	State	Drive Type	
	Vendor	Product ID	State	Drive Type	
	Vendor	Product ID	State	Drive Type	
	Vendor	Product ID	State	Drive Type	
	Vendor	Product ID	State	Drive Type	
erial Number	Vendor	Product ID	State	Drive Type	
	Vendor	Product ID	State	Drive Type	

The **Physical Device Discovery** page displays the following information for all discovered physical libraries and tape drives:

Physical Library and Tape Drive Information	Description
Last scan time	The date and time a scan for attached libraries was last performed.
Serial Number	The serial number of the library or drive.
Vendor	The vendor of the library or drive.
Product ID	The product ID (name) of the library or drive.
State	The state of the library or drive (Enabled or Disabled).
Drive Type	(Tape drives only) The drive type of the drive.

Tasks

Use the Physical Device Discovery page to perform the following tasks:

- To discover an attached physical tape library and tape drives, click **Scan**. Attached physical libraries display in the list.
- To enable or disable a physical library, select it in the list, and then click **Enable** or **Disable**. (You can also right-click a library to enable or disable it.)
- To use a physical library, it must be enabled. If you enable or disable a library, all tape drives in the library are also enabled or disabled.
- To view the drives in an attached library, select the library in the list. All drives in the selected library display below.
- To enable or disable tape drives, select one or more drives in the list, and then click **Enable** or **Disable**. (You can also right-click a drive to enable or disable it.)

Note: To use a tape drive, it must be enabled. To enable a drive, the parent library must be enabled.

- To remove a physical library from the list, first disconnect the Fibre Channel cables that connect the library to the DXi4700, and then click **Scan**.
- To update the libraries or drives list with the latest information, click **Refresh**.

Scheduler

The **Scheduler** page allows you to manage scheduled events on the DXi4700, including replication and replication throttling, e-mail reports, healthchecks, and space reclamation. With schedules, you specify when certain events should occur, and the system automatically performs those events at the specified time. Events can be one-time only, or they can reoccur at defined intervals.

To access the Scheduler page, click the Configuration menu, and then click the Scheduler tab.

Chapter 9: Configuration Scheduler

Figure 167: Scheduler Page

Filter: search criteria	K Goto: (selec	t date	Now		🤣 Refresh	i 🛛 📧 Daily	🔲 Weekly 📃	Monthly 💽
Name	Week of 27 Jul							
Name	Mon 07/27	Tue 07/28	Wed 07/29	Thu 07/30	Fri 07/31	Sat 08/0	1 Sun 08/0)2
NAS Replication								
VTL Replication								
Replication Throttle								
🔁 Email Reports								
ပ္ပံ Healthchecks	6:0	6:0	6:0	6:0	6:0	6:0	6:0	
🗲 Space Reclamation	2:00	PM 2:	DOPM 2:	00PM	2:00PM	2 00PM	2:00PM	2:00PN

Tasks

Use the Scheduler page to perform the following tasks:

- View currently scheduled events (see Viewing Scheduled Events below).
- Add a new scheduled event or edit an existing event (see <u>Adding or Editing a Scheduled Event on the</u> <u>next page</u>).
- Configure NAS shares or VTL partitions for scheduled replication (see <u>Scheduling a Share or</u> Partition for Replication on page 280).
- Configure replication throttle events (see <u>Scheduling Replication Throttling on page 281</u>).
- Configure the DXi4700 to send status and configuration reports (see <u>Scheduling E-mail Reports on</u> page 282).
- Configure the DXi4700 to run healthchecks (see Scheduling Healthchecks on page 282).
- Configure the DXi4700 to run space reclamation (see Scheduling Space Reclamation on page 282).
- Specify when and how often an event reoccurs (see <u>Setting Recurrence for a Scheduled Event on page 283</u>).
- Remove an event occurrence or event series from the schedule (see <u>Deleting a Scheduled Event on</u> page 283).

Viewing Scheduled Events

The **Scheduler** page displays all replication, replication throttle, e-mail report, healthchecks, and space reclamation events scheduled to occur in a selected time period. To view scheduled replication events for

NAS shares or VTL partitions, click the arrow next to the folder to display all shares or partitions.

Tasks

Use the following toolbar controls to adjust the schedule view (see Figure 168 below):

- To show or hide all shares or partitions, click the plus [+] or minus [-] icons.
- To filter shares or partitions based on name, begin typing in the **Filter** box. Click the **x** to clear the filter.
- To view the schedule for a specific day, select it in the **Goto** pop-up calendar.
- To view the schedule for today, click **Now**.
- To update the schedule view with the latest data, click the Refresh icon.
- To move the view backward or forward in time, click the arrows.
- To change the number of days displayed at a time, click **Daily**, **Weekly**, or **Monthly**.
- **Note:** The thickness of the bars on the schedule view varies based on the type of event and the selected time frame. Healthcheck events have an estimated span of 6 hours. Space Reclamation events have an estimated span of 16 hours. All other open-ended events have a default span of 2 hours.

Figure 168: Scheduler Toolbar

🕒 🖯 Filter: Search criteria 🔍 Goto: Select date 🖪 🐩 Now 😤 Refresh 🛛 🗉 Daily 📰 Weekly 🚍 Monthly 💿

Adding or Editing a Scheduled Event

To add or edit a scheduled event:

 On the Scheduler page, adjust the schedule view to display the time period when the event will occur (see <u>Viewing Scheduled Events on the previous page</u>). Then do one of the following actions (see <u>Figure 169 on the next page</u>):

Add a New Event

- To add a new event, click and drag on the schedule in the row for the type of event to add. A new event is added where you dragged the cursor.
- To schedule replication for NAS shares or VTL partitions, click the arrow next to the folder to display all shares or partitions. Then click and drag in the row for the share or partition to schedule.
- The new event must begin after the current time, which is indicated by the dotted vertical line.

Edit an Existing Event

- To edit an existing event, double-click the event. If the event is recurring, select **Open this occurrence** to edit only the one instance of the event, or select **Open the series** to edit the entire recurring series, and then click **OK**.
- You cannot edit an event that occurred in the past.
- You can also right-click an existing event to see options for editing an event.

Figure 169: Adding a New Event

Scheduler								Не
🕒 🕢 Filter: search criteria	× Goto: select	date 9	Now		🔹 Refresh 🛛 🥶	Daily 🔲 ۱	Weekly 📑 Monthl	y 😥
Name				Week of 28 O	ct			
	Mon 10/28	Tue 10/29 We	d 10/30	Thu 10/31	Fri 11/01	Sat 11/02	Sun 11/03	
NAS Replication								
O Replication Throttle	10:00	New Replication Th	rottle Event	t				? ×
🚾 Email Reports		*Sta	t 10/28/20	13		10:00 AM		~
		"En	10/28/20	13		9:00 PM		~
Ut Healthchecks	6:0	Descriptio	descriptio	on of event				
📕 Space Reclamation	14:00							
		*Bandwidt	h bandwid	th volume			KB/s	
			Does no	******				
		Repeat	Dues no	trepeat				
		Apply	Cancel					

- 2. Define the start and, if applicable, the end of the event.
 - Specify the Start Date and Start Time using the pop-up calendar and drop-down box.
 - (Replication throttle events only) Specify the **End Date** and **End Time**. The end date and time must occur after the start date and time.

() Note: For a new event, you can click and drag to adjust the start and end time. For an existing event, you can drag the event to change when it occurs. You can also drag the left or right edge of the event to adjust the start or end time.

- 3. Enter a brief description of the event in the **Description** box. (This description will display on the schedule view.)
- 4. Specify options specific to the type of event. See the following sections:
 - Scheduling a Share or Partition for Replication on the next page
 - Scheduling Replication Throttling on page 281
 - Scheduling E-mail Reports on page 282

- Scheduling Healthchecks on page 282
- Scheduling Space Reclamation on page 282
- 5. (Required for healthchecks and space reclamation) Specify when and how often the event reoccurs (see Setting Recurrence for a Scheduled Event on page 283).
- 6. Click Apply.
- 7. Refresh the browser window to make sure the event settings are applied.
- **Caution:** When adding multiple events of the same type, make sure the events do not overlap. If two events of the same type overlap, the later event takes precedence over the earlier event.
- **Note:** After a system reboot, all open-ended events (for example, replication) will restart at their next scheduled time. Events with end times (for example, replication throttle) that are past their start time will have their end action occur.

Scheduling a Share or Partition for Replication

Configure a replication schedule for a NAS share or VTL partition to automatically replicate the share or partition data to the target system at regular intervals. Disable scheduled replication if you do not want to automatically replicate the share or partition data to the target.

Additional Information

- To schedule a share or partition for replication, you must first add one or more replication targets (see <u>Replication Configuration</u>). In addition, you must add one or more shares or partitions with deduplication enabled and at least one target selected (see <u>NAS Summary or Partitions</u>).
- Disabling replication for a share or partition, or deleting a share or partition, does not delete any scheduled replication events for that share or partition. If you no longer want to schedule the share or partition for replication, manually delete the schedule (see <u>Deleting a Scheduled Event on page 283</u>).

To configure a replication schedule for a share or partition:

- 1. On the **Scheduler** page, add or edit an event in the **NAS Replication** or **VTL Replication** row (see Adding or Editing a Scheduled Event on page 278).
- 2. In the Share or Partition drop-down box, select the share or partition to schedule for replication.

Only shares or partitions that are enabled for deduplication appear in the drop-down box.

1 Note: Scheduling a share or partition that has replication disabled will automatically enable replication.

- 3. In the Target drop-down box, select the replication target you want to replicate the share or partition to.
- 4. Click OK.
- 5. (Optional) Specify when and how often the event reoccurs (see <u>Setting Recurrence for a Scheduled</u> Event on page 283).

6. Click Apply.

Scheduling Replication Throttling

During replication throttling, the DXi4700 limits the amount of source replication data it sends to not exceed a specified maximum bandwidth. Schedule replication throttling to control the amount of network bandwidth used by source replication at certain times. For example, you might configure replication throttling to occur during planned backup times to avoid network contention.

Note: For more information about configuring the DXi4700 for replication, see <u>About the Replication</u> Page.

To schedule replication throttling:

- 1. On the **Scheduler** page, add or edit an event in the **Replication Throttle** row (see <u>Adding or Editing a</u> <u>Scheduled Event on page 278</u>).
- 2. Specify the maximum allowed bandwidth by entering a value in the **Bandwidth** box and selecting the units in the drop-down box (**KB**/s or **MB**/s). The lowest value you can set is 32 KB/s. The highest value you can set is 125 MB/s for 1 GbE and 500 MB/s for 10 GbE.

Caution: Do not set the maximum allowed bandwidth to a value that is lower than necessary. If the maximum allowed bandwidth is set to the lowest value, large replication jobs may fail.

During the replication throttle event, the DXi will limit the amount of data it sends during source replication so that it does not exceed the specified bandwidth. After the replication throttle event ends, the DXi will no longer throttle the sending of source replication data (until the next replication throttle event occurs).

Do *not* configure a throttle schedule if a constant throttle is enabled (see). The scheduled replication throttling bandwidth settings take precedence over the constant throttle value. (The currently active replication throttle rate appears on the **Home** page under **Current Activity**.)

- 3. (Optional) Specify when and how often the event reoccurs (see <u>Setting Recurrence for a Scheduled</u> <u>Event on page 283</u>).
- 4. Click Apply.

About Replication Throttling Statistics

Keep in mind the following information when observing actual network bandwidth usage during a replication throttle event:

- During a replication throttle event, only outgoing replication data traffic is throttled, not other outgoing traffic. Because of this, you may observe network usage to be higher than the specified maximum bandwidth. Differences in the sampling time period may also cause discrepancies between the specified maximum bandwidth and observed traffic.
- If the DXi is configured to use a bonded network interface for replication traffic, load balancing is determined independently by the bonding mode selected for the interface (see <u>Network</u>). Because of this, you may need to sum the values for all slave devices in the bonded interface to calculate the overall outgoing traffic rate.

• The replication throttle bandwidth maximum is specified in KB/s or MB/s, so depending on the statistic or report you are observing, you may need to convert the bandwidth maximum to Kb/s or Mb/s in order to correctly compare it to the observed values.

Scheduling E-mail Reports

The DXi4700 can automatically generate a report with system status data or with configuration data and send it to all configured e-mail recipients.

Note: To enable the DXi4700 to send e-mail, you must specify an outgoing e-mail server (see <u>Server</u>). In addition, you must specify one or more recipients (see <u>Email ReportsEmail</u>).

To configure a schedule for e-mail reports:

- 1. On the **Scheduler** page, add or edit an event in the **Email Reports** row (see <u>Adding or Editing a</u> <u>Scheduled Event on page 278</u>).
- 2. In the **Report Type** drop-down box, select the type of e-mail report to schedule (**Status** or **Configuration**).
- 3. (Optional) Specify when and how often the event reoccurs (see <u>Setting Recurrence for a Scheduled</u> Event on the next page).
- 4. Click Apply.

Scheduling Healthchecks

During healthchecks, the DXi4700 performs tests to verify the health and integrity of the data deduplication blockpool. Schedule healthchecks regularly to make sure the system is healthy and operating correctly. When you schedule healthchecks, only the healthchecks that are currently enabled are run.

1 Note: For more information about enabling healthchecks, see <u>Healthchecks</u>.

To configure a schedule for healthchecks:

- 1. On the Scheduler page, add or edit an event in the Healthchecks row (see Scheduler on page 276).
- 2. Specify when and how often the event reoccurs (see Scheduler on page 276).

Caution: For correct system operation, healthchecks *must* be run at regular intervals (at least once a week). You can schedule healthchecks to occur daily or weekly but not monthly or yearly. Also, recurrence is required.

3. Click **Apply**.

Scheduling Space Reclamation

During space reclamation, the DXi4700 deletes unneeded tags from the blockpool to free up disk space. Schedule space reclamation regularly to make sure there is enough disk space to store data.

Caution: Because space reclamation can affect system performance, avoid running space reclamation during known backup periods.

1 Note: For more information about space reclamation, see <u>Space Reclamation</u>.

To configure a schedule for space reclamation:

- 1. On the **Scheduler** page, add or edit an event in the **Space Reclamation** row (see <u>Scheduler on page 276</u>).
- 2. Specify when and how often the event reoccurs (see <u>Scheduler on page 276</u>).

Caution: For correct system operation, space reclamation *must* be run at regular intervals (at least once a week). You can schedule space reclamation to occur daily or weekly but not monthly or yearly. Also, recurrence is required.

3. Click Apply.

Setting Recurrence for a Scheduled Event

To specify when and how often the event reoccurs:

- 1. On the Scheduler page, add or edit an event (see Scheduler on page 276).
- 2. In the **Repeats** drop-down box, select **Does not repeat** to disable recurrence. Or to enable recurrence, select how often the event reoccurs:

1 Note: Healthchecks and space reclamation must occur at least every seven days or once a week.

 Daily
 Specify the recurrence interval in days.

Weekly Specify the recurrence interval in weeks, and select the days the event occurs on.

3. For recurring events, specify how long the recurrence continues (forever, for a certain number of occurrences, or **until** a specific date).

1 Note: For healthchecks and space reclamation, recurrence is always forever.

4. Click **Apply**.

Deleting a Scheduled Event

To delete an event occurrence or event series.

- 1. On the **Scheduler** page, right-click an event.
- 2. On the pop-up menu, select an option:
 - Delete this occurrence Remove the selected occurrence in an event series from the schedule.
 - Delete all occurrences Remove the entire event series from the schedule.

The event or series is deleted from the schedule and will no longer occur.

Notifications

The **Notifications** page allows you to manage the methods the DXi4700 uses to send notifications. The DXi4700 can send notifications by e-mail, or using SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol).

To access the Notifications page, click the Configuration menu, and then click the Notifications tab.

The Notifications page contains the following tabs:

- Email below
- SNMP on page 292

Email

The **Email** page allows you to specify the recipients to notify by e-mail when administration alerts or service tickets occur. You can specify e-mail recipients, notification levels, and information about your e-mail configuration. You can also configure the DXi4700 to generate and send configuration and status reports.

In the second second

To access the Email page, on the Notifications page, click the Email tab.

The Email page contains the following tabs:

Recipients

The **Recipients** page allows you to manage the e-mail recipients the DXi4700 sends notifications to. You can add, edit, and delete e-mail recipients, and you can specify the types of notifications to send.

Note: To enable the DXi4700 to send e-mail, you must specify an outgoing e-mail server (see <u>Email</u> <u>above</u>).

To access the **Recipients** page, on the **Email** page, click the **Recipients** tab (see <u>Figure 170 on the next</u> page).

Figure 170: Recipients Page

	ail Recipie	nt List		
	Name	Email Address	Notification Type	Notification Status
	DXi4700	techsup@quantum.com	All	Enabled
C	Add	Edit	Delete	

Tasks

Use the Recipients page to perform the following tasks:

- View information about e-mail recipients (see Email Recipient List below).
- Add an e-mail recipient (see Adding an E-mail Recipient below).
- Edit an e-mail recipient (see Editing an E-mail Recipient on page 287).
- Delete an e-mail recipient (see Deleting an E-mail Recipient on page 288).

Email Recipient List

The Email Recipient List displays the following information about e-mail recipients:

Name	The name of the recipient.
Email Address	The e-mail address of the recipient.
Notification Type	The types of notifications sent to the recipient (High, High and Medium, or AII).
Notification Status	The status of e-mail notifications for the recipient (Enabled or Disabled).

Adding an E-mail Recipient

Add an e-mail recipient to send notifications about administration alerts or service tickets to the recipient by e-mail.

To add an e-mail recipient:

1. Click Add.

The Add Email Recipient page displays (see Figure 171 below).

Figure 171: Add Email Recipient Page

Add Email Recipient		Help
Add Email Recipient ?		
* Name		
* Email Address		
Notification Type	High	
Enable notification		
* Required Field		
Apply	Reset Cancel	

2. Enter information about the recipient:

Name	The name of the recipient.
Email Address	The e-mail address of the recipient.
Notification Type	Select the types of notifications to send to the recipient:
	Notification Type
	High - Send e-mail notifications for High service tickets.
	High service tickets indicate that a critical problem has occurred and needs to be resolved immediately. The operation and performance of the DXi4700 are degraded, and there is a risk of system failure or data loss.
	 High and Medium - Send e-mail notifications for High and Medium service tickets.
	Medium service tickets indicate that a serious problem occurred and needs to be resolved, but it does not necessarily need to be fixed immediately. The operation and performance of the DXi4700 may be degraded.
	• All - Send e-mail notifications for High, Middle, and Low service tickets, as well as any administration alerts.
	Low service tickets indicate that a minor problem occurred and needs to be resolved, but the operation and performance of the DXi4700 are not significantly affected.

3. Select the **Enable notification** check box to enable sending of notifications to the recipient.

Or clear the **Enable notification** check box to disable sending of notifications to the recipient.

4. Click Apply.

Editing an E-mail Recipient

Edit an e-mail recipient to change the recipient's e-mail address or the types of notifications sent to the recipient. You can also enable or disable sending of notifications to the recipient.

To edit an e-mail recipient:

1. Click Edit.

The Edit Email Recipient page displays (see Figure 172 below).

Figure 172: Edit Email Recipient Page

Edit Email Recipient		Help
Edit Email Recipient ?		
Name	DXi4700	
* Email Address	techsup@quantum.com	
Notification Type	All	
Enable notification		
* Required Field		
Apply	Reset Cancel	

2. Enter information about the recipient:

() Note: If you are editing an e-mail recipient, you cannot change the **Name**.

 Name
 (Optional) Select a different e-mail recipient to edit.

 Email Address
 The e-mail address of the recipient.

Notification Type	Select the types of notifications to send to the recipient:
	Notification Type
	High - Send e-mail notifications for High service tickets.
	High service tickets indicate that a critical problem has occurred and needs to be resolved immediately. The operation and performance of the DXi4700 are degraded, and there is a risk of system failure or data loss.
	 High and Medium - Send e-mail notifications for High and Medium service tickets
	.Medium service tickets indicate that a serious problem occurred and needs t be resolved, but it does not necessarily need to be fixed immediately. The operation and performance of the DXi4700 may be degraded.
	 All - Send e-mail notifications for High, Middle, and Low service tickets, as well as any administration alerts.
	Low service tickets indicate that a minor problem occurred and needs to be resolved, but the operation and performance of the DXi4700 are not significantly affected.

3. Select the **Enable notification** check box to enable sending of notifications to the recipient.

Or clear the **Enable notification** check box to disable sending of notifications to the recipient.

4. Click Apply.

Deleting an E-mail Recipient

Delete an e-mail recipient if you no longer want the DXi4700 to send e-mail notifications to the recipient.

To delete an e-mail recipient, select the recipient and click Delete.

1 Note: You can select multiple recipients to delete at once.

Server

The **Server** page allows you to specify the server for outgoing e-mail. The DXi4700 cannot send e-mail notifications until you specify the outgoing e-mail server.

To access the Server page, on the Email page, click the Server tab (see Figure 173 on the next page).
Figure 173: Server Page

Outgoing Email Server	Help
No email server has been configured.	
Hostname or IP Address	
From Email Address	
Enable Admin Alerts about Email Server not configured.	
Note: To help maintain system integrity. Quantum regularly collects system information through automatic emails. These emails contain configuration and status information only, and do not contain any customer data stored on the system.	
Enable automatic status and configuration emails to Quantum.	
Apply Delete Reset	

To specify the outgoing e-mail server:

1. In the **Hostname or IP Address** box, enter the hostname or IP address of the outgoing e-mail server.

Additional Information

- When entering IP addresses, never use an address that is in a reserved IP address range. To see a list of reserved IP address ranges, click the quick tip icon [?] located near the IP address field.
- To use hostname format, you must specify at least one DNS IP address on the Network page (see Network on page 302).
- 2. In the **From Email Address** box, enter the return e-mail address displayed in e-mails sent by the DXi4700.

Specify a return address that lets you easily identify the system that generated the e-mail (for example, systemname@any-domain.com). The return address must contain an @ symbol and a valid domain name, including a period.

- 3. (Optional) Select the **Enable Admin Alerts about Email Server not configured** check box to have system generate administration alerts to notify you if an e-mail server is not configured.
- 4. (Recommended) Select the **Enable automatic emails to Quantum** check box to periodically send system configuration and status information to Quantum, including any software upgrades you have installed using the **Software Upgrade Utility**. Quantum Support can use this information to provide a better support experience in the future.

Note: Automatic e-mails contain configuration and status information only, and do not contain any customer data stored on the system.

5. Click **Apply**.

Test

The **Email Test** page allows you to send a test e-mail to verify that e-mail notifications are correctly configured on the DXi4700.

To access the Email Test page, on the Email page, click the Test tab (see Figure 174 below).

Figure 174: Email Test Page

Send Test Email					Help
Name Name	Email Address	Notification Type	Notification Status		
DXi4700	techsup@quantum.com	All	Disabled		
Send	Reset				
send	Reset			J	
				,	

To send a test e-mail, select a recipient in the list and click **Send**. If the recipient does not receive the e-mail, make sure that the recipient's e-mail address is correct (see Editing an E-mail Recipient on page 287). Also make sure that the outgoing e-mail server is correct (see Server on page 288).

Email Reports

The **Email Reports** page allows you to specify the e-mail recipients for automatically generated reports. You can also generate reports on demand.

The system can generate a report with system status data or with configuration data. Each report also includes the system serial number, date and time, and a message that informs the recipient that the e-mail is automated and they should not respond to it.

Note: To enable the DXi4700 to send e-mail, you must specify an outgoing e-mail server (see <u>Server</u> on page 288).

To access the Email Reports page, on the Email page, click the Email Reports tab.

The Email Reports page contains the following tabs:

Recipients

The **Recipients** page allows you to specify the e-mail recipients who will receive all scheduled status data and configuration data reports.

Note: To configure the schedule when e-mail reports are sent, use the Configuration > Scheduler page (see <u>Scheduling E-mail Reports on page 282</u>).

To access the **Recipients** page, on the **Email Reports** page, click the **Recipients** tab (see <u>Figure 175</u> <u>below</u>).

Figure 175: Recipients Page

Email Reports Recipients	Help
Recipient 1 DXiLogger.ScriptData@quantum.com Recipient 2	

Enter the e-mail addresses of up to four recipients in the boxes, and then click **Apply**. When the DXi generates scheduled e-mail reports, they will be sent to the specified addresses.

On Demand

The **On Demand** page allows you to manually generate a status data or configuration data report. The report is immediately sent to the specified e-mail recipient. You can also view configuration data.

To access the **On Demand** page, on the **Email Reports** page, click the **On Demand** tab (see <u>Figure 176</u> <u>below</u>).

Figure 176: On Demand Page

Email Home On Demand	Help
Email Type Status data	
Configuration data Send To (optional)	
Send Reset View	

Tasks

Use the **On Demand** page to perform the following tasks:

Manually send a status data or configuration data report (see Sending a Report below).

View a configuration data report (see Viewing Configuration Data on the next page).

Sending a Report

To manually send a status data or configuration data report:

- 1. Under Email Type, select the type of report to send (Status data or Configuration data).
- 2. In the Send To box, enter the e-mail address of the recipient.
- 3. Click Send.

Viewing Configuration Data

To view a configuration data report:

- 1. Under Email Type, select Configuration data.
- 2. Click View.

The System Configuration Report window displays.

3. (Optional) Click Save to save a local copy of the report in TXT format.

SNMP

The **SNMP** page allows you to configure the DXi4700 to send status messages using SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol). The DXi4700 supports SNMP v1 and v2c.

SNMP works by sending messages, called protocol data units (PDUs), to different parts of a network, or communities. SNMP compliant devices, called agents, store data about themselves in Management Information Bases (MIBs) and return this data to the SNMP requesters.

You can configure the DXi4700 to act as an agent and send traps to a specified destination. You can also add SNMP community information.

To access a copy of the SNMP MIB file, see SNMP MIB File).

To access the SNMP page, on the Notifications page, click the SNMP tab.

The **SNMP** page contains the following tabs:

- Destinations below
- Community on page 296
- Test on page 301

Destinations

The **Destinations** page allows you to manage the destinations the DXi4700 sends SNMP traps to. You can add, edit, and delete SNMP destinations, and you can specify the types of traps to send.

To access the **Destinations** page, on the **SNMP** page, click the **Destinations** tab (see Figure 177 on the next page).

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Figure 177: Destinations Page

ap Destii	nation List		
	IP Address	Name	Selected Traps
10.1.1.1		public	
Add	Edit	Delete]
_			

Tasks

Use the **Destinations** page to perform the following tasks:

- View information about SNMP destinations (see Trap Destination List below).
- Add an SNMP destination (see Adding a Destination below).
- Edit an SNMP destination (see Editing a Destination on page 295).
- Delete an SNMP destination (see <u>Deleting a Destination on page 296</u>).

Trap Destination List

The Trap Destination List displays the following information about SNMP destinations:

IP Address	The IP address of the destination.	
Name	The name of the destination.	
Selected Traps	The traps the DXi4700 sends to the destination (Failure , Warning , Informational , Available , or Unavailable).	

Adding a Destination

Add an SNMP destination to send traps from the DXi4700 to the destination.

1 Note: You can add up to 5 destinations.

To add a destination:

1. Click Add.

The Add Trap Destination page displays (see Figure 178 on the next page).

Figure 178: Add Trap Destination Page

Add Tra	ap Destination	
Add Tra	ap Destination ?	
* IP Add	dress	
* Name	» (public
Selecte	ed Traps	
F	Failure	
🗆 V	Warning	
	Informational	
	Available	
E L	Unavailable	
* Requi	ired Field	
A		Reset Cancel
	·····)(

2. Enter information about the destination:

	Additional Information
	• When entering IP addresses, never use an address that is in a reserved IP address range. To see a list of reserved IP address ranges, click the quick tip icon [?] located near the IP address field.
	 To use hostname format, you must specify at least one DNS IP address on the Network page (see <u>Network on page 302</u>).
Name	Network page (see <u>Network on page 302</u>).

3. Select one or more traps to send to the destination:

Failure	Sends failure traps.
Warning	Sends warning traps.
Informational	Sends informational traps.
Available	Sends a trap when the system transitions from an unavailable to an available state.
Unavailable	Sends a trap when the system transitions from an available to an unavailable state.

4. Click Apply.

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Editing a Destination

Edit an SNMP destination to change the name of the destination or the types of traps the DXi4700 sends to the destination.

To edit a destination:

1. Click Edit.

The Edit Trap Destination page displays (see Figure 179 below).

Figure 179: Edit Trap Destination Page

Edit Trap Destination	n	Help
IP Address	10.1.1.1	
* Name	(public	
Selected Traps		
E Failure		
Warning		
Informational		
Available		
Unavailable		
* Required Field		
Apply	Reset Cancel	

2. Enter information about the destination:

1 Note: If you are editing a destination, you cannot change the IP Address.

IP Address	(Optional) Select a different destination to edit.
Name	Enter the name of the destination.

3. Select one or more traps to send to the destination:

Failure	Sends failure traps.
Warning	Sends warning traps.
Informational	Sends informational traps.
Available	Sends a trap when the system transitions from an unavailable to an available state.
Unavailable	Sends a trap when the system transitions from an available to an unavailable state.

4. Click Apply.

Deleting a Destination

Delete an SNMP destination if you no longer want the DXi4700 to send traps to the destination.

To delete a destination, select the destination and click **Delete**.

i Note: You can select multiple destinations to delete at once.

Community

The **Community** page allows you to manage SNMP community information for the DXi4700. You can add, edit, and delete communities, and you can specify the community access type.

To access the Community page, on the SNMP page, click the Community tab (see Figure 180 below).

Figure 180: Community Page

NM	P Communit	y List			
	Name	IP Address	Network Mask	Access Type	Community Status
	Community1	10.40.0.0	255.255.0.0	Get	Enabled
	Add	Ed	it	Delete)
					,

Tasks

Use the **Community** page to perform the following tasks:

- View information about SNMP communities (see <u>SNMP Community List below</u>).
- Add an SNMP community (see Adding a Community below).
- Edit an SNMP community (see Editing a Community on page 299).
- Delete an SNMP community (see <u>Deleting a Community on page 300</u>).

SNMP Community List

The SNMP Community List displays the following information about SNMP communities:

Name	The name of the community.
IP Address	The IP address of the community.
Network Mask	The network mask of the community.
Access Type	The access type of the community (Get or Get/Set).
Community Status	The status of the community (Enabled or Disabled).

Adding a Community

Add an SNMP community to include the DXi4700 in a group of devices that are monitored by a common management station.

1 Note: If no communities are defined, the SNMP agent is not accessible.

To add a community:

1. Click Add.

The Add SNMP Community page displays (see Figure 181 on the next page).

Figure 181: Add SNMP Community Page

Add SNMP Commun	nity	
* Name		
* IP Address		
* Network Mask		
Access Type	Get	-
Community status	3	
* Required Field		
Apply	Reset	ancel

2. In the **Name** box, enter a unique **Name** for the community (up to 20 characters).

Valid characters are letters, numbers, hyphens, and underscores.

3. Enter a valid IP Address and Network Mask pair.

A pair is valid if performing a logical bitwise **AND** operation on the IP address and the network mask results in the IP address. See the table below for examples:

IP Address / Network Mask	Result
10.40.166.87	Allows access only from 10.40.166.87
255.255.255.255	
10.40.166.87	Allows access only from 10.40.166.87
10.40.166.87	
10.40.166.87	Invalid because the logical bitwise operation (address AND mask) is
10.40.166.0	not equal to the address
10.40.166.87	Invalid because the logical bitwise operation (address AND mask) is
255.255.0.0	not equal to the address
10.40.0.0	Allows access from any client with address 10.40.xx.xx
255.255.0.0	

Additional Information

 If you define a single community and set both the IP address and network mask to 0.0.0.0 (or leave both blank), then IP address-based access control is disabled. In this case, the SNMP agent is accessible from any IP address.

- When entering IP addresses, never use an address that is in a reserved IP address range. To see a list of reserved IP address ranges, click the quick tip icon [?] located near the IP address field.
- 4. In the Access Type drop-down box, select the access type for the community:

Get	Allows SNMP get operations.
Get/Set	Allows both SNMP get and put operations.

5. Select the Community status check box to enable the community.

Or clear the **Community status** check box to disable the community.

6. Click Apply.

Editing a Community

Edit an SNMP community to change the IP address or access type for the community. You can also enable or disable the community.

To edit a community:

1. Click Edit.

The Edit SNMP Community page displays (see Figure 182 below).

Figure 182: Edit SNMP Community Page

Edit SNMP Comm	unity	
Name	Community1	-
* IP Address	10.40.0.0	?
* Network Mask	255.255.0.0	
Access Type	Get	•
Community stat	tus	
* Required Field		
Apply	Reset Cance	el

- 2. (Optional) In the Name box, select a different community to edit.
- 3. Enter a valid IP Address and Network Mask pair.

A pair is valid if performing a logical bitwise **AND** operation on the IP address and the network mask results in the IP address. See the table below for examples:

IP Address / Network Mask	Result
10.40.166.87	Allows access only from 10.40.166.87
255.255.255.255	
10.40.166.87	Allows access only from 10.40.166.87
10.40.166.87	
10.40.166.87	Invalid because the logical bitwise operation (address AND mask)
10.40.166.0	is not equal to the address
10.40.166.87	Invalid because the logical bitwise operation (address AND mask)
255.255.0.0	is not equal to the address
10.40.0.0	Allows access from any client with address 10.40.xx.xx
255.255.0.0	

Additional Information

- If you define a single community and set both the IP address and network mask to 0.0.0.0 (or leave both blank), then IP address-based access control is disabled. In this case, the SNMP agent is accessible from any IP address.
- When entering IP addresses, never use an address that is in a reserved IP address range. To see a list of reserved IP address ranges, click the quick tip icon [?] located near the IP address field.
- 4. In the Access Type drop-down box, select the access type for the community:

Get	Allows SNMP get operations.
Get/Set	Allows both SNMP get and put operations.

5. Select the Community status check box to enable the community.

Or clear the **Community status** check box to disable the community.

6. Click Apply.

Deleting a Community

Delete an SNMP community if you no longer want the DXi4700 to belong to a group of devices that are monitored by a common management station.

To delete a community, select the community and click **Delete**.

1 Note: You can select multiple communities to delete at once

Test

The **SNMP Test** page allows you to send a test SNMP trap to verify that SNMP is correctly configured on the DXi4700.

To access the SNMP Test page, on the SNMP page, click the Test tab (see Figure 183 below).

Figure 183: SNMP Test Page

IP Address Name Selected Traps 10.1.1.1 public	Send Test Ti	rap		
		DAddroop	Namo	Selected Trans
		PAddress		Selected fraps

To send a test SNMP trap, select a destination in the list and click **Send**. If the destination does not receive the SNMP trap, make sure that the destination IP address is correct (see <u>Editing a Destination on</u> page 295). Also make sure that the community information is correct (see <u>Community on page 296</u>).

System

The **System** page allows you to configure system settings for the DXi4700, including network settings, system date and time, and security settings.

To access the System page, click the Configuration menu, and then click the System tab.

The System page contains the following tabs:

- Network on the next page
- Date & Time on page 313
- Security on page 315
- Manage Users on page 344
- Client Plug-Ins on page 347
- App Environment on page 349
- Redirect Logging on page 359
- FC Initiators and Targets on page 360

Network

The **Network** page allows you to view and change network configuration information for the DXi4700. The DXi4700 uses this information to connect to the network.

Network configuration information is entered during initial setup DXi4700. You should consult your network administrator before making any changes to the network settings.

Caution: Changing the network configuration requires a system reboot to allow all system services to function correctly. Changing the network configuration requires a system reboot immediately after the changes are applied.

Additional Information

Rebooting the system can take several minutes. After the new network configuration is saved, close your Web browser and wait 15 minutes before logging in again. If you change the IP address that you use to log in to the system, you will temporarily lose your connection to the remote management console. Because of this, you might not see a confirmation page informing you that the new settings have been saved.

To access the Network page, click the Network tab on the System page.

Configuring the Network

Using the **Network** page, each physical Ethernet port in the DXi can be configured as a separate device. In addition, you can create bonded devices (logical ports) consisting of two or more physical ports of the same link speed (1GbE or 10GbE). For each port or device, you can specify the MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit) frame size.

After you define devices (single port or bonded), you can create up to ten network interfaces for each device. Each interface has its own IP address information. In addition, you can configure the following options for each interface:

- Assign the interface to a VLAN (Virtual Local Area Network).
- Indicate whether the interface IP address will be used to externally identify the system (external host IP address).
- Specify the types of traffic allowed on the interface (management, replication, or data).
- Specify the NAT address that the interface is mapped to if it is used for replication through a NAT firewall.
- Add routing information for an interface to enable connectivity with devices on different subnets.
- Note: You can choose to allow any traffic type (management, replication, or data) on an interface. In this case, the routing of different traffic types, as well as firewall capability, must be controlled using the network infrastructure (routers and switches) that the DXi is connected to.

Configuring the network includes the following major steps:

Note: Before configuring the network, work with your network administrator to determine the network settings that will be required to properly integrate the DXi4700 with your company's network.

Configuring General Network Settings

Under **General**, enter the following network information as provided by your network administrator (see Figure 184 below):

Figure 184: Network Page: General

General ?				
*Hostname	CrystalBlue			
Default Gateway		Primary DNS IP Address)?
DNS Suffix Search List ?	guartum-siga com	Secondary DNS IP Address		ļ
	.::	Tertiary DNS IP Address		J
Note: Domain Suffix Sea	ch List and DNS IP addresses cannot be changed while the DXi is joined	to a Windows domain. To disjoin from the domain, go to the Window	vs Domain page.	
* Required Field				

Additional Information

- When entering IP addresses, never use an address that is in a reserved IP address range. To see a list of reserved IP address ranges, click the quick tip icon [?] located near the IP address field.
- The DNS Suffix Search List and DNS IP Addresses cannot be modified if the DXi4700 is currently joined to a Windows domain. To disjoin a Windows domain, see .

Hostname	The hostname of the DXi4700.			
	The Hostname cannot be blank and must contain only letters [A–Z, a–z], numbers [0–9], and hyphens [-].			
Default Gateway	The default gateway IP address.			
	Specifying a default gateway is optional if all access is local to a particular subnet. For example, if the DXi4700 and all of its clients are on the same subnet, you do not need to specify a default gateway.			
	Caution: Specifying a default gateway is required to enable connectivity with all subnets other than those that the DXi4700 is directly connected to. For example, if the DXi4700 and its clients are on different subnets, or you are using an external NTP server, you must specify a default gateway.			

DNS Suffix Search List	(Optional) The domain list to search when resolving domain names.
	The list may be either a single domain name or a comma-separated list of up to 6 domain names. The first domain name listed is used as the local domain. Domain names must contain only letters [A–Z, a–z], numbers [0– 9], dots [.], and hyphens [-].
Primary, Secondary, and Tertiary DNS IP Address	(Optional) The IP addresses of up to three DNS servers used to resolve domain names and translate them into IP addresses.
	Note: You must specify a DNS IP address if you plan to use hostname format when configuring an NTP time server, outgoing e-mail server, replication sources and targets, and other information.

Configuring Bonding Details

Under IP Address Configuration > Bonding Details, configure bonded devices (see Figure 185 below):

Figure 185: Network Page: Bonding Details



- 1. If necessary, click the **Show** link to show the bonding details table.
- 2. For each available bonded device (**bond0**, **bond1**, and so on), select two or more Ethernet ports with the same link speed to assign to the bond. Or select **Not Bonded** to leave a port unassigned to any bond.

If no ports are assigned to a bond, the bond cannot be configured. That is, settings cannot be entered for the bond in the **Interface Details** or **IP Address** tables because no Ethernet ports are assigned to the device.

All ports assigned to the same device are bonded together into a single logical port. For example, if you select **bond0** for port **eth0** and port **eth1**, both ports are bonded together in the **bond0** device. A bonded device can contain two or more ports.

All ports associated with a bond must have the same link speed (1GbE or 10GbE).

3. For each bonded device, specify the bonding mode:

Note: To maintain network connectivity, the switch connected to the DXi4700 must be configured to use the same bonding mode. The best time to change the bonding mode on the switch is during the next reboot of your system, after saving the new network settings. Changing the bonding mode on the switch before saving these settings and rebooting may result in the loss of network connectivity to the system.

Bonding Mode	Description				
Round Robin (Mode 0)	This option sends Ethernet frames using the bonded Ethernet ports with a valid MII link. Frames are sent in a round-robin fashion, starting with the first slave device and then the rest of the devices. This only applies to the traffic sent from the DXi4700. The Ethernet switch needs to aggregate the ports, so the connected ports are treated as a logical port. The DXi frame reception is completely dependent on the transmission algorithm of the Ethernet switch. The bonding mechanism does not balance the frame reception.				
LACP (Mode 4)	This option (Link Aggregation Control Protocol) is based on the 802.3ad IEEE standard for aggregating Ethernet ports. If the bonding algorithm is set to LACP, the Ethernet switch ports must be configured in a 802.3ad based Link Aggregation group (LAG) in LACP mode. The DXi frame reception and transmission is controlled by the LACP between the bonded ports and the Ethernet switch ports.				
Active Backup (Mode 1)	This option does not require switch configuration but may not provide the same level of load balancing and performance as other bonding modes. Only one port in the bond is active at a time. If the active port fails, another port becomes active to take its place. Because only the MAC address of the active port is visible to the Ethernet switch, the switch does not require additional configuration.				

- 4. Click **Update** to save the changes you made to the **Bonding Details** table. (Clicking **Update** does not yet apply the new network settings to the DXi4700.)
- 5. Click **Undo** to revert to all current Bonding Details changes to the last update.

Configuring Interface Details

Under **IP Address Configuration > Interface Details**, configure jumbo Ethernet frame settings for each port or device (see Figure 186 on the next page):

Figure 186: Network Page: Interface Details

<u>Hide</u> I	nterface Details	: ?				
						Jumbo Frame
	Physical Ports	Bonding Mode	Link Speed	Link Status	Carrier Status	MTU Size
eth4	eth4	N/A	10GbE	Down	No Carrier	1500 💌
eth5	eth5	N/A	10GbE	Down	No Carrier	1500 👻
bond0	eth1,eth2,eth3	Round Robin (Mode 0)	1GbE	Up	Up	1500 👻
		Upda	te Undo	?		

- 1. If necessary, click the **Show** link to show the interface details table.
- 2. For each device, select the MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit) frame size in the **Jumbo Frame MTU Size** drop-down box.

1500 MTU	(Default) The standard (STD) MTU frame size of 1,500 bytes is used.
9000 MTU	The jumbo MTU frame size of 9,000 bytes is used. (For best performance, make sure the entire network path to the DXi is configured to use 9000 MTU.)

- 3. Click **Update** to save the changes you made to the **Interface Details** table. (Clicking **Update** does not yet apply the new network settings to the DXi4700.)
- 4. Click **Undo** to revert to all current Interface Details changes to the last update.

Configuring Interface IP Addresses

Under **IP Address Configuration > IP Address Table**, configure one or more network interfaces for each port or device (physical Ethernet port or bonded device) (see Figure 187 below):

Figure 187: Network Page: IP Address Table



1. Click Add IP to add a network interface to a device.

Or select an interface to edit the IP address, netmask, gateway and traffic type. (To select an interface, click the radio button next to the interface index name, for example, **bond0:2**.)

- **Note:** A maximum of 10 IP addresses are allowed per device. All IP addresses in the IP Address Table (added or modified) must be valid and unique, and must have a valid gateway and netmask.
- 2. In the VLAN ID column, select the check box to enable VLAN tagging for the interface. (Or clear the check box to disable VLAN tagging for the interface.)

VLAN tagging allows you to assign an interface to a virtual local area network (VLAN). With VLAN tagging, you can route different traffic types (management, data, and replication) over different VLANs, making sure traffic types do not mix.

If VLAN tagging is enabled, enter the **VLAN Tag ID** for the interface. (Valid values are **2** to **4094**. You can assign only one tag ID to an interface.)

Additional Information

- The maximum allowed number of VLAN tag IDs is 64. If you attempt to add more than 64 VLAN tag IDs, an error displays.
- To maintain connectivity, the switch ports connected to the DXi must be configured to accept the correct VLAN tag ID.
- **Caution:** If VLAN tagging is enabled for an interface, DXi Advanced Reporting is unable to collect and record statistics for traffic moving over the VLAN interface (for example, eth1.400). Statistics are still collected for the base device (for example, eth1.)
- 3. In the **External Host IP** column, select the check box to designate the interface as an external host IP. This associates the interface IP address with the host name of the DXi, and the DXi is externally identified by the host IP. The following restrictions apply:
 - You can designate only one external host IP for the network configuration.
 - You must specify a traffic type of Mgmt (management) or Any for the external host IP interface.
 - You must specify a valid **Default Gateway** in the **General** section. In addition, the external host IP must be on the same subnet as the **Default Gateway** to ensure external communication.
- 4. Enter the following network information as provided by your network administrator (all fields are required):

IP Address	The IP address of the interface.
Netmask	The network mask of the interface.
Gateway	The gateway of the DXi4700. (This is usually not the same as the default gateway.)

5. If necessary, specify NAT (Network Address Translation) settings for the interface:

Note: If the DXi4700 is a replication target and is behind a NAT router, you *must* configure a NAT IP Address

NATed	Select the check box if the IP address of the DXi is translated by a firewall to a NAT IP address when the DXi communicates to the outside world.
NAT IP Address	The IP address used to access the DXi from the public network. The router that connects the DXi to the Internet performs Network Address Translation that maps the IP address of the DXi to the NAT IP address, providing a valid replication interface for a source DXi.

6. Select the check box for each type of network traffic allowed on the interface (segmentation):

At least one interface must allow management traffic.

Mgmt	Select to allow management traffic.
Repl	Select to allow replication traffic.
Data	Select to allow data traffic.
Any	Select to allow all types of traffic (management, replication, and data).

Additional Information

- At least one interface must allow management traffic.
- If the DXi is configured for source or target replication, you should configure at least one interface to allow replication traffic (select **Repl** or **Any**) before applying changes to network settings.
- If you configure segmentation for non-bonded interfaces (Ethernet ports) that are on the same subnet, all traffic will use the lowest numbered Ethernet port first, no matter how segmentation is configured. To avoid this issue, create bonded interfaces, and then select the desired traffic type for each bonded interface.
- 7. Click **Update** to save the changes you made to the **IP Address** table. (Clicking **Update** does not yet apply the new network settings to the DXi4700.)
- 8. Click **Delete** to remove IP address information for the selected interface. Or click **Undo** to revert all current IP Address Table changes to the last update.

i Note: When you add a network interface, a default route (via the default gateway) is automatically created for the interface after network settings are applied and the DXi reboots. For example, if you add an interface with IP address 10.20.185.172, a route with the destination IP address 10.20.185.0 is automatically added. If you delete the default route, it is automatically added again the next time network settings are applied and the DXi reboots. For more information about interface routing, see <u>Network on page 302</u>.

Configuring Interface Routing

Some network configurations require that you specify routing details for an interface. You need to specify routing details if the host or client the interface connects to is on a different subnet that is not reachable using the default gateway. You also need to specify routing details if you have configured multiple network segments (replication, data, or management) on the same subnet. For more information and examples, see Network on page 302.

Under **IP Address Configuration > Routing Details**, enter routing information for one or more interfaces (see Figure 188 below):

Figure 188: Network Page: Routing Details

uting	Details for bond0:2 ?		
	* Destination	* Dest Netmask	Dest Gateway
۲	10.	255.	10.
	Add Route		
	U	pdate Delete Undo ?	
		10. Add Route	* Destination * Dest Netmask

1. In the **IP Address Table** (above routing details), select an interface to add or modify routing data. (To select an interface, click the radio button next to the interface index name, for example, **bond0:2**.)

After selecting an interface in the **IP Address Table**, the **Routing Details** table below expands to display available routes (if any).

(i) Note: A maximum of 8 routes per interface are allowed.

- 2. If necessary, click the **Show** link to show the routing details table.
- 3. Click Add Route to add a route to the selected interface.

Or select a route to edit its settings.

4. Enter the following network information as provided by your network administrator:

Destination	The destination network for the route.
Dest Netmask	The network mask for the route.
Dest Gateway	The gateway IP address used for <i>outgoing</i> traffic sent from the interface to a host or client. (This is usually not the same as the default gateway.)

Additional Information

- The destination gateway of each route *must* match the subnet of at least one configured IP address listed in the **IP Address Table**. If no match is found, an error displays stating that the route's destination gateway is not reachable.
- In the example shown below, to reach a host on the 10.50.50.x subnet, you would enter 10.50.50.0 for destination network, 255.255.255.0 for the destination netmask, and 10.20.20.1 as the destination gateway.
- 5. Click **Update** to save the changes you made to the **Routing Details** table. (Clicking **Update** does not yet apply the new network settings to the DXi4700.)
- 6. Click **Delete** to remove IP routing information for the selected interface. Or click **Undo** to revert all current Routing Details changes to the last update.

Applying Network Settings

For network changes to take effect, you must apply the changes, finalize the confirmation, and reboot the system. To apply all changed settings on the **Network** page to the DXi4700, click **Apply** at the bottom of the page. Follow the prompts to confirm the changes and reboot the system.

(i) Note: To revert all network settings to the initial state and undo all changes, click the **Reset** button.

Understanding Interface Routing

For a network on the interface to communicate with a host located on a different subnet, you must specify routing information in the **Routing Details** section. Routing is used to direct outgoing traffic from a network interface on the DXi to an IP address in another subnet by means of a destination gateway. Responses from the destination are routed back to the DXi using the gateway specified for the interface in the **IP Address Table** section.

In addition, when configuring segmented network interfaces, if the source DXi replication, data, and management interfaces are on the same subnet, you must add a host route on the source DXi to make sure the replication interface is correctly selected when replicating data to the target DXi.

See the following examples for details:

Example 1: Segments and Target on Different Subnets

In the example below (see <u>on page 302</u>), the DXi has two segmented interfaces, one for management traffic and one for data traffic:

- The management interface is assigned to the 10.30.24.x subnet in the **IP Address Table** section. This subnet connects to the corporate network by mean of the default gateway (10.30.24.1).
- The data interface is assigned to the 10.20.20.x subnet in the **IP Address Table** section. This subnet connects to a gateway at 10.20.20.1.

• Using the data interface, the DXi needs to connect to a backup host that is on the 10.50.50.x subnet. Because this host is not on the same subnet as the data interface, the DXi cannot communicate with the host unless you specify routing information in the **Routing Details** section.

In this example, you would specify 10.50.50.0 for destination network, 255.255.255.0 for the destination netmask, and 10.20.20.1 as the destination gateway.

Note: The gateway specified in the **IP Address Table** section is for *incoming* traffic to the interface. The gateway specified in the **Routing Details** section is for *outgoing* traffic from the interface.



Example 2: Segments and Target on the Same Subnet

In the example below (see <u>on page 302</u>), the DXi has two segmented interfaces, one for data and management traffic, and one for replication traffic:

- The source DXi management/data IP address, the source DXi replication IP address, and the target DXi IP address are all on the same subnet (192.168.10.x).
- To make sure the replication segment is used when communicating with the target DXi, you must add a host route in the **Routing Details** section on the source DXi.

In this example, you would specify the following routing details for the replication interface on the source DXi:

Destination	Use the IP address of the target DXi (192.168.10.200).	
Dest Netmask	Use 255.255.255.255.	
Dest Gateway	Use the replication IP address of the source DXi (192.168.10.100).	



Example 3: Segments on the Same Subnet and Target on a Different Subnet

In the example below (see <u>on page 302</u>), the DXi has two segmented interfaces, one for data and management traffic, and one for replication traffic:

- The source DXi management/data IP address and the source DXi replication IP address are on the same subnet (192.168.10.x). The target DXi IP address is on a different subnet (192.168.20.x)
- To make sure the replication segment is used when communicating with the target DXi, you must add a network route in the **Routing Details** section on the source DXi.

In this example, you would specify the following routing details for the replication interface on the source DXi:

Destination Use the subnet of the target DXi (192.168.20.0).	
Dest Netmask	Use 255.255.255.0.
Dest Gateway	Use the IP address of the gateway (192.168.10.1).

• In addition, to enable communication with the target DXi by means of the gateway, you must add a second host route in the **Routing Details** section on the source DXi.

In this example, you would specify a second set of routing details for the replication interface on the source DXi:

Destination	Use the IP address of the gateway (192.168.10.1).
Dest Netmask	Use 255.255.255.255.
Dest Gateway	Use the replication IP address of the source DXi (192.168.10.100).



Backpanel Locations

The **Backpanel Locations** section at the bottom of the **Network** page displays a graphical representation of the Ethernet ports as they appear on the rear of the system (see Figure 189 below).

The diagram indicates the current bonding configuration and connectivity status for all Ethernet ports.

- Ports that are bonded together in an interface are shaded the same color.
- A green border indicates a port is connected to a network.
- A red border indicates a port is configured but is not connected to a network.
- Click Update Port View to update the information on the diagram.

Figure 189: Network Page: Backpanel Locations



Date & Time

The **Date & Time** page allows you to set the system date and time of the DXi4700. You can specify a Network Time Protocol (NTP) server to synchronize the system time with, or you can manually enter the date and time.

Caution: Changing the date and time settings requires a system reboot immediately after the changes are applied. Wait for at least 15 minutes before logging back in.

Additional Information

- Network Time Protocol (NTP) requires a continuous connection to an NTP server to maintain the correct time. If the system does not have connectivity access, it is recommended that you set the system date and time manually.
- It is recommended that you do not modify the system date and time while making other configuration changes, such as add and removing NAS file shares.
- If you intend to join the DXi4700 to a Windows network using Active Directory for NAS storage, Quantum recommends using an NTP Server to set the system date and time (see <u>Windows Domain</u> on page 208).

To access the Date & Time page, on the System page, click the Date & Time tab (see Figure 190 below).

Figure 190: Date & Time Page

System Date and Time Settings	Help	
Network Time Protocol (NTP) Server (Recommended) ① Manual Date & Time Settings		
Select a Timeserver Pool		I
Specify a Timeserver or Pool north-america.pool.ntp.org		I
Test NTP		I
Timezone America/Los_Angeles		I
Time Format O 24 Hours O 12 Hours		I
Apply Reset		J

To set the system date and time:

1. Select one of the following options:

Option	Description
Network Time Protocol (NTP) Server	(Recommended) Select this option to synchronize the DXi4700 with an NTP timeserver or pool. Then select or specify a timeserver or pool.
	 Select a Timeserver Pool - (Recommended) Select one of the well-known, geographically-based NTP timeserver pools in the drop-down box.
	 Note: To select a timeserver pool, you must first specify at least one DNS IP address on the Network page (see <u>Network on page 302</u>). Otherwise, you must specify the IP address of the timeserver pool.
	Specify a Timeserver or Pool - Type the name or IP address of the NTP server or pool. (See http://support.ntp.org for information about publicly available NTP servers)
	To verify that the DXi4700 can communicate with the NTP server or pool, click Test NTP .
Manual Date & Time Settings	Select this option to manually set the system date and time.
	Specify the New System Date by clicking the calendar icon. Specify the New System Time using the drop-down boxes.

- 2. In the Timezone drop-down box, select the time zone where the DXi4700 is located.
- 3. Next to Time Format, select the format to use when displaying times (24 hours or 12 hours).
- 4. Click **Apply**.

Security

The **Security** page allows you to configure security settings for the DXi4700, including access passwords, LDAP/AD, SSL settings, and the inactivity timeout.

To access the Security page, click the Configuration menu, and then click the Security tab.

The **Security** page contains the following tabs:

Local Access

The **Local Access** page allows you to change the account passwords for the remote management console (GUI) and the command line interface (CLI).

Local Access Levels

The DXi4700 has the following access levels for logging onto the remote management console or the GUI:

Local Access Level	Description
Graphical User Interface (GUI)	
GUI Administrator	Allowed to view and change information on the DXi4700 remote management console.
GUI Monitor	Allowed to view information on the DXi4700 remote management console but cannot make changes. The Access Control page is view only.
GUI Service	Allowed to view and change information on the DXi4700 GUI. The Access Control page is view only.
Command Line Interface (CLI)	
Viewer	Allowed to view information on the DXi4700 CLI but cannot make changes.
Administrator	Allowed to view and change information on the DXi4700 CLI.
Service Login	
SSH/CLI Service	Allow Secure Shell (SSH) remote access to the ServiceLogin account.

To access the **Local Access Settings** page, on the **Security** page, click the **Local Access** tab (see Figure 191 on the next page).

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Figure 191: Local Access Settings Page

Local Access Settings		Help
GUI Administrator Classify Enable account Classify Old Password New Password Confirm New Password Required Field Apply	CLI Administrator (username: cliadmin) CLI Administrator (username: cliadmin) Available SSH Public Keys Add Edit Delete No ssh keys have yet been configured for this account No ssh keys have yet been configured for this account Allow login with password New Password Confirm New Password Required Field Apply	
GUI Monitor Current Confirm New Password Required Field Apply	CLI Viewer (username: cliviewer) CLI Viewer (username: cliviewer) Available SSH Public Keys Add Edit Delete No ssh keys have yet been configured for this account No ssh keys have yet been configured for this account Allow login with password Allow login with password New Password Confirm New Password Required Field Apply	

Tasks

Use the Local Access Settings page to perform the following tasks:

- Change the administrator password (Changing GUI Administrator Password on the next page).
- Enable or disable GUI access for the monitor account (<u>Enabling GUI Monitor Account on the next</u> page).
- Enable or disable CLI access for the administrator or viewer account (Enabling CLI Accounts on page 319).
- Enable or disable GUI access for the service account (Enabling GUI Service Account on page 323).

Enable or disable SSH access for the service account (Enabling SSH/CLI Service Account on page 324)

Changing GUI Administrator Password

Use the GUI password when logging onto the remote management console as an administrator (see Accessing Remote Management on page 59).

1. Under **GUI Administrator** enter the following information:

Old Password	Enter the old password.
New Password	Enter the new password.
Confirm New Password	Enter the new password again to confirm it.

Additional Information

- Disabling the GUI Administrator You cannot disable this account unless LDAP/AD is enabled. In addition, you must also be logged in to the system as an LDAP/AD user (see LDAP/AD on page 328).
- Passwords can be up to 32 characters. Alphanumeric characters and special characters are allowed.
- Loss of this password will require Quantum service support.
- 2. Click Apply.

Enabling GUI Monitor Account

Use the GUI password when logging onto the remote management console as a monitor (see <u>Accessing</u> <u>Remote Management on page 59</u>).

- 1. Under GUI Monitor do one of the following steps:
 - Select the Enable account check box to enable the GUI monitor account.
 - Clear the Enable account check box to disable the GUI monitor account.
- 2. Enter the following information:

New Password	Enter the new password.
Confirm New Password	Enter the new password again to confirm it.

Additional Information

Passwords can be up to 32 characters. Alphanumeric characters and special characters are allowed.

3. Click Apply.

Enabling CLI Accounts

The CLI accounts provide access to the DXi4700 command line interface as an administrator or viewer.

- **Note:** For more information about using the CLI, see the DXi4700 Command Line Interface (CLI) Guide.
- 1. Under CLI Administrator or CLI Viewer, do one of the following steps:
 - Select the Enable account check box to enable the CLI administrator or viewer account
 - Clear the Enable account check box to disable the CLI administrator or viewer account
- 2. The CLI administrator and view accounts may be configured with Secure Shell (SSH) key-based authentication.

Add an SSH Public Key

a. Click Add.

The Add Public Key page displays (see Figure 192 below).

Figure 192: Add Public Key Page

Add Publi	с Кеу	Help	
Alias			1
Public Key			
Арр	ty Cancel		

b. Enter an SSH **Alias** for the public key.

Additional Information

- An alias can be up to 20 characters.
- Alias must be an alphanumeric string (no spaces or special characters).
- It is OK to have the same alias for different accounts (CLI Administrator and CLI Viewer).
- c. Copy and paste the **Public Key** generated from a SSH key.

Additional Information

- A public key should be in the following form: <key-type> <base64 encoded string> (see Figure 193 below).
- A public key length can be up to 16kb.

Figure 193: Sample Public Key Page

Alias	Sample
	ssh-rsa AAAAB3NzaC1yc2EAAAABJQAAAQB/nAmOjTmezNUDKYVEeIRf2YnwM9/uUG1d0BYsc8/tRtx+RGi7N21Ubp728MXGwdnL9od4c Itzky/zvdL2E2cyc0a1&xBK9cOWmcK50A8FYBxEQWJ/q9YVUg2bFKfYGaGQxsER+A0w/fX8ALuk78ktP31K69Lc0gx1517rNz xso0QKJ/CIxOGMMxczYTiEoLvQhapFQMs3FL96didKr/QbrfB1WT6s38385EaXfgZvLef1Y82xmfhbT90XFE3FXvh2UPBfN+f fE7iiayQf/2XR+8j4N4bW30DiPtOQLGUrH1y5X/rpNZN1WW2+jGIxqZtgWg7lTy3mXy5x8365j/6L
Public Key	
Apply	y Cancel

d. Click Apply.

The "Successfully performed Security action" message appears.

e. Click OK.

The new key appears in the CLI Administrator or View **Available SSH Public Keys** table (see Figure 194 on the next page).

Figure 194: Available SSH Public Keys Table

Enable account Available SSH Public Keys Add Edit Delete				
	Alias	Fingerprint		
	Sample	62:aa:ad:5d:fa:74:36:61:22:b5		

The Available SSH Public Keys table contains the following information:

Alias	Name of key.
Fingerprint	Short sequence of bytes used to identify a public key.

Edit an SSH Public Key

- a. Select the check box next to the public key in the Available SSH Public Keys table.
- b. Click Edit.

The Edit Public Key page displays (see Figure 195 on the next page).

Figure 195: Edit Public Key Page

lias	Sample
ublic Key	ssh-rsa AAAABSNzaCiyc2EAAAABJQAAAQB/nAmOjTmezNUDKYvEeIRf2YnxM9/uUGid0BYsc8 /rRtx+RGiN21Dbp728MKGwdni9od4cfzzy/zVdL2E2cycOal8XBK9c0MmcKS0A8FIB6EQWJ/q9YVUg2bFKfYGaGQxsER+A0w /YRALuk78ktP3IK95LcQgx13171XxsoOQKJ/CIXC00Mkc2XT1853FL96HdKr /QbrfBlWT6s38385EaKfg2vLefiYB2xmfhbT9OXFE3FXvh2UPBfN+ffE7iiayQf/2XR+8j4N4bW30DiPtOQLGUrH1y5X /rpNZNlWW2+jGIxqZtgWg7lTy3mXy5x836Sj/6L

c. Edit the **Alias** name.

1 Note: The key cannot be modified. To remove a key, see <u>Delete an Alias Name below</u>.

d. Click Apply.

The "Successfully performed Security action" message appears.

e. Click OK.

The updated key appears in the Available SSH Public Keys table.

Delete an Alias Name

- a. Select the check box next to the public key in the Available SSH Public Keys table.
- b. Click Delete.

The Delete Public Key page displays (see Figure 196 below).

Figure 196: Delete Public Key Page

Delete Public Key	Help
Confirmation	
Delete the following public key(s)? Public Key Sample2 Yes No	

c. Click Yes.

The "Successfully performed Security action" message appears.

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d. Click OK.

The key is removed in the Available SSH Public Keys table.

- 3. In addition to configuring SSH authentication, the CLI Administrator and view accounts may also be configured with password authentication.
 - Select the Allow login with password check box to enable a password on a CLI Administrator or CLI Viewer account
 - Clear the Allow login with password check box to disable a password on a CLI Administrator or CLI Viewer account

Enter the following information:

New Password	Enter the new password.
Confirm New Password	Enter the new password again to confirm it.

Additional Information

- Passwords can be up to 32 characters. Alphanumeric characters and special characters are allowed.
- For accounts enabled with both SSH and password authentication, the DXi system will first attempt SSH authentication. If there are no keys defined or no client key matches, the DXi system will fall back to password authentication.
- 4. Click Apply.

Enabling GUI Service Account

Use the GUI password when logging onto the remote management console as a service account (see Accessing Remote Management on page 59).

To enable or disable the GUI service account:

- 1. Under GUI Service do one of the following steps:
 - Select the Enable account check box to enable the GUI service account.
 - Clear the Enable account check box to disable the GUI service account.
- 2. Enter the following information:

New Password	Enter the new password.
Confirm New Password	Enter the new password again to confirm it.

Additional Information

- Passwords can be up to 32 characters. Alphanumeric characters and special characters are allowed.
- 3. Click Apply.

Enabling SSH/CLI Service Account

The SSH service account provides SSH remote access to the DXi4700 system.

- 1. Under SSH Service, do one of the following steps:
 - Select the Enable account check box to enable SSH service account
 - Clear the Enable account check box to disable the SSH service account
- 2. The SSH service account may be configured with Secure Shell (SSH) key-based authentication.

Add an SSH Public Key

a. Click Add.

The Add Public Key page displays (see Figure 197 below).

Figure 197: Add Public Key Page

Add Publi	: Key	Help
Alias		
Public Key		
Appl	y Cancel	

b. Enter an SSH Alias for the public key.

Additional Information

- An alias can be up to 20 characters.
- Alias must be an alphanumeric string (no spaces or special characters)..
c. Enter the **Public Key** generated from a SSH key.

Additional Information

- A public key should be in the following form: <key-type> <base64 encoded string> (see Figure 198 below).
- A public key length can be up to 16kb.

Figure 198: Sample Public Key Page

Alias	Sample
	ssh-rsa AAAABSNzaClyc2EAAAABJQAAAQB/nAmOjTmezNUDKYVEEIRf2YnwM9/uUG1d0BYsc8/tRtx+RGi7N2lUbp728MXGwdnL9od4c Itzky/zvdL2E2cycOa18x8K9cOWmcK50ABFV8xEQWJ/q9YVUg2bFKfYGaGQxsER+A0w/fX8ALuk78ktP31K69LcQgxIs17Nz xsoOQKJ/CIxOGWMxczYTiE0LvQhapFQMs3FL96didKr/QbrfB1WT6s3838SEaXfgZvLef1YB2xmfhbT90XFE3FXvh2UPBfN+f fE7iiayQf/2XR+8j4N4bW30DiPt0QLGUrH1y5X/rpNZN1WW2+jGIxqZtgWg7lTy3mXy5x8365j/6L
Public Key	
Appl	y Cancel

d. Click Apply.

The "Successfully performed Security action" message appears.

e. Click OK.

The new key appears in the Available SSH Public Keys table (see Figure 199 on the next page).

Figure	199:	Available	SSH	Public	Keys	Table
--------	------	-----------	-----	--------	------	-------

Enable account Available SSH Public Keys	
Add Edit	Delete
No ssh keys have yet been configured	d for this account.

The Available SSH Public Keys table contains the following information:

Alias	Name of key.
Fingerprint	Short sequence of bytes used to identify a public key.

Edit an SSH Public Key

- a. Select the check box next to the public key in the Available SSH Public Keys table.
- b. Click Edit.

The Edit Public Key page displays (see Figure 200 on the next page).

Figure 200: Edit Public Key Page

Alias	Sample
ublic Key	ssh-rsa AAAABSNzaC1yc2EAAAABJQAAAQB/nAmOjTmezNUDKYvEeIRf2YnwM9/uUG1d0BYsc8 /tRtx+RGi7N21Ubp728MXGwdnL90d41tzky/zVdL2E2cyc0a18XBK9cOXmcKS0A&FTVBzRQWJ/q9YUUg2bFKfYGaGQxsER+A0w /tX8Luk78ktP31K6DcQqxIs17HxssoQXJ/CLSOGMxc9TTLEoLvQhaPg70M3FL96didKr /QbrfB1WT6s3838SEAKfg2vLef1YB2xmfhbT9OXFE3FXvh2UPBfN+ffE7iiayQf/2XR+8j4N4bW30DiPt0QLGUrH1y5X /rpNZN1WW2+jGIxqZtgWg71Ty3mXy5x836Sj/6L

c. Edit the **Alias** name.

1 Note: The key cannot be modified. To remove a key, see <u>Delete an Alias Name on page 322</u>.

d. Click Apply.

The "Successfully performed Security action" message appears.

e. Click OK.

The updated key appears in the Available SSH Public Keys table.

Delete an Alias Name

- a. Select the check box next to the public key in the Available SSH Public Keys table.
- b. Click Delete.

The Delete Public Key page displays (see Figure 201 below).

Figure 201: Delete Public Key Page

Delete Public Key	Help
Confirmation	
Delete the following public key(s)? Public Key Sample2 Yes No	

c. Click Yes.

The "Successfully performed Security action" message appears.

d. Click OK.

The key is removed from the Available SSH Public Keys table.

- 3. In addition to configuring SSH authentication, the SSH service account may also be configured with password authentication.
 - Select the **Allow login with password** check box to enable a password on a CLI administrator or CLI viewer account
 - Clear the Allow login with password check box to disable a password on a CLI administrator or CLI viewer account

Enter the following information:

New Password	Enter the new password.
Confirm New Password	Enter the new password again to confirm it.

Additional Information

- Passwords can be up to 20 characters. Alphanumeric characters and special characters are allowed.
- For accounts enabled with both SSH and password authentication, the DXi system will first attempt SSH authentication . If there are no keys defined or no client key matches, the DXi system will fall back to password authentication.
- 4. Click Apply.

LDAP/AD

The **LDAP/AD** page allows the DXi4700 system to connect to a Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) or Active Directory (AD) server (see Figure 202 on the next page).

Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) stores information about users and groups in a hierarchical directory composed of organizational units (OUs), object classes, and attributes. Microsoft Active Directory (AD) stores information about Users and Groups. The DXi4700 can use LDAP/AD to authenticate user credentials and assign access levels to the system.

Figure 202: LDAP/AD Page

onnection Settings		
Primary Server Domain	Primary server Hostname or IP Address.	
Alternate Server Domain	Alternate server Hostname or IP Address.	
	● Start TLS ⑦ ◎ LDAPS	
Port	389	
Certificate URL	URL where the CA Certificate in the PEM format can be downloaded from.	
Principal (bind) DN	Distinguished name to bind to the LDAP/AD directory.	
Password	Password for simple authentication.	
Confirm Password		
earch Strings		
User DN	Distinguished name to use for retrieving the user information.	
Monitor Group	Distinguished name or simple name for the monitor users allowed on this system.	
Admin Group	Distinguished name or simple name for the admin users allowed on this system.	

LDAP and AD Terms

Common Name (CN)

An attribute that is commonly used to identify the name of Organizational Unit (OU).

Example

The SysAdmin group would have **cn=sysadmin**.

Domain Component (DC)

The domain of the directory, which often identifies the organization or company.

Example

Mycompany.com would have a domain of dc=mycompany,dc=com.

Distinguished Name (DN)

A pathway that tells LDAP where information is stored in its directory. LDAP reads the pathway from right to left, with the farthest right components providing the domain of the directory and the farthest left component providing the information for which LDAP is looking.

Organizational Unit (OU)

A component used to organize information into a hierarchical structure. OUs can be used at multiple levels within the LDAP or AD directory, such as to act as a larger Group bucket that then holds individual group OUs.

Tasks

Use the LDAP/AD page to perform the following tasks:

- Enable LDAP/AD (Enable LDAP/AD below).
- Disable LDAP/AD (Disable LDAP/AD on page 333).
- Test LDAP/AD settings (Test LDAP/AD Settings on page 333).
- Test LDAP/AD users (Test LDAP/AD User on page 333).

Enable LDAP/AD

- 1. Select the **Enable LDAP/AD** check box to enable the **Connection Settings** and **Search Strings** tables.
- 2. Enter the following **Connection Settings** information:

Primary Server Domain	Enter the LDAP/AD domain server.
	LDAP Server Cache
	• If the LDAP domain server is changed once LDAP is enabled, the server cache will allow user credentials from the previous LDAP server to authenticate until the cache times out (default setting is 90 minutes).
	 If the new LDAP domain server is invalid, user credentials from the previous LDAP server will continue to authenticate from the server cache.
Alternate Server Domain	(Optional) Enter an alternate LDAP/AD domain server

StartTLS/LDAPS	Select one of the following:		
	 Start TLS - Select to encrypt the connections to the LDAP/AD server This enables a secure connection over a standard port. Do not enable Start TLS to encrypt connections if the server URL uses a secure protocol (LDAPS). 		
	• LDAPS - Select if the server URL uses the LDAPS secure protocol.		
Port	• Start TLS - Default port is 389.		
	LDAPS - Default port is 636.		
	Note: Entering a port setting will disable the default port settings.		
Certificate URL	Enter the URL where the Certificate Authority (CA) certificate in PEM format can be downloaded from.		
	CA Certificate Expiration Alerts		
	The following system alerts occur as a certificate approaches expiration:		
	 14 days from expiration - An admin alert is created (see <u>Admin</u> <u>Alerts on page 191</u>). 		
	• 3 days from expiration - If the local GUI Admin account is enabled, an admin alert is created (see <u>Admin Alerts on page 191</u>). If the local GUI Admin account is disabled, a service ticket is created (see <u>Service Tickets on page 192</u>).		
	• 1 day from expiration - If the local GUI Admin account is enabled, an admin alert is created (see <u>Admin Alerts on page 191</u>). If the local GUI Admin account is disabled, the account is enabled and a service ticket is created (see <u>Service Tickets on page 192</u>).		
Principal (bind) DN	Enter the domain name of the principal user. The principal user is any user who is authorized to add a system to the LDAP or AD domain.		
	Example - uid=admin,ou=People,dc=mycompany,dc=com		
Password	Enter the password for the simple authentication.		

3. Enter the following **Search Strings** information:

User DN	Enter a distinguished name for retrieving user information.
	Example - dc=mycompany,dc=com
Monitor Group	Enter a distinguished name or common name for the monitor users allowed on the DXi system. One one group (Monitor or Admin) is required for LDAP/AD configuration.
	Example - cn=user,ou=Group,dc=mycompany,dc=com
	Note: OpenLDAP servers require the Slapo-MemberOf overlay to be installed on the server. Refer to <u>http://manpages.courier-mta.org/htmlman5/slapo-memberof.5.html</u> for more information on the overlay.
Admin Group	Enter a distinguished name or common name for the admin users allowed on the DXi system. One one group (Monitor or Admin) is required for LDAP/AD configuration.
	Example - cn=sysadmin,ou=Group,dc=mycompany,dc=com
	Note: OpenLDAP servers require the Slapo-MemberOf overlay to be installed on the server. Refer to <u>http://manpages.courier-mta.org/htmlman5/slapo-memberof.5.html</u> for more information on the overlay.

4. (Recommended) Test the LDAP/AD settings before applying the settings to the DXi system (see <u>Test</u> <u>LDAP/AD Settings on the next page</u>).

1 Note: User LDAP/AD settings must be applied before being tested. See step 6 below.

- 5. (Recommended) Test LDAP/AD usernames and passwords before applying the LDAP/AD settings to the DXi system (see <u>Test LDAP/AD User on the next page</u>).
- 6. Click **Apply**. Changes to LDAP/AD settings forces a log out of the DXi system. Click **Yes** to continue (see Figure 203 on the next page).

Figure 203: LDAP/AD Change Confirmation



Disable LDAP/AD

De-select the **Enable LDAP/AD** check box to disable LDAP/AD on the DXi4700 system. The LDAP/AD settings remain saved.

Test LDAP/AD Settings

Click **Test Settings** to test the connection settings between the DXi4700 system and LDAP/AD domain server. A successful connection will be indicated by a Success dialog box (see <u>Figure 204 below</u>). A test connection that fails will be indicated by a Failure dialog box containing the reason for the failure (see <u>Figure 205 below</u>).

Figure 204: Successful LDAP/AD Connection

Success	X
LDAP/AD settings are fully functional.	
ОК	

Figure 205: Failed LDAP/AD Connection



Test LDAP/AD User

1 Note: User LDAP/AD setting changes must first be applied before being tested.

1. Click **Test User** to test the ability of a LDAP/AD user to successfully log into the DXi4700 system. The **Test Username and Search Strings** dialog box opens (see Figure 206 below).

Figure 206: Test Username and Search Strings

Test Username a	nd Search Strings	×		
1. The user sea	idate two things: rch strings are correct in locating the username. e/password is valid within the server.			
*Username	Username with which to test.			
*Password				
* Required field				
Test	Cancel			

2. Enter the following information:

Username	Enter the user name.	
Password	Enter the user password.	

3. Click Test.

SSL/TLS

The **SSL/TLS** page allows you to enable or disable SSL/TLS on the DXi4700. You can also install a new SSL certificate to replace the Quantum default SSL/TLS certificate.

To access the SSL/TLS page, on the Security page, click the SSL/TLS tab (see Figure 207 below).

Figure 207: SSL/TLS Page

Secure Socket Layer (SSL) / Transport Layer Security (TLS)	Help
SSL/TLS Properties	
Enable SSL/TLS Disable SSL/TLS Apply	
Certificate The Quantum default SSL/TLS certificate is currently installed. New	

Additional Information

- If you enable SSL,/TLS see <u>Server Authentication Warnings below</u> for important information about Web browser settings.
- SSL/TLS is automatically enabled by default after a fresh installation of DXi software.

Tasks

- Use the SSL/TLS page to perform the following tasks:
- Enable or disable SSL/TLS on the DXi4700 (see Enabling SSL/TLS below).
- Install a new SSL/TLS certificate (see Installing an SSL/TLS Certificate on the next page).

Enabling SSL/TLS

SSL (Secure Sockets Layer)/TLS (Transport Layer Security) is a protocol that provides security and privacy over the Internet by negotiating encryption keys before transmitting data between a client and a server.

To establish a secure connection, the DXi4700 must have an encryption key assigned to it by a Certification Authority in the form of a certificate file, private key file, and pass phrase. After you install these components, you can establish a secure connection using the SSL/TLS protocol. The DXi4700 comes with a Quantum default SSL/TLS certificate.

To enable or disable SSL/TLS:

1. Under SSL/TLS Properties, select the Enable SSL/TLS option to enable SSL/TLS.

Or select the **Disable SSL/TLS** option to disable SSL/TLS.

1 Note: The default setting is disabled.

2. Click Apply.

Server Authentication Warnings

Enabling SSL/TLS with the default Quantum certificate allows you to securely communicate with the DXi4700 Web-based interface using SSL/TLS encryption. However, you may receive a warning from your Web browser and network security scanners stating that the server you are attempting to connect to does not match the server embedded within the certificate.

This is expected behavior because the default certificate can only be used for encryption and not server authentication. Quantum recommends the default Quantum certificate be replaced with your own official certificate specific to your DXi system. You can install your own custom certificate in order to take advantage of server authentication in addition to encrypted communication.

To suppress server authentication warnings for the default certificate:

• Internet Explorer - If a dialog box displays warning you of a possible certificate error, add the IP address for the DXi4700 to the Trusted Sites list (Tools > Internet Options > Security > Trusted Sites). If

subsequent warning pages display along with an option to close your Web browser or continue to the Web site, click **Continue**. This suppresses the warnings until you restart your Web browser.

• Firefox and Chrome - If the Secure Connection Failed dialog box displays, click the link at the bottom of the dialog box and follow the instructions to add an exception for your DXi4700.

Installing an SSL/TLS Certificate

You can purchase and install your own custom SSL/TLS certificate in order to take advantage of server authentication in addition to encrypted communication on the DXi4700.

To install an SSL/TLS certificate:

1. Under Certificate, click New.

The Install New Certificate page displays (see Figure 208 below).

Figure 208: Install New Certificate Page

Secure Socket Layer (SSL) / Transport Layer Security (TLS)	Help
Install New Certificate	
Step 1 Upload your SSL/TLS certificate file.	
Certificate File Browse No file selected.	
Note: The SSL/TLS certificate file to be uploaded must be named server.crt.	
Upload Cancel	
Step 2 Upload your SSL/TLS private key file.	
Step 3 Enter your SSL/TLS passphrase and activate.	

2. In the Certificate File box, type the location and filename of the new SSL/TLS certificate file.

Or click **Browse** to browse the system and locate the SSL/TLS certificate file. The SSL/TLS certificate file must be named **server.crt**.

- 3. Click Upload.
- 4. Type your SSL/TLS private key and press **<Enter>**.
- 5. Type your SSL/TLS passphrase and press < Enter>.

A **Successful Upload** page displays stating that the SSL/TLS certificate file has been installed on the system.

6. Click OK.

The certificate displays in the Certificate section.

Data Encryption

The **Data Encryption** page allows you to select the type of encryption to use for Replication, OST, and Accent data transfers. Data sent from the media server (OST/Accent) or source DXi (Replication) to the DXi can be encrypted using AES (Advanced Encryption Standard) encryption methods.

To access the **Data Encryption** page, on the **Security** page, click the **Data Encrypton** tab (see <u>Figure</u> <u>209 below</u>).

Important Information

- If TLS with AES 256 is selected, the factory installed certificates are inadequate for security. The factory installed certificates should be considered public domain and are provided only for convenience. You must install new certificates for secure encryption.
- The DXi uses the TLS with AES 256 certificate authority as the arbiter of trust. To ensure the security of your data on the DXi blockpool, you **must** generate your own **private** certificate authority.
- Installing new certificates requires a reboot of the system.

Figure 209: Data Encryption Page

ST and Accent	Data Transfer Encryption		
Select the type	of encryption to use for OST and Accent data transf	er.	
security. The fa	ith AES 256 is selected, the factory installed certific ictory installed certificates should be considered pu ience. You must install new certificates for secure of	blic domain and are provided	
Encryption	TLS with AES 256	~	
LS Certificates		ncryption for OST and Accent	
Install certifica data transfer, ti encryption. Installing new	tes for TLS with AES 256 encryption. In addition to e he certificates will be used to encrypt replication to t certificates will require a reboot of the system.	argets configured for TLS-256	
Install certifica data transfer, ti encryption.	tes for TLS with AES 256 encryption. In addition to e he certificates will be used to encrypt replication to t certificates will require a reboot of the system.	argets configured for TLS-256	
Install certifica data transfer, ti encryption. Installing new	tes for TLS with AES 256 encryption. In addition to e he certificates will be used to encrypt replication to t certificates will require a reboot of the system. e	Browse	
Install certifica data transfer, ti encryption. Installing new Certificate Fil	tes for TLS with AES 256 encryption. In addition to e he certificates will be used to encrypt replication to t certificates will require a reboot of the system. e Factory Installed: 2017-06-06 9:16: le Factory Installed: 2017-06-06 9:16:	Browse	
Install certifica data transfer, ti encryption. Installing new Certificate Fil Private Key F Certificate Au	tes for TLS with AES 256 encryption. In addition to e he certificates will be used to encrypt replication to t certificates will require a reboot of the system. e Factory Installed: 2017-06-06 9:16: le Factory Installed: 2017-06-06 9:16:	Browse	
Install certifica data transfer, ti encryption. Installing new Certificate Fil Private Key F Certificate Au	tes for TLS with AES 256 encryption. In addition to e he certificates will be used to encrypt replication to t certificates will require a reboot of the system. e Factory Installed: 2017-06-06 9:16: le Factory Installed: 2017-06-06 9:16: thority File Factory Installed: 2017-06-06 9:16: vocation List Not Installed	Browse Browse Browse	

To enable or disable data encryption:

1. Select an Encryption option in OST and Accent Data Transfer Encryption:

None Data is not encrypted.		
Default AES 128	OST and Accent data is encrypted using AES 128-bit encryption.	
Default AES 256	OST and Accent is encrypted using AES 256-bit encryption.	
TLS with AES 256	OST, Accent, and Replication data is encrypted using AES 256-bit encryption with Transport Layer Security (TLS).	
	For replication, you must specify encryption settings when configuring the replication or failback targets (see <u>Replication on page 122</u>).	

Note: AES encryption options are available only if the Data-in-Flight license is installed (see License Keys on page 375).

- 2. If you selected the **TLS with AES 256** encryption option, install the required **TLS Certificate** and key files on the DXi:
 - Certificate File
 - Private Key File
 - Certificate Authority File
 - Certificate Revocation List (Optional)

OST Media Server with TLS Encryption

The certificate and key files installed on the DXi system must match the files on the OST media server. For more information on certificate and key files, see the OST Plug-in Installation Instructions.

Replication with TLS Encryption

To successfully use replication with TLS encryption, you must do the following:

- Configure target DXi with TLS Encryption.
- Configure source DXi with TLS Encryption (system reboot required).
- Select TLS with AES 256 when configuring the target DXi (see <u>Adding a Replication Target on page 266</u>).

The source DXi key and target DXi key do not need to match, but must meet the following criteria:

- The target key must be signed by a certificate in the source key.
- The source key must be signed by a certificate in the target key.

To install a file, click the **Browse** button to browse the system and locate the file, and then click **Open**.

Caution: Installing certificate files requires a system reboot immediately after the changes are applied. Wait for at least 15 minutes before logging back in.

Note: You can install new certificate and key files at any time, as long as there are no active network connections between the server and the DXi.

3. Click Apply.

Note: To clear all changes without saving them, click **Reset**. To remove user installed certificate and key files, click **Restore Factory Defaults**.

Login Session

The **Login Session** page allows you to specify the inactivity timeout for the DXi4700 remote management console. The default timeout is 30 minutes.

When the remote management console is inactive for the specified period of time, the user is automatically logged off and must log back on to continue (see Accessing Remote Management on page 59).

To access the Login Session page, on the Security page, click Login Session (see Figure 210 below).

Figure 210: Login Session Page

To specify the inactivity timeout:

- 1. In the **Inactivity Timeout** box, enter the number of minutes of inactivity before a user is automatically logged off (1–600 minutes).
- 2. Click Apply.

Security Notice

The **Security Notice** page allows you to specify a message that will appear to all users when logging on to the remote management console or the CLI (command line interface).

If a security notice message has been specified, the user must accept the message in order to begin using the system. If no security notice has been specified, the user can use the system immediately after logging on.

To access the **Security Notice** page, on the **Security** page, click **Security Notice** (see <u>Figure 211 on the</u> <u>next page</u>).

Figure 211: Security Notice Page

Security Notice H			
Update Security Notice Content			
Apply			

To add or update a security notice message, enter the message in the box and click Apply.

Data-at-Rest Encryption

The **Data-at-Rest** page allows you to enable Data-at-Rest Encryption on the DXi4700 and manage security keys.

Data-at-Rest Encryption uses Self Encrypting Drive (SED) technology to secure all data stored on the DXi4700. This includes file data and metadata, configuration files, and the DXi software and operating system. To enable Data-at-Rest Encryption, you must supply a passphrase. The passphrase ensures that all physical disks are paired with their respective controllers, and that data can only be read back from the disk by the same controller that wrote it. If a controller must be replaced, the passphrase is needed to enable the new controller to access the data on the physical disks.

- Note: The Data-at-Rest page displays only if the Data-at-Rest Encryption feature is supported on the DXi4700 and is licensed for use. For information about installing the Data-at-Rest Encryption license, see Licensing Data-at-Rest Encryption and Obtaining Premium Feature Keys on page 378.
- **Caution:** After you enable Data-at-Rest Encryption, you cannot disable it or turn it off. Make sure to back up your passphrase and recovery files, as they may be required for future capacity expansion or in certain, rare hardware failure scenarios (see Security on page 315).

To access the **Data-at-Rest** page, on the **Security** page, click the **Data-at-Rest** tab (see <u>Figure 212 on the</u> <u>next page</u>).

Figure 212: Data-at-Rest Page

Data-at-Rest	Help
Data-at-Rest Encryption	
Current Data-at-Rest Encryption Disabled Check Status	
Enable Data-at-Rest Encryption	
*Passphrase	
*Confirm Passphrase	
Enable	
* Required field	
Download/Send Data-at-Rest Recovery File	
Download Email Emai	
*Email Recipient	
*Password	
*Confirm Password	
Apply	
* Required field	

Tasks

Use the Data-at-Rest page to perform the following tasks:

- Check the current status of Data-at-Rest Encryption (see <u>Checking Data-at-Rest Encryption Status</u> below).
- Enable Data-at-Rest Encryption for all hard drives in the DXi4700 (see Enabling Data-at-Rest Encryption on the next page).
- Save or e-mail a Data-at-Rest Recovery file to back up your encryption keys (see <u>Managing</u> <u>Recovery Files on the next page</u>).

Checking Data-at-Rest Encryption Status

The current status of Data-at-Rest Encryption can be **Disabled** (default) or **Enabled**. If it is enabled, all drives in the DXi4700 are securely encrypted and cannot be read if removed from the system.

Click **Check Status** to view detailed information about the status of Data-at-Rest Encryption and to see if the DXi4700 supports all requirements for enabling the feature.

When Data-at-Rest Encryption is enabled, all hard drives in the DXi4700 are paired to their respective RAID controllers using encryption keys. These keys are generated using a passphrase that you supply.

Note: Before you can enable Data-at-Rest Encryption, you must install the required license (see Licensing Data-at-Rest Encryption and Obtaining Premium Feature Keys on page 378).

Caution: Make sure you are certain you want to enable Data-at-Rest Encryption before proceeding. After you enable Data-at-Rest Encryption, you cannot disable it or turn it off.

Enabling Data-at-Rest Encryption

To enable Data-at-Rest Encryption:

- 1. Verify that the system is in an optimal state:
 - All hardware statuses on the system are Normal (see <u>Hardware on page 170</u>).

Caution: All storage arrays *must* show **Normal** condition (see <u>Details on page 171</u>). If any storage arrays are degraded, do *not* enable Data-at-Rest Encryption.

- All outstanding administration alerts are deleted (see Admin Alerts on page 191).
- All service tickets are closed (see Service Tickets on page 192).
- 2. Under Enable Data-at-Rest Encryption, type a security passphrase in the Passphrase box.

Caution: If you are re-enabling Data-at-Rest Encryption, you *must* enter the same passphrase that was used when encryption was originally enabled.

The passphrase must meet all of the following requirements:

- Must be 8–32 characters long.
- Must contain at least 1 digit [0-9].
- Must contain at least 1 uppercase letter [A–Z].
- Must contain at least 1 lowercase letter [a-z].
- Must contain at least 1 non-alphanumerical character, for example, '+' or '@'.

() Note: An underscore [_] is considered an alphanumeric character.

- Must not contain a space, tab, single quote ['], double quote ["], or dollar sign [\$].
- 3. Enter the passphrase again in the **Confirm Passphrase** box.

4. Click Enable.

Data-at-Rest Encryption is now enabled, and all hard drives are secured so that, if they are removed from the DXi4700, they cannot be read using another system or device.

Be sure to record the passphrase in a safe location. You should also save a backup copy of the Data-at-Rest Recovery file (see <u>Managing Recovery Files below</u>).

Managing Recovery Files

When Data-at-Rest Encryption is enabled, the system generates security keys based on the supplied passphrase. The DXi4700 maintains a copy of the security keys on the system, and they are accessed automatically as needed.

There are a few, rare situations which may require manual entry of the passphrase, such as performing a capacity expansion, or in certain hardware failure scenarios. The Data-at-Rest Recovery file is a password

protected .xml file that contains an encryption key identifier and passphrase for the controller. The encryption key identifier provides the system serial number, product ID, and location for the controller.

```
Figure 213: Sample Data-at-Rest Recovery File
?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<xml>
<EncryptionKeyAttributes>
<LastModified>Tue May 08 17:14:29 2018</LastModified>
<SASAddress>500605b00cb96080</SASAddress>
<EncryptionKeyIdentifier>YM6D003111-EP420e-a0</EncryptionKeyIdentifier>
<Passphrase>SamplePassword</Passphrase>
</EncryptionKeyAttributes>
<//xml>
```

To download or send a copy of the recovery file:

1. Under Download/Send Data-at-Rest Recovery File, select an option:

Download Downloads a copy of the recovery file using the Web browser.			
Email	Sends a copy of the recovery file using e-mail. If selecting this option, type the e-mail address where you want to send the recovery file in the Email Recipient box.		

Note: For the DXi4700 to send an e-mail, you must specify an outgoing e-mail server (see <u>Email</u> on page 284).

2. Type a security password in the **Password** box, and type it again in the **Confirm Password** box.

This password is used to protect the recovery file. You will be prompted for this password when opening the recovery file.

The password must meet all of the following requirements:

- Must be 8–32 characters long.
- Must contain at least 1 digit [0-9].
- Must contain at least 1 uppercase letter [A–Z].
- Must contain at least 1 lowercase letter [a-z].
- Must contain at least 1 non-alphanumerical character, for example, '+' or '@'.

i Note: An underscore [_] is considered an alphanumeric character.

- Must not contain a space, tab, single quote ['], double quote ["], or dollar sign [\$].
- 3. Click Apply.

For the download option, click **OK** or **Save** to save the recovery file to your computer. For the e-mail option, the recovery file is automatically sent to the e-mail address you specified.

Keep a copy of the recovery file in a safe location in case it is needed later. The recovery file is a passwordprotected ZIP format file. To unzip the file, you must enter the password specified in step 2 above. The recovery file contains the passphrase used to enable Data-at-Rest Encryption as well as the security keys.

Manage Users

The **Manage Users** page allows you to create and manage local authenticated users for use with the OpenStorage (OST), Oracle Recovery Manager (RMAN), and path to tape (PTT) capabilities.

OpenStorage (OST) and Oracle Recovery Manager (RMAN)

After you create OST or RMAN user credentials, enter them in the backup application to authenticate on the media (OST) or Oracle (RMAN) server.

Note: When using OST Automatic Image Replication (AIR), the remote user credentials specified on the source DXi must match the local user credentials on the target (remote) DXi.

Path to Tape (PTT)

The following applications are supported for backup application specific path to tape:

- Veritas NetBackup
- Veritas Backup Exec
- EMC Networker

Note: EMC NetWorker 8.1 and later do not support Backup Application Specific Path to Tape.

- Oracle Secure Backup
- ASG-Time Navigator

Note: You must dedicate a partition within the DXi4700 for use with NetBackup Direct to Tape (Path to Tape). The partition cannot be shared with another backup application.

Caution: The virtual media changer and tape drives *must* be assigned to the backup server (on the SAN) being used for Backup Application Specific path to tape functionality.

To access the **Manage Users** page, on the **System** page, click the **Manage Users** tab (see Figure 214 on the next page).

Figure 214: Manage Users Page

Manage Aut	thenticated Users	Help)
Add Edit	Delete Refresh	
Name	Description	
admin		
root		

Tasks

Use the Manage Users page to perform the following tasks:

- View information about local authenticated users (see Manage Authenticated Users List below).
- Add a local authenticated user (see <u>Adding an Authenticated User below</u>).
- Edit a local authenticated user (see Editing an Authenticated User on the next page).
- Delete a local authenticated user (see <u>Deleting an Authenticated User on page 347</u>).

Manage Authenticated Users List

The Manage Authenticated Users list displays the following information for all local authenticated users:

Name	The name of the local authenticated user.		
Description	A brief description of the local authenticated user (if available).		

(i) Note: To update the list with the latest information, click **Refresh**.

Adding an Authenticated User

Add an authenticated user to create local user credentials. The user credentials are required to authenticate devices on a media server. User credentials are also required to enable the DXi to receive duplicated data using OST AIR.

To add an authenticated user:

1. Click Add.

The Add User Credential window displays (see Figure 215 below).

Figure	215:	Add	User	Credential
--------	------	-----	------	------------

Add User Credential	×
*User name *New Password *Confirm New Password Description	
* Required field	
Apply Cancel	

2. Enter information about the authenticated user:

User name	Enter the name of the authenticated user.	
New Password	Enter the password for the authenticated user.	
Confirm New Password	Enter the password again to confirm it.	
Description	(Optional) Enter a brief description of the authenticated user.	

3. Click Apply.

Editing an Authenticated User

Edit an authenticated user to change the user's password or description.

To edit an authenticated user:

1. Select the user and click Edit.

The Edit User Credentials window displays (see Figure 216 on the next page).

Figure 216: Edit User Credentials

Edit User Credentials		
*User name	admin	
*New Password		
*Confirm New Password		
Description		
* Required field		
Apply Cancel		

2. Enter information about the authenticated user:

(i) Note: If you are editing an authenticated user, you cannot change the User name.

New Password	Enter the password for the authenticated user.
Confirm New Password	Enter the password again to confirm it.
Description	(Optional) Enter a brief description of the authenticated user.

3. Click Apply.

Deleting an Authenticated User

Delete an authenticated user if the user credentials are no longer needed to authenticate devices on a media server.

To delete an authenticated user, select the user and click **Delete**.

1 Note: You can select multiple users to delete at once.

Client Plug-Ins

Use the **Client Plug-In** page to download the Quantum the following client plug-ins:

- OST (OpenStorage)
- RMAN (Oracle Recovery Manager)

Note: Running an RMAN and OST Plug-in on the same client is not supported by the DXi4700 system.

OST (OpenStorage)

OST (OpenStorage) technology allows Veritas NetBackup and Backup Exec to seamlessly integrate with the DXi4700. Using OST, NetBackup and Backup Exec can manage backups through the DXi4700 and can take advantage of the system's capabilities, such as data deduplication and replication. To use OST, you must first download the OST Plug-in and install it on the NetBackup or Backup Exec media server.

To download the OST Plug-in, click **Client Plug-in Download** (see <u>Figure 217 below</u>). On the download page, download the correct OST Plug-in for your backup application and operating system. Also on the download page, click **Installation Instructions**, to download the OST Plug-in Installation Instructions. Follow the included instructions to install the OST Plug-in on your media server.

Note: For information about configuring and using OST with the DXi4700, see the DXi-Series NetBackup and Backup Exec OST Configuration Guide (6-67079).

Oracle Recovery Manager (RMAN)

Recovery Manager (RMAN) is an Oracle utility that can back up, restore, and recover database files. Using RMAN, an Oracle database server can manage RMAN share backups through the DXi4700 and can take advantage of the system's capabilities, such as data deduplication and replication. To use RMAN, you must first download the RMAN Plug-in and install it on the Oracle server.

To download the RMAN Plug-in, click **Client Plug-in Download** (see <u>Figure 217 below</u>). On the download page, download the correct RMAN Plug-in for your operating system. Also on the download page, click **Installation Instructions**, to download the *RMAN Plug-in Installation Instructions*. Follow the included instructions to install the RMAN Plug-in on your media server.

Note: For information about configuring and using RMAN with the DXi4700, see the *RMAN Configuration Guide.*

Figure 217: Client Plug-Ins Page



App Environment

The App Environment page allows you enable and disable DAE or Veeam on the DXi4700.

To access the App Environment page, on the System page, click the App Environment tab.

Dynamic Application Environment (DAE)

DAE, technically known as a Hypervisor, provides a virtual machine environment in which you can install additional operating systems for running third-party applications you provide on your supported system. Once licensed and configured, the DAE feature on the DXi4700 allows applications installed in the VM to run in a completely independent environment, and can also access DXi system resources and shares.

Contact Quantum Service to have DAE installed and configured on your DXi system.

Veeam ®

The Veeam feature on DXi4700 allows the system to perform backup and replication with Veeam software on VMware vSphere and Microsoft Hyper-V virtual environments.

Contact Quantum Service to have Veeam installed and configured on your DXi system.

In order to enable DAE or Veeam, a license key is required (see <u>Figure 218 below</u>). If you need to install your license key, refer to <u>License Keys on page 375</u>

Once the DAE or Veeam license keys are installed, the enable/disable function will appear (see Figure 219 on the next page).

Figure 218: App Environment License Not Installed Page

Application Environment	Help
DAE License Not Installed License Key Required In order to take advantage of this feature, a DAE license key is required. If you have already purchased the required license key from Quantum and would like to install it, you may do so using the Utilities -> License Keys page.	
VEEAM License Not Installed License Key Required In order to take advantage of this feature, a VEEAM license key is required. If you have already purchased the required license key from Quantum and would like to install it, you may do so using the Utilities -> License Keys page.	

Figure 219: App Environment License Installed Page

Enable DAE ?		
Apply Cancel		
Enable VEEAM ?		
Username		
	Add Edit Delete Refresh	
	Alias Fingerprint	
SSH Public Key		
Allow login with password		
New Password		
NOW FOOTU		

Additional Information

- The DXi4700 cannot be configured with both DAE and Veeam.
- A system reboot will be required to enable/disable DAE or Veeam.
- A virtual machine (VM) NAS share must be created before DAE is enabled (see <u>Adding a NAS Share</u> on page 203).

Tasks

Use the App Environment page to perform the following tasks:

- Enable DAE on the DXi (see Enable DAE below).
- Disable DAE on the DXi (see <u>Disable DAE on page 352</u>).
- Enable Veeam on the DXi (see Enable Veeam on page 353).
- Add an SSH Public Key to a Veeam User (see <u>Veeam Add an SSH Public Key on page 356</u>)
- Disable Veeam on the DXi (see <u>Disable Veeam on page 358</u>)

Enable DAE

To enable DAE:

1. Select the **Enable DAE** check box (see Figure 220 below).

Figure 220: Application Environment - Enable DAE

Enable DAE Cancel			
	Alias	Fingerprint	

2. Click **Apply**.

A dialog box appears stating that the system will require a reboot. Click **Yes**. A reboot banner will display during the reboot. Once the reboot is complete the login window will appear (see Figure 221 below).

1 Note: The reboot takes approximately 20 minutes to complete.

Figure 221: Login Window

Login	
Login Type	
	Monitor (view-only access)
	Administrator
	Service
	ELDAP/AD (primary server: Idap7.quantum-sqa.com)
Username	
Password	
	Login
	U.S. Pat. No.: 5,990,810

3. Log back into the DXi4700 (see Logging On to the DXi4700 on page 59)

4. Navigate back to the **App Specific** page (**Configuration > System > App Specific**). DAE will now be enabled with a status of **Running** or **Not Running** (see Figure 222 below).

Enable DAE ? Running		
Apply Cancel		
Enable VEEAM 🕐		
	Alias Fingerprint	

Figure 222: Application Environment - DAE Enabled

1 Note: If DAE is not running, refer to the Troubleshooting DAE section below.

Troubleshooting DAE

If you encounter problems when enabling the DAE feature, see the table below for troubleshooting steps:

Problem	Corrective Action
System alerts	Review any Admin Alerts (see <u>Admin Alerts on page 191</u>) or Service Tickets (see <u>Service</u> <u>Tickets on page 192</u>) that were generated when enabling DAE.
System memory	Depending on the current system configuration, additional memory may be required to run DAE, or the additional memory was installed incorrectly. Contact Quantum

Disable DAE

To disable DAE:

- 1. Clear the the Enable DAE check box (see Figure 220 on the previous page)
- 2. Click Apply.

A dialog box appears stating that the system will require a reboot. Click **Yes**. A reboot banner will display during the reboot. Once the reboot is complete the login window will appear (see Figure 221 on the previous page).

1 Note: The reboot takes approximately 20 minutes to complete.

3. Navigate back to the **App Specific** page (**Configuration > System > App Specific**). DAE will now be disabled.

Enable Veeam

- WARNING: Enabling Veeam creates a local account named 'veeam'. If the associated LDAP/AD server has a user defined as 'veeam', you must do the following:
- 1. Disjoin from the AD domain and/or disable LDAP (see LDAP/AD on page 328).
- 2. Enable Veeam.
- After the system reboot is complete, join the AD domain and/or enable LDAP (see <u>LDAP/AD on page 328</u>).

Additional Information

- Reboot is required after enabling or disabling Veeam.
- When enabling Veeam for the first time, a password will be required.
- Public keys cannot be configured until after Veeam has been enabled and the system has been rebooted.

Best Practices Guide

The Best Practices Guide for Veeam Backup & Replication is available at www.quantum.com/DXi4700BPG

To enable Veeam:

1. Select the Enable Veeam check box (see Figure 223 below).

Figure 223: Application Environment - Enable Veeam

🔄 Enable DAE 🕐			
Apply Cancel			
Inable VEEAM 🕐			1
Username	veeam		
	Add Edit	Delete Refresh	
	Alias	Fingerprint	
SSH Public Key			
Allow login with password	1		
New Password			
Confirm Password			

- 2. Select the Allow login with password check box.
- 3. Enter the following information:

New Password	Enter the new password.
Confirm Password	Enter the new password again to confirm it.

Additional Information

Passwords can be up to 32 characters. Alphanumeric characters and special characters are allowed.

4. Click Apply.

A dialog box appears stating that the system will require a reboot. Click **Yes**. The DXi will reboot and the login screen will appear (see Figure 221 on page 351).



Figure 224: Login Window

Login	
La sia Tana	
Login Type	Monitor (view-only access)
	 Administrator
	Service
	IDAP/AD (primary server: ldap7.quantum-sqa.com)
Username	
Password	
	Login
	U.S. Pat. No.: 5,990,810

- 5. Log back into the DXi4700 (see Logging On to the DXi4700 on page 59)
- Navigate back to the App Specific page (Configuration > System > App Specific). Veeam will now be enabled with a status of Running or Not Running (see Figure 225 below).

Figure 225: Application Environment - Veeam Enabled

Enable DAE ?			
Apply Cancel			
Enable VEEAM Runn	ing		
Username	veeam		
	Add Edit	Delete Refresh	
	Alias	Fingerprint	
SSH Public Key	There are r	o public keys defined.	
Allow login with password			
New Password			
Confirm Password			5
Apply Cancel			

1 Note: If Veeam is not running, refer to the Troubleshooting Veeam section below.

Troubleshooting Veeam

If you encounter problems when enabling the Veeam feature, see the table below for troubleshooting steps:

Problem	Corrective Action
System alerts	Review any Admin Alerts (see <u>Admin Alerts on page 191</u>) or Service Tickets (see <u>Service</u> <u>Tickets on page 192</u>) that were generated when enabling Veeam.
System memory	Depending on the current system configuration, additional memory may be required to run Veeam, or the additional memory was installed incorrectly. Contact Quantum

Veeam - Add an SSH Public Key

Once Veeam is enabled, the Veaam user account may be configured with Secure Shell (SSH) key-based authentication (see Figure 226 below).

Figure 226: Veeam SSH Authentication

Username	veeam			
	Add	Edit	Delete	Refresh
	Alias		Finge	erprint
SSH Public Key	Inere	are no	ривнс ке	eys defined.
,				
✓ Allow login with password				

To add an SSH Public Key:

1. Click Add.

The Add Public Key page displays (see Figure 227 on the next page).

Figure 227: Add Public Key Page

Add Public Key	X
*Alias)
Public Key	
* Required field	
Required field	
Apply Cancel	

2. Enter an SSH Alias for the public key.

Additional Information

- An alias can be up to 20 characters.
- Alias must be an alphanumeric string (no spaces or special characters).
- It is OK to have the same alias for different accounts (CLI Administrator and CLI Viewer).
- 3. Copy and paste the **Public Key** generated from a SSH key.

Additional Information

- A public key should be in the following form: <key-type> <base64 encoded string> (see Figure 228 on the next page).
- A public key length can be up to 16kb.

Figure 228: Sample Public Key Page

Add Public Key		×
*Alias	Test	
Public Key	ssb_tsa AAAAB3NzaC1yc2EAAAABIwAAAQEAla2Hq5dXGO9AMt1tdA4bkzxw4XEw6UIKlS4ZhPyVyZqv qLI+FuNmyMYaS95NEPGfB1HaeN/ElDOs6j1Gad99TsoM1eXaLQgkMJKN4A5U3erMvXNJl2MNq BPxK5Bt6cCniTj47sfBWACvLoFgRYkQ8ERgUGDAlBi8smQam7GHD8hGrQkF51WDujhRQErr2hu 0HJ+[E]Tbr+3/FqeIZHXn5JIN1dKDWjaBi /SNNDPoQFCk1WN5Gc7hZIW+8l8K7OC53h1n5IfjVFAmS3Y5qP0l8UZnBcO9f7G /FzQHmGZx+VRQaPVat4UmWqtw0wpR+YorssK50HsdUaQdvolYqa5Qvw==	
* Required field		
Apply Cancel		

4. Click Apply.

The new SSH public key appears under the Veeam username (see Figure 229 below).

Enable VEEAM ? Running		
Username	veeam	
	Add Edit	Delete Refresh
	Alias	Fingerprint
	Sample	d5:66:ce:6b:70:95:8d:d1:de:0d:23:ee:bc:f0:b4:5e
SSH Public Key		
📝 Allow login with password		
New Password		
Confirm Password		

Figure 229: Available Veeam User SSH Public Keys

The SSH public key contains the following information:

Alias	Name of key.
Fingerprint	Short sequence of bytes used to identify a public key.

Disable Veeam

To disable Veeam:

- 1. Clear the the Enable Veeam check box (see Figure 225 on page 355).
- 2. Click Apply.

A dialog box appears stating that the system will require a reboot. Click **Yes**. The DXi will reboot and the login screen will appear (see Figure 221 on page 351).

1 Note: The reboot takes approximately 20 minutes to complete.

 Navigate back to the App Specific page (Configuration > System > App Specific). Veeam will now be disabled.

Redirect Logging

The **Redirect Logging** page allows you to redirect the following file logs on the DXi4700 to another system:

- /var/log/cron
- /var/log/messages
- /var/log/secure
- /var/log/maillog

To access the **Redirect Logging** page, on the **System** page, click the **Redirect Logging** tab (see <u>Figure</u> <u>230 below</u>).

Figure 230: Redirect Logging Page

Redirect Logging		Help
 Enable Redirect Logging Redirect Logging Target 	Hostname or IP Address.	
Port	514	
Protocol * Required field	IDP OTCP	
Apply Cancel		

To redirect logging:

- 1. Select the Enable Redirect Logging check box.
- 2. Enter the following information about the redirect:

Redirect Logging Target	Enter the Hostname or IP Address of the system where the logs will be redirected.
Port	Enter the Network Port number. The default port is 514.
Protocol	Select the network protocol: UDP - User Datagram Protocol (Default)
	TCP - Transmission Control Protocol

3. Click Apply.

FC Initiators and Targets

The **FC Initiators & Targets** page allows you to see all path to tape initiator and target ports and their associated World Wide Port Numbers (WWPNs). You can also change a Fibre Channel port to initiator or target mode.

(i) Note: Fibre Channel ports are available in DXi4700 VTL and Multi-Protocol configurations only.

To access the **FC Initiators & Targets** page, on the **System** page, click the **FC Initiators & Targets** tab (see Figure 231 below).

Figure 231: FC Initiators and Targets Page

Fibre (Fibre Channel Initiators & Targets Halp			
	Refresh		Fibre Channel Port Backpanel Locations	
Alias 🔺	WWPN	Port Type		
FC0	500e09e200322110	Target		
FC1	500e09e200322111	Target		
			📕 Mapped Target 📃 Unmapped Target 🔲 Active Initiator 📕 Inactive Initiator	

Tasks

Use the FC Initiators & Targets page to perform the following tasks:

View information about initiator and target Fibre Channel ports (see <u>Fibre Channel Initiators and Targets</u> <u>List below</u>).

Change the mode of a Fibre Channel port (see Editing the Fibre Channel Port Type on the next page).

Fibre Channel Initiators and Targets List

The **Fibre Channel Initiators & Targets** section displays the following information for all Fibre Channel ports:

Alias The alias of the Fibre Channel port.	
WWPNThe World Wide Port Number of the Fibre Channel Port.	
Port Type	The current mode of the Fibre Channel port (Initiator or Target).

(i) Note: Click **Refresh** to update the list with the latest port information.
Chapter 9: Configuration Contacts

The **Backpanel Locations** section displays a graphical representation of the Fibre Channel ports as they appear on the rear of the system. The diagram shows the status of each Fibre Channel port: **Mapped Target** (green), **Unmapped Target** (yellow), **Active Initiator** (blue), or **Inactive Initiator** (orange).

Editing the Fibre Channel Port Type

Edit the port type to change the mode of a Fibre Channel port to initiator or target mode. You can change the port mode only on inactive connections:

Additional Information

- Before changing a Fibre Channel port type from initiator to target, unplug the Fibre Channel port wire connection.
- Before changing a Fibre Channel port type from target to initiator, un-map any host mapping on the Fibre Channel port, and unplug the Fibre Channel port wire connection.

To edit the Fibre Channel Port type:

- 1. Select the port in the list and click Edit.
- 2. Select the new port mode (Initiator or Target) in the drop-down box,
- 3. Click Update.

Contacts

The **Contacts** page allows you to enter company information. You can also enter individual contact information for primary and secondary contacts.

To access the Contacts page, click the Configuration menu, and then click the Contacts tab.

The Contacts page contains the following tabs:

- Company below
- Primary and Secondary on the next page

Company

The Company page allows you to enter information about the company and location of the DXi4700.

To access the **Company** page, on the **Contacts** page, click the **Company** tab (see <u>Figure 232 on the next</u> page).

Chapter 9: Configuration Contacts

Figure 232: Company Page

Company Information	Help
Company Name	
Street	
City	
State	
Postal Code	
Country	
DXi4701 - NAS Location	
Support Contract	
Apply	

To enter company information:

1. Enter the following information:

Company Name	Enter the company name.
Street	Enter the company street address.
City	Enter the company city.
State	Enter the company state.
Postal Code	Enter the company postal code.
Country	Enter the company country.
DXi4700Location	Enter the physical location of the DXi4700 (for example, data center).
Support Contract	Enter the support contract number for the DXi4700.

2. Click Apply.

Primary and Secondary

The **Primary** and **Secondary** pages allow you to enter information about the primary and secondary contacts for the DXi4700.

To access the **Primary** or **Secondary** page, on the **Contacts** page, click the **Primary** or **Secondary** tab (see Figure 233 on the next page).

Chapter 9: Configuration Contacts

Figure 233: Primary and Secondary Pages

Primary Contact Information	Help
Name	
Email Address	
Phone	
Fax	
Pager	
Street	
City	
State	
Postal Code	
Country	
Apply	

To enter primary or secondary contact information:

1. Enter the following information:

Name	Enter the contact name.
Email Address	(Required) Enter the contact e-mail address.
Phone	Enter the contact phone number.
Fax	Enter the contact fax number.
Pager	Enter the contact pager number.
Street	Enter the contact street address.
City	Enter the contact city.
State	Enter the contact state.
Postal Code	Enter the contact postal code.
Country	Enter the contact country.

2. Click Apply.



Chapter 10: Utilities

This chapter contains the following topics:

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Analyzer	.370
Space Reclamation	.372
license Keys	.375
Secure Shred	. 379
Software Upgrades	.381
Reboot & Shutdown	. 389

DXi4700 Utilities Overview

The **Utilities** pages to perform maintenance tasks on the DXi4700, such as generating and downloading diagnostic files, analyzing disk and network performance, managing space reclamation, and securely erasing the system. You can also install license keys, upgrade the system software, and reboot or shut down the DXi4700.

To access the Utilities pages, click the Utilities menu.

The Utilities pages contain the following tabs:

Chapter 10: Utilities Diagnostics

- Diagnostics below
- Analyzer on page 370
- Space Reclamation on page 372
- License Keys on page 375
- Secure Shred on page 379
- Software Upgrades
- Software Upgrades on page 381
- Storage
- Reboot & Shutdown on page 389

Diagnostics

The **Diagnostics** page allows you to generate and download diagnostic files. You can also perform healthchecks to verify the health and integrity of the data deduplication blockpool.

The diagnostic files are helpful when troubleshooting problems on the DXi4700. Generate and download the diagnostic files before contacting Quantum customer support.

To access the **Diagnostics** page, click the **Utilities** menu, and then click the **Diagnostics** tab.

The **Diagnostics** page contains the following tabs:

System Diag File

The **System Diag File** page allows you to generate and download a system diagnostics file. This file contains the diagnostic logs for all of the system components.

To access the **System Diag File** page, on the **Diagnostics** page, click the **System Diag File** tab (see Figure 234 below).

Figure 234: System Diag File Page



To generate and download a system diagnostics file:

1. Click Generate New to generate a new system diagnostics file.

The system generates a new diagnostics file. This can take several minutes.

- 2. After the file finishes generating, click the link to enable the **Download Current** button.
- 3. To download the generated diagnostics file, click **Download Current**.

A dialog box displays asking if you want to open or save the file.

4. Click Save or OK to download the file.

Storage Array Diag File

The **Storage Array Diag File** page allows you to generate and download a storage array diagnostics file. This file contains the diagnostic logs for the storage arrays.

To access the **Storage Array Diag File** page, on the **Diagnostics** page, click the **Storage Array Diag File** tab (see <u>Figure 235 below</u>).

Figure 235: Storage Array Diag File Page



To generate and download a system diagnostics file:

1. Click Generate New to generate a new storage array diagnostics file.

The system generates a new diagnostics file. This can take several minutes.

- 2. After the file finishes generating, click the link to enable the Download Current button.
- 3. To download the generated diagnostics file, click Download Current.

A dialog box displays asking if you want to open or save the file.

4. Click Save or OK to download the file.

DSET

The **DSET** page allows you to generate a DSET report. DSET is a hardware diagnostic utility included with the DXi4700. A DSET report contains an array of status information about the DXi4700 hardware. A Quantum customer support representative can use this information to help identify and diagnose problems.

Note: Generate a DSET report only if directed to do so by a Quantum customer support representative.

To access the **DSET** page, on the **Diagnostics** page, click the **DSET** tab (see Figure 236 below).

Figure 236: DSET Page



To generate a DSET report:

1. Click Generate Report.

Click OK to continue. The system generates a new DSET report. This can take several minutes.

Note: You may see error or warning messages in the status text as the DSET report is generated. This is expected and does not indicate a problem with the report.

2. To download the newly generated DSET report, click Download Report.

A dialog box displays asking if you want to open or save the file.

3. Click Save or OK to download the file.

The DSET report is saved as a compressed zip file to the specified location.

4. Locate the DSET report you downloaded and send it to the e-mail or FTP address provided by Quantum Customer Support.

Healthchecks

The **Healthchecks** page allows you to perform tests that verify the health and integrity of the data deduplication blockpool. You can also enable and disable healthchecks.

Note: To configure the DXi4700 to automatically run the healthchecks at specified intervals, use the Configuration > Scheduler page (see <u>Scheduling Healthchecks on page 282</u>).

To access the Healthchecks page, on the Diagnostics page, click the Healthchecks tab.

The Healthchecks page contains the following tabs:

General

The **General** page allows you to start running the healthchecks or stop them if they are already running. When you start the healthchecks, only the healthchecks that are currently enabled are run (see <u>Diagnostics</u> on page 365).

To access the **General** page, on the **Healthchecks** page, click the **General** tab (see Figure 237 on the next page).

Figure 237: General Page

hecks	H
Ready	
100 %	
Mon Jan 27 05:00:07 2014	
Mon Jan 27 05:00:16 2014	
Stop	
	Ready 100 % Mon Jan 27 05:00:07 2014 Mon Jan 27 05:00:16 2014

The General page displays the following information about the most recently run healthchecks:

Status	The status of the healthchecks (In Progress, Success, Failed, or Interrupted).
Progress	The percentage complete of the healthchecks.
Start Time	The time the healthchecks started.
End Time	The time the healthchecks ended.

Use the General page to perform the following tasks:

- To start all enabled healthchecks, click Start.
- To stop all healthchecks in progress, click **Stop**.

Status

The **Status** page allows you to view information about the most recent test results for each healthcheck. You can also enable or disable a healthcheck.

The following healthchecks are available:

- **De-Duplication** Checks the overall health of the blockpool. This healthcheck verifies that the metadata in the namespace file and the data tags in the blockpool are correctly in sync.
- **Integrity** Checks the integrity of data in the blockpool. This healthcheck examines a sample of data tags in the blockpool and verifies that the data has been properly stored without errors or corruption.

To access the **Status** page, on the **Healthchecks** page, click the **Status** tab (see <u>Figure 238 on the next</u> page).

Figure 238: Status Page

lost	Recent Healthcheck	Test Res	ults				
	Healthcheck Name	State	Started	Finished	Status	tatus	
D	De-Duplication	enabled	Mon Jan 27 05:00:08 2014	Mon Jan 27 05:00:15 2014	Success	Iccess	
Ð	Integrity	disabled			Ready	ady	

The **Status** page displays the following information about the most recently run test for each healthcheck:

Healthcheck Name	The name of the healthcheck.	
State	The state of the healthcheck (enabled or disabled).	
Started	The time the healthcheck started	
Finished	The time the healthcheck ended.	
Status	The status of the healthcheck (Success or Failed).	
	Note: If running a healthcheck results in the Contact Support status, contact Quantum Customer Support for further assistance.	

To enable or disable a healthcheck:

1. Select the healthcheck and click Edit.

The Edit Healthcheck page displays (see Figure 239 below).

Figure 239: Edit Healthcheck Page



2. Select the check box to enable the healthcheck.

Or clear the check box to disable the healthcheck.

3. Click Apply.

1 Note: When healthchecks are run (manually or scheduled), only enabled healthchecks are run.

Caution: If a healthcheck fails when it is run, there may be a problem in the blockpool that could cause replication or restore operations to fail. Contact Quantum customer support if a healthcheck fails.

Analyzer

The Analyzer page allows you to analyze the network and disk performance of the DXi4700.

To access the Analyzer page, click the Utilities menu, and then click the Analyzer tab.

The Analyzer page contains the following tabs:

- Network Analyzer below
- Disk Analyzer on page 372

Network Analyzer

The **Network Analyzer** page allows you to analyze network performance by measuring network throughput between the DXi4700 and another system (such as another DXi system).

To access the Network Analyzer page, on the Analyzer page, click the Network tab.

The Network Analyzer page contains the following tabs:

- Performance below
- Settings on the next page

Performance

The **Performance** page allows you to perform network analysis with another system (the target). You can also view results from the most recently run test

To access the **Performance** page, on the **Network Analyzer** page, click the **Performance** tab (see <u>Figure</u> 240 on the next page).

Chapter 10: Utilities Analyzer

Figure 240: Performance Page

NetServer Settings			Help
Perform Network Analysis of this	DXi using another DXi.		
	naximum bandwidth available between th ed on the Utilities > Analyzer > Network >	-	
* Target IP Address * Required Field	Start		
Result From Last Run			
Note: Result refresh takes ab	out 5 seconds.		
Analysis Of	Throughput		
Network	No data		

To perform network analysis:

1. In the Target IP Address box, enter the IP address of the system to perform network analysis with.

The target system must have NetServer enabled (see Settings below).

2. Click Start.

The throughput result is displayed under Result From Last Run in MB/s.

1 Note: It takes approximately 5 seconds to refresh the results.

Settings

The **Settings** page allows you to enable or disable NetServer on the DXi4700. NetServer must be enabled on the target DXi4700 system to perform network analysis with the system.

To access the **Settings** page, on the **Network Analyzer** page, click the **Settings** tab (see <u>Figure 241</u> below).

Figure 241: Settings Page

Network Analyzer	Help	J
 Enable NetServer Disable NetServer 		

To enable or disable NetServer on the target DXi4700:

1. Select Enable NetServer to enable NetServer.

Or select **Disable NetServer** to disable NetServer.

2. Click Apply.

Note: You should disable NetServer on the target system when you are done analyzing network performance.

Disk Analyzer

The **Disk Analyzer** page allows you to analyze disk performance by measuring disk read and write throughput.

To access the Disk Analyzer page, on the Analyzer page, click the Disk tab (see Figure 242 below).

Figure 242: Disk Analyzer Page

Perform System Disk Analysis. Start Result From Last Run Note: It takes approximately 5 seconds to refresh the result. Analysis Of Throughput Disk Read No data Disk Write No data	sk Analyzer		Help
Start Result From Last Run Note: It takes approximately 5 seconds to refresh the result. Analysis Of Throughput Disk Read No data	erform System Disk Analys	ie	
Result From Last Run Note: It takes approximately 5 seconds to refresh the result. Analysis Of Throughput Disk Read No data	enorm oystern bisk Analys	15.	
Note: It takes approximately 5 seconds to refresh the result. Analysis Of Throughput Disk Read No data	Start		
Note: It takes approximately 5 seconds to refresh the result. Analysis Of Throughput Disk Read No data			
Note: It takes approximately 5 seconds to refresh the result. Analysis Of Throughput Disk Read No data	Deput From Loot Dun		
Analysis Of Throughput Disk Read No data			
Disk Read No data			
	Analysis Of	Throughput	
Disk Write No data	Disk Read	No data	
	Disk Write	No data	

To perform disk analysis, click **Start**. The throughput result is displayed under **Result From Last Run** in KB/s.

Note: It takes approximately 5 seconds to refresh the results.

Space Reclamation

The **Space Reclamation** page allows you to manage space reclamation activity on the DXi4700. You can start or stop space reclamation. You can also monitor the progress of space reclamation activity.

During space reclamation, the DXi4700 searches the blockpool for tags that are no longer referenced and then deletes the unneeded tags to free up space.

In addition, the DXi automatically compacts reclaimable space in the following ways:

- During data ingest, reclaimable space is compacted as needed to provide space for new, deduplicated data.
- If the DXi is not in Low Space state, compaction starts when used disk space reaches a high level and there is sufficient reclaimable space. Compaction stops when used disk space falls below the high threshold state. The reclaimed space can be used to store new deduplicated or non-deduplicated data.

• If the DXi is in Low Space state, compaction starts and continues to run until the DXi exits Low Space state. The reclaimed space can be used to store new deduplicated or non-deduplicated data.

() Note: The current compaction status is displayed on the Home page (see <u>Home Page on page 116</u>).

Caution: For correct system operation, space reclamation *must* be run at regular intervals (at least once a week). Quantum recommends creating a schedule to automatically run space reclamation (see <u>Scheduling Space Reclamation on page 282</u>). Because space reclamation can affect system performance, avoid running space reclamation during known backup periods.

The space reclamation process can include up to four stages (see <u>Space Reclamation Status on the next</u> page).

New or Normal Mode	To increase performance, when space reclamation is initiated on the Space Reclamation page or as a scheduled event, only Stage 2 (Calculating Deletion Candidates) and Stage 3 (Deleting New Candidates) are run.
Low Space or Legacy Mode	When disk capacity is low, space reclamation is automatically started to free up disk space. In this case, all four stages of space reclamation are run.

To access the **Space Reclamation** page, click the **Utilities** menu, and then click the **Space Reclamation** tab (see Figure 243 below).

Figure 243: Space Reclamation Page

Space Reclamation Sta	atus		Help
Status)	
Stage Progress	100 %		
Total Progress	100 %		
Start Time	Sun Jan 26 17:30:02 2014		
End Time	Sun Jan 26 17:30:18 2014		
Reclaimable Space ?	0.00 MB		
Start	Stop		
Start	Kellesi		

The **Space Reclamation** page displays the following information about the current or most recent space reclamation activity:

Status	The status of space reclamation (see Space Reclamation Status on the next page).
Stage Progress	The progress of the current space reclamation stage.
Total Progress	The overall progress of space reclamation activity.
Start Time	The time space reclamation started.

End Time	The time space reclamation ended.
Reclaimable Space	The disk space that is occupied by outdated deduplicated data and which will be automatically reused if additional space for new deduplicated data is needed. Displays Pending when space reclamation is running.
	Note: Because the DXi can automatically use reclaimable space to store new deduplicated data, space reclamation statistics may be affected (appear lower) if ingest occurs at the same time as space reclamation.

Tasks

Use the **Space Reclamation** page to perform the following tasks:

- To start space reclamation, click Start.
- To stop space reclamation, click Stop.
- To update the display while space reclamation is running, click Refresh.

Space Reclamation Status

Space reclamation can have one of the following statuses:

Status	Description
Reclamation Completed	Space reclamation completed without errors.
Reclamation Started by User	Space reclamation was started manually by a user.
Reclamation Interrupted	Space reclamation was interrupted and must be restarted.
Reclamation Interrupted by User	Space reclamation was interrupted by a user and must be restarted.
Reclamation Interrupted - Error Encountered	Space reclamation was interrupted because an error was encountered and must be restarted.
Reclamation Interrupt by User - Cannot be interrupted at this time	Because the system is in a Low Space state, space reclamation cannot be stopped. Wait for space reclamation to finish freeing up disk space.
Reclamation Completed - No Candidates To Delete	Space reclamation completed, but there were no candidates for reclamation.

Status	Description
Reclaim Existing Blockpool Freed Space	The existing blockpool space has been reclaimed for use.
Stage 1 of 4	Reclaim Disk Space (Initial).
Stage 2 of 4	Calculating Deletion Candidates.
Stage 3 of 4	Deleting New Candidates.
Stage 4 of 4	Reclaim Disk Space.

License Keys

The **License Keys** page allows you to add a license key to the DXi4700 to enable new functionality. You can also view a list of available licenses and see the licenses that are installed on the system.

For all DXi4700 systems, you can add a storage capacity upgrade license key to enable installed hardware capacity. For more information, see Add a License Key on page 377.

To access the **License Keys** page, click the **Utilities** menu, and then click the **License Keys** tab (see Figure 244 below).

Figure 244: License Keys Page

Name	Installed	Date Installed	Description	
IAS	Yes		Enables NAS (NFS, CIFS) connectivity	
ata Deduplication	Yes		Enables data deduplication and compression	
teplication	Yes	2014-01-07 15:06:20	Enables replication to other DXi	
	Yes	2014-01-07 15:04:38	Enables storage capacity	
torage Capacity				
	Yes	2014-01-07 15:07:15	Enables Open Storage backup with Symantec OST	
itorage Capacity IST Jata-at-Rest Encryptior			Enables Open Storage backup with Symantec OST Enables Data-at-Rest encryption	

Tasks

Use the License Keys page to perform the following tasks:

- View information about available and installed licenses (see License Key Information below).
- Add a license key (see Add a License Key on the next page).
- License the Data-at-Rest Encryption feature (see <u>Licensing Data-at-Rest Encryption and Obtaining</u> Premium Feature Keys on page 378).

License Key Information

The License Key List displays the following information about licenses that are available for the DXi4700:

Name	The name of the license.	
	To display details for a license, click the license name. For a description of the licenses that are available on the DXi4700, see <u>Available Licenses below</u> .	
Installed	The state of the license (Yes if the license is installed, No if the license is not installed).	
Date Installed	If installed, the date the license was installed.	
Description	A brief description of the license.	

Available Licenses

The following licenses are available from Quantum:

License	Description
VTL	Enables the VTL interface to hosts. Additional virtual tape drives licenses are added through the VTL license area. (License key for 32 VTDs is pre-installed on all DXi4700 models DXi4700 VTL and Multi-Protocol configurations.)
NAS	Enables NAS (NFS, CIFS/SMB) connectivity. (License key is pre- installed on DXi4700 NAS and Multi-Protocol configurations.)
Data Deduplication	Enables data deduplication and compression. (License key is pre- installed on all DXi4700 models.)
Replication	Enables replication to other DXi systems. (License key is pre- installed on all DXi4700 models.)

License	Description
Storage Capacity	Enables the purchased storage capacity for the system. License key for 5 TB storage capacity is pre-installed on all DXi4700 configurations.
	For configurations larger than 5 TB, a license for the total purchased storage capacity ships with the system. In addition, usable storage capacity can be upgraded at any time after purchase by adding a storage capacity upgrade license to enable installed hardware capacity, up to a total of 135.
	Note: If you purchase a storage capacity upgrade, you will receive a License Certificate you can use to enable the additional capacity (see <u>License Keys on page 375</u>).
OST	Enables OpenStorage backup with Veritas OST. (License key is pre-installed on on DXi4700 NAS and Multi-Protocol configurations.)
Data-at-Rest Encryption	Enables the use of the Data-at-Rest Encryption capability to secure all data stored on the DXi4700.
	For more information, see <u>Licensing Data-at-Rest Encryption and</u> Obtaining Premium Feature Keys on the next page.
Data-in-Flight Encryption	Enables use of AES encryption (128-bit, 256-bit, or TLS with AES 256) when sending data to another system using DXi replication or OST Accent. (Not available in all regions.)
Dynamic Application Environment (DAE)	Enables the use of a virtual machine environment on the DXi4700. Contact Quantum Sales to purchase a DAE license.
Veeam	Enable the integration of Veeam Backup and Replication v9.5 with the DXi4700. Contact Quantum Sales to purchase a Veeam license.

Add a License Key

Add a license key to enable or additional storage capacity on the DXi4700. To add a license key, you must first obtain a License Certificate containing an authorization code.

To purchase a storage capacity upgrade license, contact your Quantum customer support. You will receive a License Certificate containing an authorization code.

To add a license key, locate the License Certificate, and then perform the following steps:

- 1. Open a Web browser on a computer with Internet access.
- 2. Enter http://www.quantum.com/licensekeys in the browser address box.

The License Key Management page displays (see Figure 245 on the next page).

Figure 245: License Key Management Page

Quant							oal Sites	
Products -	Solutions +	Industries 🗸	Applications -	Support +	Success Stories	s	Search Quantum	Q
							SUPPORT	
Lice	ense Key	Manage	ement			CONTACT US		
	e Licenses		Serial Number:			Request More Information Request Information		
Search entering	for your upgradeable the Serial Number.	Quantum product by	Submit))) Contact Quantum Sales (800) 677-6268 (US / CAN)		
						(800) 284-5101 (US / CAN)		
						LICENSE KEY HELP	E	
						How do I find my serial number? Learn how		

3. Enter the DXi system serial number in the Serial Number box and click Submit.

The Licensed Feature page displays.

1 Note: The serial number displays on the License Keys page, above the New Key box.

4. Enter the authorization code (printed on the License Certificate) and click Get License Key.

The **Licensed Feature** page returns a license key. Print out or write down the license key, or save it to a text file.

- 5. Access the DXi remote management console (see Accessing Remote Management on page 59).
- 6. Click the Utilities menu, and then click the License Keys tab.

The License Keys page displays.

7. Enter the license key in the New Key box, and then click Add.

The license key is added to the system.

Note: When adding a **Storage Capacity** license, it may take up to 10 minutes for the system to recognize the new storage capacity.

Licensing Data-at-Rest Encryption and Obtaining Premium Feature Keys

- 1. Open two Web browser windows on a computer with Internet access.
 - **1** Note: During this procedure, you can copy and paste required numbers between these two windows.
 - a. In one browser, navigate to the **Utilities > License Keys** page in the DXi remote management console.

Note that the system serial number and Storage Array Feature IDs displays directly above the **New Key** box.

b. In the other browser, enter the address for the License Key Management Web site (see):

http://www.quantum.com/licensekeys

- 2. On the License Key Management Web site, perform the following steps:
 - a. Enter the system serial number in the Serial Number box and click Submit.
 - b. Enter the authorization code (printed on the License Certificate) and click **Get License Key**.
- 3. In the DXi remote management console, on the **Utilities > License Keys** page, enter the Data-at-Rest Encryption license key in the **New Key** box, and then click **Add**.

The Data-at-Rest Encryption license key is added to the system.

- 4. In the DXi remote management console, navigate to the **Configuration > System > Security > Data-at-Rest** page and perform the following steps:
 - a. Enable Data-at-Rest Encryption for all hard drives in the DXi4700 (see <u>Data-at-Rest Encryption</u> on page 340).
 - b. Make a backup copy of your encryption keys (see Managing Recovery Files on page 342).

Secure Shred

The **Secure Shred** page allows you to securely and permanently erase sensitive data stored on the DXi4700. To securely erase data, first delete files on NAS shares or storage servers, or erase tape cartridges on VTL partitions, then start secure shred. During secure shred, all residual data associated with the deleted files or cartridges is securely erased from the disk drives by performing a single-pass overwrite with zeros.

While secure shred is running, the DXi4700 operates in limited mode. This means you cannot perform backups or restores, all scheduled jobs (including replication jobs) are stopped, and you cannot access or use any other features of the DXi. If necessary, you can cancel secure shred at any time and return the DXi to normal operation.

Caution: The secure shred process can take multiple days to complete.

To access the **Secure Shred** page, click the **Utilities** menu, and then click the **Secure Shred** tab (see Figure 246 on the next page).

Figure 246: Secure Shred Page

Secure File Shredding	Help
The Secure Shred process can take days to complete. The system must stop all jobs during this time. The system will reboot during this process.	
Last invoked None Last successful None	
Last result NA Last error string None	
Start Shred	

To securely erase data on the DXi4700:

- 1. Delete the data you want to securely erase:
 - Delete files on NAS shares, or delete the shares (see NAS Configuration on page 200).
 - Delete backup images on OST logical storage units (LSUs), or delete the LSUs and storage servers (see <u>OST Configuration on page 242</u>).
 - Recycle (erase) tape cartridges on VTL partitions, or delete the partitions (see <u>VTL Configuration on page 216</u>).
- Run space reclamation from the Utilities > Space Reclamation page (see <u>Space Reclamation on page 372</u>).
- 3. Make sure all replication and backup jobs are completed (see Replication on page 129).
- 4. On the Secure Shred page, click Start Shred.

A warning message displays.

5. Click Yes.

The system reboots and begins the secure shred process. This process can take multiple days to complete.

- 6. To check the status of secure shred, log onto the DXi4700 to view the limited **Secure Shred Mode** interface (see Figure 247 on the next page).
 - The Secure File Shred Log displays details about the secure shred progress. Click Hide to hide the log.
 - To cancel the secure shred process, click Cancel. The DXi reboots and resumes normal operation.
 - When the secure shred process is complete, the **Reboot** button displays.

(i) Note: You must log on as an Admin user to cancel secure shred or reboot the system.

Figure 247: Secure Shred Mode Interface

Secure File Shred	Help
Secure File Shred Status & Log Details	
Secure File Shred in progress	Status Ok
Secure File Shred Status: [CVFS-CHECK]- Task Complete: 3% - Overall Status: Step 2 of 3 - Overall Complete: 34% - Estimated Time: 8h 29m 7s	
Cancel	
Hide Secure File Shred Log Details Secure File Shred Log	
2013-07-08 09:30:41 Secure Shred initiated 2013-07-08 09:36:45 SNFS-DETRAG: Statted anfs-defrag on volume vol0 2013-07-08 09:36:45 SNFS-DETRAG: Total number of files prund: 36 2013-07-08 09:36:49 CVFS-CHECK: Number of blocks processed for shredding - 0 (33% complete) 2013-07-08 09:42:19 CVFS-CHECK: Number of blocks processed for shredding - 31172 (33% complete) 2013-07-08 09:42:19 CVFS-CHECK: Number of blocks processed for shredding - 603780 (34% complete) 2013-07-08 09:52:20 CVFS-CHECK: Number of blocks processed for shredding - 884356 (34% complete) 2013-07-08 09:52:20 CVFS-CHECK: Number of blocks processed for shredding - 884356 (34% complete)	

7. Click **Reboot** to finalize the secure shred process and reboot the DXi.

After the DXi finishes rebooting, you can resume normal system operation.

Software Upgrades

Software upgrades allow you to update the software running on the DXi4700 to the latest version. Software upgrades can include new features as well as bug fixes.

There are two methods for upgrading the DXi software:

Check for an upgrade (Home page)	The DXi can automatically check for software upgrades on the Home page, or you can manually perform an upgrade check (see <u>Checking For Software Upgrades below</u>). If an upgrade is found, you can choose to download and install it.
	This is the recommended method for upgrading, but it requires that the DXi be able to access the Internet.
	Caution: Configure your firewall so that the DXi can send data to and received data from updates.quantum.com using port 80 (HTTP).
Upload a software upgrade file (Software Upgrade page)	You can download a software upgrade file from the Quantum Service and Support Web site and then manually upload it to the DXi using the Software Upgrade page (see <u>Uploading a</u> <u>Software Upgrade File on page 386</u>).
	You can use this method if the DXi cannot access the Internet.
	Note: Uploading a software upgrade file may be useful if you are upgrading multiple DXi systems, as the file only needs to be downloaded once. Also, this method assures that all systems will be running the same software version following the upgrade.

Software Upgrades to DXi 3.2 Software and Higher

Software upgrades to DXi 3.2 Software and higher disable the following DXi user accounts:

- GUI Monitor
- CLI Administrator
- CLI Viewer
- Service GUI

After the upgrade is complete, the GUI Administrator must enable these accounts and set passwords (see <u>Security on page 315</u>).

Checking For Software Upgrades

The **Software Upgrade Utility** (accessible from the **Home** page) allows you to check for available DXi software upgrades and, if available, download and install them. You can also configure the DXi4700 to automatically check for software upgrades.

Note: To check for and download software upgrades, the DXi must be able to access the Internet. If the DXi cannot access the Internet, see Uploading a Software Upgrade File on page 386.

To access the **Software Upgrade Utility**, click **Home** on the main menu, and then click the **Software Upgrade** link (see Figure 248 on the next page).

Figure 248: Software Upgrade Utility

Software Upgrade Utility	? ×
The current version of the software is	
Check daily for software upgrades	Check Now
Last checked on 2015-09-08 11:53:50	
Available	Download
Software Upgrade Summary	
This software upgrade provides new features and other enhancements, as well as important bug fixes. For detailed release notes, go to: http://www.quantum.com	
Installation of this upgrade will require about one hour, and the DXi will be unavailable during this time. The system will reboot once during the upgrade process.	
To begin, click Download to download the software upgrade to the DXi. A progress bar displays the download progress.	
You can use the DXi normally while the upgrade downloads. If you need to return to this window, click Software Upgrade on the Home page.	
Ready	

Tasks

Use the Software Upgrade Utility to perform the following tasks:

- Configure the DXi4700 to automatically check for software upgrades (see <u>Automatically Checking for</u> <u>Upgrades below</u>).
- Manually check for software upgrades (see Manually Checking for Upgrades on the next page).
- Download and install available software upgrades (see <u>Downloading and Installing Upgrades on the</u> <u>next page</u>).

Automatically Checking for Upgrades

The DXi4700 can automatically check for available software upgrades on a daily basis. If a software upgrade is found, you will be notified by an admin alert as well as by a Quick Tip icon on the **Home** page, next to the current software version (see Figure 249 on the next page).

On the **Software Upgrade Utility**, select the **Check daily for software upgrades** check box to enable automatic upgrade checking. Automatic upgrade checking is enabled by default. To disable automatic upgrade checking, clear the **Check daily for software upgrades** check box (not recommended).

Figure 249: Home Page - Software Upgrade Available

Hostname	richierich	
IP Address	10.40 192.235	
Version	3.4.0 (13805-58621 Building)	
Serial Number	0110408/100530	
Data-at-Rest Encryption	Disabled	
Software Upgrade		

Manually Checking for Upgrades

To check for available software upgrades at any time, on the Software Upgrade Utility, click Check Now.

If a software upgrade is available, you can read information about the contents of the upgrade and, if you choose, download and install it.

Downloading and Installing Upgrades

If a software upgrade is available (after automatically or manually checking for upgrades), a summary describing the upgrade displays on the **Software Upgrade Utility**.

To download and install an available software upgrade:

1. On the Software Upgrade Utility, click Download.

The bottom status bar displays download progress. It will take several minutes to download the upgrade, depending on network speeds. You can use the DXi normally while the upgrade downloads. If you need to return to this window, click **Software Upgrade** on the **Home** page.

When the download is complete, a list of pre-upgrade actions displays (see <u>Figure 250 on the next</u> <u>page</u>). These are important actions you should take prior to installing the upgrade.

Figure 250: Software Upgrade Utility - Software Upgrade Downloaded



- 2. To ensure the system is healthy before upgrading, read and follow the instructions in each of the preupgrade actions. The pre-upgrade actions can differ depending on the type of upgrade, but typical actions include the following:
 - Address and delete all outstanding administration alerts (see Admin Alerts on page 191).
 - Resolve and close all outstanding service tickets (see Service Tickets on page 192).

Note: Quantum recommends taking the following actions before upgrading.

- Stop all active backup jobs (see your backup application). Any backup jobs that are run during the upgrade will fail.
- Unmount all cartridges from VTL partitions using your backup application.
- Make sure all replication jobs are complete (see <u>Replication on page 129</u>). If replication or synchronization jobs are nearly complete, Quantum recommends allowing them to complete before upgrading.
- Make sure space reclamation is complete (see <u>Space Reclamation on page 372</u>). If space reclamation is nearly complete, Quantum recommends allowing it to complete before upgrading.
- Download a system diagnostics file and transfer the file to a safe repository off of the DXi (see <u>System Diag File on page 365</u>). The system diagnostics file can help in resolving problems if they occur.
- 3. Confirm that you have completed all pre-upgrade actions by selecting the Ready to install check box.

- **Note:** The **Ready to install** check box and the **Install** button are disabled if there are any outstanding administration alerts or service tickets.
- 4. To begin the upgrade process, click Install.

Read the onscreen information to learn what to expect during the upgrade. The bottom status bar displays installation progress, and a message displays if a reboot is required.

Depending on the type of upgrade, the DXi may be placed in service mode for about an hour. While in service mode, the system will shut down all backup and replication services. If necessary, the DXi will restart one or more times to complete the upgrade.

Note: If you decide not to install the software upgrade after downloading it, click **Remove Software Upgrade File** to remove the current download from the DXi.

Clear your Web browser cache before logging on to the remote management console for the first time following the software upgrade. This will ensure the remote management console displays correctly.

Uploading a Software Upgrade File

The **Software Upgrade** page allows you to upload and install a software upgrade file on the DXi4700. Use this upgrade method if the DXi cannot access the Internet.

Before you begin, download the software upgrade file on a computer connected to the Internet, and then copy the software upgrade file (.fw) to the computer you will use to access the DXi remote management console. You can download the software upgrade file and release notes from the Quantum Service and Support Web site:

http://www.quantum.com/ServiceandSupport/Index.aspx

To access the **Software Upgrade** page, click the **Utilities** menu, and then click the **Software Upgrade** tab (see Figure 251 below).

Figure 251: Software Upgrade Page

Upload New DXi Software Upgrade File	Help
Software Upgrade File Browse No file selected. Warning: Upload may take a few minutes and MUST NOT BE INTERRUPTED. Once you click on the Upload button DO NOT CLICK on any hyperlinks, toolbar buttons, or menu items until the upload finished message app	
Upload	

To upload a software upgrade file:

- 1. Click the Browse button to browse the system and locate the software upgrade file.
- 2. Click Upload.
- 3. Click Start to begin the upload process.

Do not close the window until the uploading and unpacking process is complete. An **Information** message displays stating the software upgrade file was uploaded successfully.

4. Click **OK**.

The **Software Upgrade** page indicates that a software upgrade file has been uploaded (see <u>Figure</u> <u>252 below</u>).

Figure 252: Software Upgrade Page - Software Upgrade File Uploaded

Install Software Upgrade File	Help
A new software upgrade file has been uploaded. You must install the software upgrade file in order to	activate it.
Install Remove	

5. Click Install.

Additional Information

- If necessary, click the link to delete any outstanding administration alerts before proceeding.
- If you decide not to install the software upgrade file after uploading it, click Remove on the Utilities > Software Upgrade page to remove the uploaded software upgrade file from the DXi.

The Software Upgrade Utility displays (see Figure 253 on the next page).

Figure 253: Software Upgrade Utility - Software Upgrade File Uploaded

Software Upgrade Utility	? X
The current version of the software is	
Check daily for software upgrades	Check Now
Last checked on 2017-06-13 5:16:07 AM MDT	
Note: To help Quality and Service provide customer support, Quantum regularly collects system serial number, model, and software version when checking for software upgrades and after successful softw downloads and upgrades. The information collected does not contain any customer data stored on the system.	vare
Ready	Remove Software Upgrade File
Software Upgrade Summary	
This software upgrade provides new features and other enhancements, as well as important bug fixes. For detailed release notes, go to: http://www.quantum.com	
Installation of this upgrade will require about one hour, and the DXi will be unavailable during this time. The system will reboot once during the upgrade process.	
To begin, click Download to download the software upgrade to the DXi. A progress bar displays the download progress.	
You can use the DXi normally while the upgrade downloads. If you need to return to this window, click Software Upgrade on the Home page.	
Before You Install	
To ensure a successful upgrade, perform the following pre-upgrade actions:	
Delete all outstanding administration alerts (Alerts > Admin Alerts). Close all outstanding service tickets (Alerts > Service Tickets). Stop all active backup jobs (see your backup application). Any backup jobs that are run during the upgrade will fail. Unmount all cartridges from VTL partitions using your backup application. Make sure all replication jobs are complete (Replication > Send). Make sure space reclamation is complete (Replication > Send). Download a system diagnostics file and transfer the file to a safe repository off of the system (Utilities > Diagnostics > System Diag File). The system diagnostics file can help in resolving problems if they occur.	
Confirm that you have completed all pre-upgrade actions by selecting the Ready to install check box.	
To begin the upgrade process, click Install.	
(DXi4700 systems) The system will be placed in service mode for about an hour. While in service mode, the system will shut down all backup and replication services. The system will restart to complete the upgrade.	Ready to install
(DXi6900 systems) Installation time of this upgrade depends on the total number of Array and Expansion modules in the DXi system. Times will range from less than 1 hour (1 Array module) up to 2.5 hours (maximum 15 Array and Expansion modules). The DXi GUI will not	▼ Install
Ready	

- 6. To ensure the system is healthy before upgrading, read and follow the instructions in each of the preupgrade actions. The pre-upgrade actions can differ depending on the type of upgrade, but typical actions include the following:
 - Address and delete all outstanding administration alerts (see Admin Alerts on page 191).
 - Resolve and close all outstanding service tickets (see <u>Service Tickets on page 192</u>).

1 Note: Quantum recommends taking the following actions before upgrading.

- Stop all active backup jobs (see your backup application).
- Make sure all replication jobs are complete (see <u>Replication on page 129</u>). If replication or synchronization jobs are nearly complete, Quantum recommends allowing them to complete before upgrading.
- Make sure space reclamation is complete (see <u>Space Reclamation on page 372</u>). If space reclamation is nearly complete, Quantum recommends allowing it to complete before upgrading.
- Download a system diagnostics file and transfer the file to a safe repository off of the DXi (see <u>System Diag File on page 365</u>). The system diagnostics file can help in resolving problems if they occur.
- 7. After you have completed all pre-upgrade actions, confirm that you are ready to continue by selecting the **Ready to install** check box.

Note: The Ready to install check box and the Install button are disabled if there are any outstanding administration alerts or service tickets.

8. To begin the upgrade process, click Install.

Read the on-screen information to learn what to expect during the upgrade. The bottom status bar displays installation progress, and a message displays if a reboot is required.

Depending on the type of upgrade, the DXi may be placed in service mode for about an hour. While in service mode, the system will shut down all backup and replication services. If necessary, the DXi will restart one or more times to complete the upgrade.

Important - Clear Your Web Browser Cache

It is important to clear your Web browser cache before logging on to the remote management console for the first time following the software upgrade. This will ensure the remote management console displays correctly.

Reboot & Shutdown

The Reboot & Shutdown page allows you to reboot or shut down the DXi4700.

To access the **Reboot & Shutdown** page, click the **Utilities** menu, and then click the **Reboot & Shutdown** tab (see Figure 254 on the next page).

Caution: Before shutting down the DXi4700, make sure that all backup and replication jobs (as source and target) are finished, and that space reclamation activity is complete.

Figure 254: Reboot & Shutdown Page



To reboot or shutdown the DXi4700:

1. Under System Action, select an option:

Reboot	Reboots the DXi4700.	
	Rebooting the system closes the Web browser connection. You must log on again after the system has rebooted.	
Shutdown	Shuts down the DXi4700.	
Reset from diagnostic state	(Only available when the node is in degraded mode) Restarts the services on the node without rebooting the system.	

2. Click Apply.

3. Close the browser window.

DXi Shutdown Time

Shutting down the system can take up to 15 minutes. Only the node will completely shut down. When rebooting, the system can take approximately 30 minutes to start up, depending on the amount of installed storage capacity.



Chapter 11: System Specifications

This chapter lists specifications of the DXi4700. Refer to the following sections:

DXi4700 Physical Characteristics	391
DXi4700 Environmental Specifications	399

DXi4700 Physical Characteristics

The following tables provide dimensions and other physical characteristics of the DXi4700 system components:

- DXi4700 G1 Physical Characteristics on the next page
- DXi4700 G2 Physical Characteristics on the next page
- DXi4700 Storage Capacity on page 393
- DXi4700 Cable Drops on page 393
- DXi4700 Interfaces on page 395
- DXi4700 G1 Power Requirements on page 396
- DXi4700 G2 Power Requirements on page 398

DXi4700 G1 Physical Characteristics

	DXi4700 Node	DXi4700 Expansion Module (JBOD)
Height	2U, 3.4 inches (8.7 cm)	3.4 inches (8.7 cm)
Width (side to side)	17.5 inches (44.4 cm)	17.6 inches (44.6 cm)
Depth (front to back)	28.6 Inches (72.6 cm)	23.7 inches (60.2 cm)
Weight (stand alone)	61.0 pounds (27.7 kg)	62.6 pounds (28.4 kg)
Rack Space Required	2U	2U
Air clearance	Open 4 in (10.2 cm) behind unit for proper air flow	

DXi4700 G2 Physical Characteristics

	DXi4700 Node	DXi4700 Expansion Module (JBOD)
Height	2U, 3.4 inches (8.7 cm)	3.4 inches (8.7 cm)
Width (side to side)	17.5 inches (44.4 cm)	17.6 inches (44.6 cm)
Depth (front to back)	28.6 Inches (72.6 cm)	23.7 inches (60.2 cm)
Weight (stand alone)	49.4 pounds (22.4 kg)	59.2 pounds (26.8 kg)
Rack Space Required	2U	2U
Air clearance	Open 4 in (10.2 cm) behind unit for proper air flow	

DXi4700 Storage Capacity

DXi4700 Storage Capacity

Usable capacity*

From 5 TB to 135 TB

* Usable storage capacity can be upgraded at any time after purchase by adding a storage capacity upgrade license to enable installed hardware capacity, or by adding additional hardware capacity to the system. For information about upgrade options, see the *DXi4700 Capacity Upgrade Guide* (6-68107), or contact your Quantum sales representative.

DXi4700 Cable Drops

DXi4700 Cable Drops	
Ethernet Cable Drops	The following Ethernet connections are available for NAS or OST connectivity, replication, and remote management.
	(Standard) 3 x 1 GbE Ports
	One to three 1 GbE Ethernet connections.
	(Optional) 2 x 10 GbE ports <u>or</u> 2 x 10 GBase-T Ports
	 Two 10 GbE Ethernet connections (optical or Twinax)
	Two 10 GBase-T CAT6 Ethernet connections.
	Note: For Cisco 5000 Series Data Center Class switches, Quantum recommends using the approved 5 meter Twinax cable type that is shipped with the DXi4700 system. Otherwise, Quantum recommends using optical (SFP+) connectivity.
	i Note: The 10 GbE Copper (Twinax) cable options that Quantum provides do not support all switches. Please note the supported switches during the purchase-configuration process, and if the Twinax cables supplied by Quantum are <i>not</i> compatible with your switch, then you will need to provide your own compatible Twinax cables from your switch vendor. Be sure to have these available before the system installation takes place.

DXi4700 Cable Drops			
Ethernet Cables	1. 10GbE Optical Cable (DXi4700 G1) 3. 10GbE Copper (Twinax) Cable	2. 10GbE Optical Cable (DXi4700 G2) 4. 10GBase-T CAT6 Cable	
		3	
Fibre Channel Drops	(DXi4700 VTL and Multi-Protocol configurations only) 1 to 2 Fibre Channel connections for data transfer.		
Power Outlets	Node - 2 USA type 3-prong power outlets (Nema 5-15) or 2 C13 type 3-prong power outlets (IEC320 C13). For additional information, see <u>on page 391</u> .		
	Expansion Module (each) - 2 USA type 3-prong power outlets (Nema 5-15) or 2 C13 type 3-prong power outlets (IEC320 C13). For additional information, see <u>on page 391</u> .		

DXi4700 Interfaces

DXi4700 Virtual Device Limits and Hardware Interfaces		
Interfaces	VTL backup target (DXi4700 VTL and Multi-Protocol configurations only): 64 partitions maximum, 64 virtual tape drives (VTDs) maximum (no more than 32 VTDs active at any one time)	
	NAS backup target (DXi4700 NAS and Multi-Protocol configurations only): 128 shares maximum (NFS or CIFS)	
	OST backup target (DXi4700 NAS and Multi-Protocol configurations only): 100 storage servers maximum	
	Note: NFS version: NFSv2 and NFSv3	
	Note: Samba version: 4.1.12	
Hardware	(Standard) 3 ports 100/1000BASE-T Ethernet: RJ45 connector	
	(Optional) 2 ports 10 GbE Ethernet: Optical 10GBASE-SR via LC connector or Twinax copper 10GBASESFP+Cu via SFP+	
	(Optional) 2 ports 10 GBase-T CAT6 Ethernet: RJ45 connector	
	(VTL and Multi-Protocol) 2-4 ports 8 Gb Fibre Channel: LC connector	
	DXi4700 systems can contain either the optional 10 GbE Ethernet or 10 GBase-T CAT6 Ethernet hardware, but not both.	

DXi4700 G1 Power Requirements

DXi4700 Power Requirements

Power Supplies and Cords

Node Expansion Module (JBOD)

Two (2) hot-swappable redundant power supplies

Two (2) USA type 3-prong power cords with **IEC320 C13** to **Nema 5-15** connectors:



Two (2) C13 to C14 type 3-prong power cords with **IEC320 C13** to **IEC320 C14** connectors:



Voltage	Node	100–240 VAC	
	Expansion Module (JBOD)	100–240 VAC	
Frequency	Node	50–60Hz	
	Expansion Module (JBOD)	50–60Hz	
Inrush	Node	8.3A @ 100V	
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		4.7A @ 240V	
	Expansion Module	16.1A @ 100V	
	(JBOD)	4.7A @ 240V	
Maximum Operating	Node	4.4A @ 100V	
		1.8A @ 240V	
		440W	
		1501 BTU/Hr	
	Expansion Module	2.5A @ 100V	
	(JBOD)	1.2A @ 240V	
		264W	
		901 BTU/Hr	

DXi4700 G2 Power Requirements

DXi4700 Power Requirements

Power Supplies and Cords

Node Expansion Module (JBOD)

Two (2) hot-swappable redundant power supplies

Two (2) USA type 3-prong power cords with **IEC320 C13** to **Nema 5-15** connectors:



Two (2) C13 to C14 type 3-prong power cords with **IEC320 C13** to **IEC320 C14** connectors:



Voltage	Node	100–240 VAC
	Expansion Module (JBOD)	100–240 VAC
Frequency	Node	50–60Hz
	Expansion Module (JBOD)	50–60Hz

Inrush	Node	6.4A @ 100V
		4.1A @ 240V
	Expansion Module (JBOD)	10.1A @ 100V
		6.9A @ 240V
Maximum Operating	Node	4.3A @ 100V
		1.8A @ 240V
		427W
		1458 BTU/Hr
	Expansion Module	2.5A @ 100V
	(JBOD)	1.1A @ 240V
		244W
		9831 BTU/Hr

Caution: To safeguard backups in the event of a power outage, Quantum recommends that you connect the DXi4700 to a UPS (uninterruptable power supply).

DXi4700 Environmental Specifications

DXi4700 G1 Environmental Specifications

DXi4700 Climatic Environment			
Temperature	Operating	 10° to 35°C (50° to 95°F) with a maximum temperature gradient of 10°C per hour Note: 35°C (95°F) is the maximum temperature for the DXi4700 at sea level. For every 1,000 feet (305 meters) of altitude, the maximum temperature is reduced by 0.9°C. 	
	Shipping and storage	–20° to 60°C (4° to 140°F) with a maximum temperature gradient of 20°C per hour	

Relative humidity	Operating	20% to 80% (non-condensing) with a maximum humidity gradient of 10% per hour
	Shipping and storage	5% to 95% (non-condensing) with a maximum humidity gradient of 10% per hour
Altitude	Operating	–16m to 3048 m (–50 to 10,000 ft)
	Shipping and storage	–16m to 10,600 m (–100 to 35,000 ft)
DXi4700 Vibr	ation and Shock	
Sine	Operating	Random 0.26 G's, 5–350 Hz, Operational axis 10 minutes, psd: 0.0002 G2/Hz
Vibration	Non- operating	Random 0.5 G's, 5–350 Hz, Operational axis 10 minutes, psd: 0.0007 G2/Hz
Shock Vibration	Operating	2 G's for 11 ms, half-sine input, 3 shock pulses in both + and – directions operational axis
	Non- operating	3.5 G's for 11 ms, half-sine input, 3 shock pulses in both + and – directions operational axis
DXi4700 Aco	ustic	
Acoustic output	Operating	Sound Pressure Level 72 dbA maximum at any operation position
DXi4700 Age	ncy Approvals	
EMC/Safety	47 CFR part 15 CNS 13438 Cla CISPR 22 Clas CISPR 24 Clas EN 55022 Clas EN 55024 EN 61000-3-2 EN 61000-3-3 ICES-003 Clas VCCI V-3/2000 AS/NZS 3548 KCC RRL Clas	ass A ss A ss A ss A o Class A Class A

Immunity	IEC 61000-4-2 (Ed. 2.0 2008-12) - Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)
Tests	IEC 61000-4-3 (Ed. 3.1 2008-04) - Radiated RF Immunity
	IEC 61000-4-4 (Ed. 2.0 2004-07) - Electrical Fast Transient/Burst
Standards:	IEC 61000-4-5 (Ed. 2.0 2005-11) - Surge Immunity
EN55024:	IEC 61000-4-6 (Ed. 2.2 2006-05) - Conducted RF Immunity
1998	IEC 61000-4-8 (Ed. 1.1 2001-03) - Magnetic Field
+A1: 2001	IEC 61000-4-11 (Ed. 2.0 2004-03) - AC Dips and Interrupts
+A2:2003	
KN24	

DXi4700 G2 Environmental Specifications

Temperature	Operating	 10° to 35°C (50° to 95°F) with a maximum temperature gradient of 20°C per hour Note: 35°C (95°F) is the maximum temperature for the DXi4700 at sea level. For every 1,000 feet (305 meters) of altitude, the maximum temperature is reduced by 0.9°C.
	Shipping and storage	–40° to 65°C (-40° to 149°F) with a maximum temperature gradient of 20°C per hour
Relative humidity	Operating	10% to 80% (non-condensing) with a maximum humidity gradient of 10% per hour
	Shipping and storage	5% to 95% (non-condensing) with a maximum humidity gradient of 10% per hour
Altitude	Operating	–16m to 3048 m (–50 to 10,000 ft)
	Shipping and storage	–16m to 12,000 m (–50 to 39,370 ft)
DXi4700 Vibra	ation and Shock	
Sine	Operating	Random 0.26 G's, 5–350 Hz, Operational axis 10 minutes, psd: 0.0002 G2/Hz
Vibration	Non- operating	Random 1.88 G's, 10-500 Hz, Operational axis 15 minutes, psd: 0.0007 G2/Hz
Shock	Operating	40 G's for 2.3 ms, 6 shock pulses in both + and $-x$,y, and z axis
Vibration	Non- operating	71 G's for 2 ms, 6 shock pulses in both + and $-x$, y, and z axis.
DXi4700 Acou	ustic	
Acoustic output	Operating	Sound Pressure Level 72 dbA maximum at any operation position

EMC/Safety	47 CFR part 15 Class A CNS 13438 Class A CISPR 22 Class A CISPR 24 Class A EN 55022 Class A EN 55024 EN 61000-3-2 EN 61000-3-3 ICES-003 Class A VCCI V-3/2000 Class A AS/NZS 3548 Class A KCC RRL Class A
Immunity Tests Standards: EN55024: 1998 +A1: 2001 +A2:2003 KN24	IEC 61000-4-2 (Ed. 2.0 2008-12) - Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) IEC 61000-4-3 (Ed. 3.1 2008-04) - Radiated RF Immunity IEC 61000-4-4 (Ed. 2.0 2004-07) - Electrical Fast Transient/Burst IEC 61000-4-5 (Ed. 2.0 2005-11) - Surge Immunity IEC 61000-4-6 (Ed. 2.2 2006-05) - Conducted RF Immunity IEC 61000-4-8 (Ed. 1.1 2001-03) - Magnetic Field IEC 61000-4-11 (Ed. 2.0 2004-03) - AC Dips and Interrupts

Caution: The DXi4700 system is designed to be installed in a rack enclosure. Ensure that the operating temperature inside the rack enclosure does not exceed the maximum rated ambient temperature. Do not restrict air flow to the DXi components.



This chapter describes the status and problem reporting features of the DXi4700 as well as problems you might encounter during setup and operation of the system. Corrective information is provided to help you resolve these problems.

For for information about troubleshooting the DXi4700, see the following sections:

DXi4700 Status and Problem Reporting	404
	405
General Troubleshooting	405
Common Problems and Solutions	406

DXi4700 Status and Problem Reporting

To maintain system health and help you identify and correct problems that occur, the DXi4700 constantly performs the following actions:

- To maintain system health and help you identify and correct problems that occur, the DXi4700 constantly performs the following actions:
- Monitors the system software and hardware components.
- Detects system problems.
- Attempts to isolate each problem to a specific field replaceable component.
- Attempts to recover from the problem.
- Logs the problem.

• If the problem requires service, the system reports the problem in a service ticket associated with the field replaceable component.

General Troubleshooting

For information about general troubleshoot actions you can take, see the following sections:

- Viewing Service Tickets below
- Checking Hardware Status below
- Downloading a System Diagnostics File on the next page

Viewing Service Tickets

Service tickets include time and date information, status (open or closed), information about each error, and links to recommended troubleshooting procedures. The DXi4700 generates service tickets according to the following scenarios:

- If the component associated with the problem does not have an open service ticket, the DXi4700 opens a service ticket for the component and reports the problem in a service ticket.
- If the problem reoccurs, the DXi4700 logs the number of times that it detects the problem in the existing report.
- If a different problem occurs with the same component, the DXi4700 adds a new report to the same service ticket.
- If a problem occurs with a different component, the DXi4700 uses the above scenario to open a new service ticket for the component or report the problem in an existing service ticket associated with the component.

To access the Service Tickets page, click the Alerts menu, and then click the Service Tickets tab.

For more information about working with service tickets, see Service Tickets on page 192.

Checking Hardware Status

The **Hardware** page allows you to view information about the hardware components of the DXi4700. You can view the overall status of the node as well as detailed status information for components such as the system board, Fibre Channel adapters, network ports and storage arrays.

To access the Hardware page, click the Status menu, and then click the Hardware tab.

For information about using the Status page, see <u>Hardware on page 174</u>.

Downloading a System Diagnostics File

The **System Diag File** page allows you to generate and download a system diagnostics file. This file contains the diagnostic logs for all of the system components.

To access the System Diag File page, on the Diagnostics page, click the System Diag File tab.

For information about downloading the system diagnostics file, see System Diag File on page 365.

Common Problems and Solutions

The troubleshooting information in this section covers the following topics:

- Start-up Problems below
- Hardware Problems below
- Ethernet Network Problems on page 408
- Replication Problems on page 409
- Temperature Problems on page 409

Start-up Problems

Table 1 below describes problems that can occur during system start-up.

Table 1: Start-up Problems

Problem	Corrective Action
FATAL ERROR Unable to start SNFS! Message displays.	Contact your Quantum Customer Support representative (see <u>Getting More</u> <u>Information or Help</u>).
FATAL ERROR Unable to start blockpool! Message displays.	Contact your Quantum Customer Support representative (see <u>Getting More</u> <u>Information or Help</u>).

Hardware Problems

Table 1 on the next page describes corrective actions for problems occurring with the system hardware.

Table 1: Hardware Problems

Problem	Corrective Action
The system does not power on.	Make sure the power cords are connected to a grounded electrical outlet and the power switches located on the back of the power supplies are on. If the problem persists, contact your Quantum Customer Support representative to arrange for service (see <u>Getting More Information or Help</u>).
One power supply is not functioning.	Determine which power supply has failed by observing the fault LED on the power supply. Contact your Quantum Customer Support representative to arrange for service (see <u>Getting</u> <u>More Information or Help</u>).
Both power supplies are not functioning.	Determine which power supply has failed by observing the fault LED on the power supply. Contact your Quantum Customer Support representative to arrange for service (see <u>Getting</u> <u>More Information or Help</u>).
One fan is not operating.	Determine which fan has failed by reading the service ticket generated by the system. Contact your Quantum Customer Support representative to arrange for service (see <u>Getting More</u> <u>Information or Help</u>).
Multiple fans are not operating.	 Caution: Turn the system off immediately! The system will overheat with multiple fans not operating. Contact your Quantum Customer Support representative to arrange for service (see <u>Getting</u> <u>More Information or Help</u>).
A hard drive is not responding	Determine which drive has failed by observing the fault LED on the drive carrier. Contact your Quantum Customer Support representative for a drive carrier replacement (see <u>Getting More</u> Information or Help).
A SAS cable is removed during normal operation.	The system will shut down as soon as it recognizes the problem. There is a potential for data loss. Power off the system, re-insert the SAS cable and restart the system. Depending on the state of the system when the SAS cable was removed, a long-running, mandatory data verification may occur.

Ethernet Network Problems

Table 1 below describes corrective actions for problems occurring with the Ethernet network.

Table 1: Ethernet Network Problems

Problem	Corrective Action
The Ethernet link light on the DXi4700 is not lit	Check to make sure the Ethernet cable is not a cross-over cable. Use only "straight" CAT-6 Ethernet cables.
when a cable is	Port on the hub or switch is not active or damaged.
connected to a hub or switch.	Port on the DXi4700 is damaged. Contact the Quantum Customer Support department (see <u>Getting More Information or Help</u>).
The Ethernet link light on the switch or hub is	Check to make sure the Ethernet cable is not a cross-over cable. Use only "straight" CAT-6 Ethernet cables.
not lit when a cable is	Port on the hub or switch is not active or damaged.
connected to DXi4700 system.	Port on the DXi4700 is damaged. Contact the Quantum Customer Support department (see <u>Getting More Information or Help</u>).
DXi4700 system is not visible on the Ethernet network.	Try to ping the DXi4700 system IP address from a host on the same network. If the ping reports round trip times, the DXi4700 system is active. If not, check the cables, switches, or hubs for damaged components. If everything checks out, contact the Quantum Customer Support department (see <u>Getting More Information or Help</u>).
DXi4700 remote management pages are not visible.	 IF you cannot connect to the DXi4700 remote management pages, verify that the following network settings for the DXi4700 are correct: Hostname IP addresses Default gateway
	Subnet mask
	Domain name (optional)
An Ethernet cable is removed during normal	The system will discontinue use of the associated Ethernet port. A Service ticket will be issued. The possibility of errors exist; data corruption will not occur.
operation.	Reconnect the cable as soon as possible. It is not necessary to power the system off. Depending on the state of the system when the Ethernet cable was removed, replication, system management, or ingest may need to be restarted.

Replication Problems

The following table describes corrective actions for problems occurring with the replication.

Problem	Explanation/Corrective Action
The replication was paused, but the replication is still in process.	When you click Pause , the system will continue to replicate the current tag or block of information in process. The process of completing the current tag replication can take up to 15 minutes to complete. Once that tag has completed replication the system will pause and wait to resume.
The replication was paused and a Failure event was generated in the Replication Events page.	This is normal. When a replication is paused, a failure event is generated on the Replication Events page. They system will continue the replication when you click Resume .
Replication was disabled while a replication was in process and the replication completed.	If you click Disable during a replication in process, the system will complete the entire replication and then disable replication on the system. The system will be unable to replicate until you click Enable .
Enabled replication on a NAS share and received the following Event: No destination host is specified for replication.	You must configure the target system prior to configuring the source. If the target system is not configured first, you will not be able to designate the replication target.
Able to enable and schedule replication for NAS even though no target IP configured.	It is possible to enable and schedule a replication when a target system has not been configured. The replication will not start until a target system is configured.
Space consumption and deduplication ratio differ between source and target.	Space consumption and the deduplication ratio can differ between a source and a target DXi unit. The DXi4700 deduplication engine is independent between source and target and this variance is expected.

Temperature Problems

Temperature problems are generally caused by incorrect room temperature, poor air circulation inside the DXi4700 rack or components, or a malfunctioning cooling fan.

Use the following procedure if a temperature problem is reported:

- 1. Check the ambient temperature of the room containing the DXi4700 system to verify that the temperature falls within the specified range.
- 2. Inspect for adequate air circulation inside the rack. Some racks may provide additional fans to improve air circulations. Check the fan for proper operation. Clean or replace any air filter as necessary.
- 3. If a component reports a temperature problem, verify that the associated fan is operating correctly. If necessary, contact Quantum customer support to replace the fan (see <u>Getting More Information or Help</u>).